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TO FAST YOUNG MEN.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER, BY R. O. JEPSON.

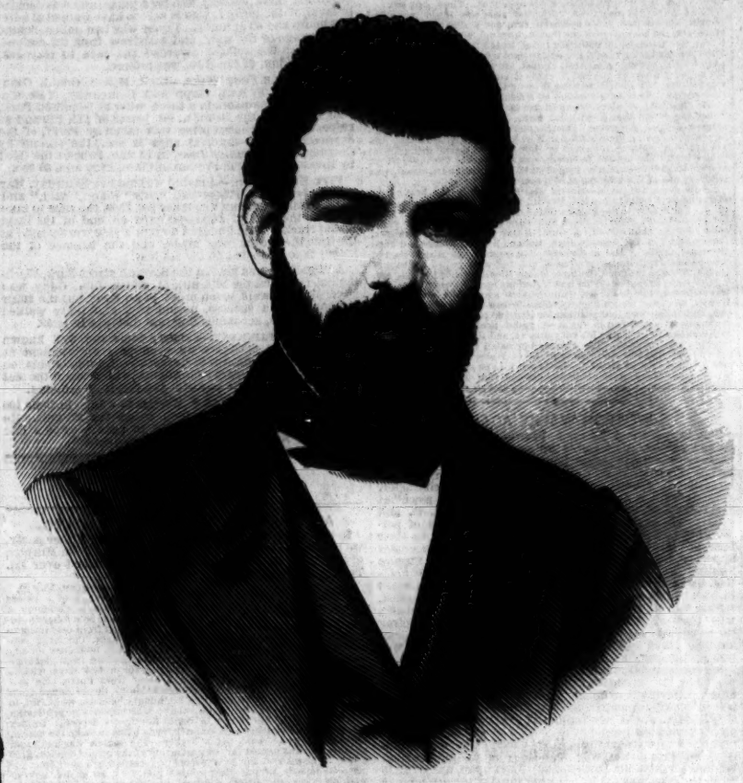
Hold! Hold in your horses—you're driving too fast;
The pleasures of life you're flying swift past;
Not half of their value is gained at this pace,
And there's nothing to win in such a mad race.

Your blood is up now and you're "going it blind,"
But soon you'll wear out and lag far behind;
Your cheeks will be furrowed, your eyes will be dim,
And the purse in your pocket, "you bet," will be slim.

Not time, *dissipation* now traces its mark,
These light narrow lines will grow heavy and dark,
And your now raven hair will be silvered with grey,
For "going it" thus is a hard game to play.

You'll think with regret of these ill-spent nights,
Of your midnight contentions and rum crazy frights,
And you'll swear that you've been the veriest fool
That ever got drunk on this mundane footstool.

So, careful, young man, *de* curb your swift steed,
Just keep him in check and slacken his speed;
He'll travel much easier and last longer, too,
Than he will if you urge him and *put him right through.*



JOHN MORRISSEY,

JOHN C. HEENAN,

For Biographies and Full Description of their Great Battle in October, 1858, see Page 68.

THE TEMPTED SISTERS.

BY THE AUTHOR OF "NORA," "SHE WOULD BE AN ACTRESS," &c., &c.

CHAPTER XVI.

THE REPROACH—THE RECONCILIATION—THE DEATHBED.

Blanche was weeping bitterly before Marian had finished speaking, but she could feel for her though her own heart was full, and she forgave her keen reproaches.

"Do not send me away in anger from you," she said. "I would not for the world come here if you would rather not see me. I was not what he thought me; indeed I was not."

"You are very kind," returned Marian, "very kind to come, but I cannot feel towards you as I should, yet. Oh, Miss de Cressey, it is hard for a wife to stand beside a husband's sick bed, and, in the ravings of fever, to hear another's name ever on his lips. I have done this; but the time is past now, and he loves his wife and his home, and, oh, do not come to shorten by your presence my time of happiness on earth!"

"I will go," Blanche said, "but don't let me leave you with a wrong impression. I have heard of you from many of your neighbors, not from your husband. No, Marian, it is not from Gilbert Bertram that I have learned or would learn aught of his home affairs, but every one I meet can tell me how nobly he can bear misfortune, and how faithfully and truly his suffering wife can aid him."

Marian's face faded to a death-like paleness, as she said:—

"He would have had no misfortunes had he married you."

"Oh, don't say so," Blanche replied. "No one knows what is in store for them. You have been to him what I could never be, a patient sharer of adversity. I was not made for poverty or trials, I should only have added to his sufferings by repining at my own."

Marian smiled sadly,

"I hope you wrong yourself," she said. "I have not so much to bear as you imagine. In all our misfortunes, the consciousness that we did not owe them to any folly or wrong of our own was always present to cheer and help us on, and then our boy——"

"How old is he?" asked Blanche, interrupting her, and taking the little fellow on her knee. Her tears fell fast on the infant face that looked up so wonderingly at her with his father's eyes. "He is very lovely," she said.

"He is eighteen months old," his mother replied, with a sigh. "I am afraid he is spoiled, but I am so unable to attend to anything."

"He does not look like a spoiled boy," Blanche said. "You must let him come to Reardon; I am very lonely and the sight of his little face would cheer me sometimes. There can be no harm in his coming, and I would take the greatest care of him."

Marian hardly knew what to answer. There could be no harm in the little Henry's going to visit Blanche, but it would be opening an intercourse between the two houses which she did not like.

"I will speak to his grandmamma," she said. "She will hardly let him out of her sight. I cannot think what is keeping her; she brought me Gilbert's message two hours since and told me she should not be away long."

Poor, unsuspecting wife! she little thought that the pretended message was an invention of her mother-in-law, to hide from her the terrible fact that her husband was nowhere to be found, and that all the woods around were being carefully searched by anxious friends for some trace of him.

"I will bid you good bye, Marian," Blanche said, rising and giving her her hand. "Do not think so hardly of me, and if at any future time you want a friend, remember Blanche de Cressey would fain hold that place if you would let her."

"I will, I will," said Marian, completely softened by the gentleness of her visitor. "You must forgive me if I have said anything harsh;—I did not mean so."

"Oh don't think any more of it," Blanche replied; and kissing her pale cheek she turned away just as Walter appeared at the door of the room.

"I beg pardon, Miss Blanche," he said; "you are wanted."

There was a strange agitation in his manner, and his face was ashy pale.

He was hurrying Blanche out of the house, when a voice behind them said:—

"Perhaps Miss de Cressey will not leave my son's house without speaking to me," and turning round, she found herself face to face with the elder Mrs. Bertram.

Mrs. Bertram's face was awful in its stern rigidity, as she faced the young girl, who stood trembling, no less from the suddenness of the meeting than from the peculiar tone in which the words were spoken. The widow looked as one might look who had been suddenly stricken to stone by some great horror. Her eyes, usually clear and full, were dim and sunken as if with nights of watching, and her cheeks and lips were of the grey, ashen paleness which is seen in the face of a corpse. Her voice sounded hollow and unnatural as she again addressed Blanche, who stood uncertain what to say or do. She looked at Walter and saw the same look of terror on his face. He motioned her to obey the almost imperious summons of Mrs. Bertram, who threw open the door of a small sitting room opposite to the one she had just left, and said:—

"Honor me so far, madam, as to walk in here for a moment; I have something to say to you."

She obeyed mechanically, frightened at the strange manner of the old lady, whom she remembered as one of the gentlest of creatures.

"My son has been murdered on your estate some time last night," said the widow. "How he came there I know not; perhaps you do."

Blanche neither wept nor fainted, but it was pitiable to see the look of agony on her pale face as she heard the bitter words addressed to her.

"Is this true?" she said slowly, and with a great effort. "Is Gilbert dead, and can you, his mother, stand there and tell me so?"

"Yes, madam," was the answer, in hoarse tones; "Gilbert is dead, and I, his mother, stand here and tell you so. Oh, Blanche!" she exclaimed suddenly, "if you were instrumental in luring him to his destruction; if it was to meet you that my son went into Reardon Park last night, may a mother's heaviest curse fall on you for ever."

"Oh, spare me!" shrieked Blanche, throwing herself at the feet of her accuser. "You know not what you say. Your son and I have never met since the day when he left me; he has never set foot in Reardon to my knowledge. "And oh!" she continued, throwing up her hands and turning her eyes to heaven, "if your terrible story be true; if your son is dead, he knows now how truly I loved him; how free from thought of wrong to him my life has been, and the time will come, mother—he taught me long ago to call you so—when you will know it too. Let me go, my heart is breaking."

She rose as she spoke, and leaning for a moment on the shoulder of her faithful servant, she shed scalding tears. She had never hoped to meet Gilbert Bertram on this side of the grave; she was prepared for a lonely life, but she had clung to the hope that some day she would be cleared from all taint of wrong, and that he would think of her once more as the pure, bright being he had loved so truly. She used to think that he would live to feel that he had wronged her, and now his seemed a greater blank than ever; he was gone, and he would never know what a true heart he had thrown away.

"Do not send me from you with a curse," she said sobbingly to Mrs. Bertram. "I am very wretched."

She held out her hand as she spoke.

"I cannot take your hand," was the reply. "Wait till the grave has closed over the body of my murdered boy, and I will try to forgive you, but not now. Go."

Walter turned to lead his young mistress away, when an exclamation from Blanche startled him, and looking up he saw Marian standing in the doorway. Her large eyes were dilated to an unnatural extent, and a hectic flush burnt upon her cheek; her long hair had escaped from its fastenings and fell in heavy masses on her shoulders. She stood gazing on the group before her with clasping hands and tearless eyes; she had evidently heard all—or if not all, enough.

"Oh, look there!" said Blanche to Walter. "Take her away."

"No need—no need," Marian said hollowly. "I know; it has come at last, but it is Gilbert that is gone, and not I."

She staggered as she spoke, and but for the strong arm of Walter would have fallen to the ground.

Blanche would have taken her hand, but Mrs. Bertram interposed.

"Leave us," she said, "and if you have had no share in the misery that has fallen upon us, some day I may learn to look upon you with less of bitterness in my heart, but leave me now."

"No," said Marian, "do not send her away yet. Let her stay."

And she held out her withered hand. Mrs. Bertram made no answer; she was completely overcome at the sight of her daughter-in-law, and she was weeping bitterly.

"Poor mother! poor mother!" Marian said in a low voice, as if speaking to herself. "She will be alone."

Her head sank on Walter's shoulder as she spoke.

"She is fainting," he said.

Marian looked at him with a dreamy expression in her eyes.

"Mother, where are you?" she asked.

"Here, my darling," said the widow, taking her hand,

"I—I shall see—Gilbert—soon," she slowly articulated, and even as she spoke her eyes closed; her arms fell helplessly down, and to all human appearance the form that Walter's strong arm supported was a lifeless corpse.

"Poor soul! poor soul!" he said to himself. "And poor Miss Blanche, too; there will be more than one broken heart come out of this business I am afraid."

The tears rolled down his honest face as he looked from the stricken form in his arms to the suffering face of his young mistress.

"I will carry her into the next room, ma'am," he said addressing Mrs. Bertram, "and then I'll fetch the doctor. Miss de Cressey's ponies are here. "You'll let her stay?" he asked. "She will comfort you, and it will be a comfort to her."

There was no objection made now. All the mother's bitter feelings were forgotten in the new sorrow that seemed hanging over her. That the hand of death had stricken the unhappy wife was evident to them all, and, with a great reverence for her crushing sorrow, they bore her into the room she had so lately occupied in tranquil happiness. She was gently laid upon the sofa, beside which Blanche had sat not an hour before, and Walter started off with all the speed that the spirited little ponies could use, to the village for a doctor.

Very few words passed between the two watchers beside that silent form while Walter was away. Both had hearts too full to speak, and they silently tried all the remedies that love and fear could suggest for the restoration of the sufferer. A very short time elapsed before the return of Walter with the surgeon. He shook his head as he looked at his patient.

"Poor thing," he said, "the shock has been too severe. I can do nothing," he said to Blanche; "she will, probably, never rally again. It is better so, my dear madam," he continued, addressing Mrs. Bertram, who was weeping bitterly; "she would only have lingered a few weeks to know and suffer her bereavement."

"I know, I know," sobbed the widow, "but it is very hard to lose all at once. Can you do nothing to help us?"

"Nothing," said the surgeon gravely; and prescribing some simple remedy for the hapless patient, and telling them to send for him should any change take place, he left the pretty room into which the sun was shining with a cheerful brightness as if in mockery of the heavy hearts within.

Blanche dispatched Walter to Reardon for a few necessary articles, as she determined to stay where she was until some change either for better or worse took place. He tried to persuade her to come with him, for he saw in her suffering face how great the shock had been to her.

"Do come home," he said, "you are not strong enough to bear any more. Come now—you can come here again to-morrow."

"No, Walter; I will stay now," she answered; "there can be no wrong in my presence here now, and she," pointing to Marian, "asked me to stay with her."

Walter drew her to the door.

"Dear Miss Blanche, I would not press you, but I know what a sad heart you must have; and the poor old lady there, she hardly knows what she says, and——"

"Oh, I can forgive her!" Blanche said, with a sad smile. "Is she not his mother?"

Walter could say no more, and he drove quickly away; and Blanche returned to her sad beside the still unconscious Marian. How slowly the minutes passed to those sad watchers. How mocking sounded the lively songs of the little birds, as they roused themselves in the bright radiance, which even through the closed blind flooded the little parlor. Both were occupied by their own bitter thoughts, and for a time neither spoke.

Marian did not move or open her eyes, but lay as in a deep sleep, her infant breathing just perceptibly. The little boy, too young to understand the one sad loss which had befallen him, tired with his childish sports, came to the sofa where his mother lay.

"Mamma!" said he. "Mamma asleep!" and he turned and laid his little head on Blanche's knee.

She snatched the child up in her arms, and covering his face with kisses, shed bitter tears, which were not unnoticed by Mrs. Bertram.

"Do you weep for our sorrow or your own?" she asked.

"For both—for both," said Blanche with sobs. "I may sorrow for him now; my tears cannot wrong his wife. If he is looking down upon us he knows my heart—knows how for all these weary years I have been true in thought and deed to the only love I ever knew. Do not send me from you. I have no real friend on earth save my old servant, Walter. My wealth can buy me plenty of acquaintances—plenty of flattery and admiration; but not one real honest hearted friend. Let me be the daughter you once promised I should be, and help to soothe the dying hours of her I once so envied."

Mrs. Bertram's heart was touched by the appeal of the young girl, and she held out her hand. The little Henry, too, seeing Blanche's tears, put up his soft hands to her face, saying in his babby prattle:—

"Pitty lady cry, grandma."

The childish action broke down all the barriers which Mrs. Bertram was striving to keep up in her heart, and threw the arms around her visitor saying:—

"You shall stay with us. He loved you; and I will love and forgive you for her sake."

The little Henry had fallen asleep in the arms of his new friend, and the setting sun was casting long shadows on the garden before the cottage, when the young wife stirred uneasily and opened her languid eyes. Blanche stepped softly out of the room with her sleeping boy, that a fresh face might not be the first she saw, and the tearful glance of her mother-in-law met her gaze as she looked up.

"Where am I?" she asked.

"Here—at home, dear Marian," was the answer.

"Ah," she said, drawing her hand across her forehead; "I thought——"

"Do not think about anything now," said her mother; "try to sleep," and she administered the soothing draught left by the doctor in readiness for her waking.

Her brain was evidently busy, though her outward senses were numbed. She turned uneasily.

"Where is she?" she asked.

"I am here, dear," said Mrs. Bertram.

"No, no," she slowly said, "not that. Where is she? The pale-faced, fair-haired girl that was here, you know. Where is Blanche de Cressey?"

Mrs. Bertram hardly knew whether to tell her of the presense of Blanche or not. She could not tell whether she was conscious of what had befallen her or not, and she was silent.

"You do not speak, mother," Marian went on. "If she is gone, send for her, that I may see her ere I join my husband, whom we both loved."

Mrs. Bertram was startled at the fearful calmness with which Marian spoke. She knew all then, her mind was clearing, and, looking at her, her mother saw that in her face which plainly told that no earthly agitation could harm her now.

"She is here, dear Marian! I will fetch her," she said.

She went to the door as she spoke, and found Blanche, who had laid the boy down, waiting in the passage with Walter, who had returned to see if he could be of any use.

"She is dying," said Mrs. Bertram, in a hoarse voice. "Come in."

They entered, Walter following, beckoned by the old lady, who saw in him a faithful friend of the young lady, and whose presence she felt a relief.

"Come nearer," said Marian.

Blanche approached, and Marian drew her closer till their cheeks touched.

"You loved him," she said. "Will you be a friend to our boy—his boy and mine?"

"A mother, heaven helping me," fervently replied Blanche, putting back the damp locks from the dying mother's face.

"Bring him," she said faintly.

Walter left the room, and in a few moments returned with the boy, newly wakened, in his arms. He approached the couch, and gave him to his grandmother, who laid him beside his mother.

"Mother," said Marian, "I am dying. Be a friend to her who was to have been your Gilbert's wife—who would be a daughter to you now. Let her help to fill my place to his orphan son; and when we two look down upon your lonely way, he will surely live to be a blessing to you."

Mrs. Bertram supported her head, and Blanche held her hand, on which her tears rained fast. A sweet smile dawned upon her face.

"I am very happy," she murmured. Then, again opening her eyes: "I am coming, Gilbert."

She never spoke afterwards, but lay smiling and happy as the little child whose velvet cheek was pressed against her own. They watched her as the night grew on, till almost at daybreak, about the time when, the night before, her husband had received the fatal shot, with her mother's arm around her, and her hand in hers, who, but a few short hours before, she had feared and hated as a rival, her spirit passed away. Death had no terrors for her, she deemed that all she loved had gone before her, and she sank to rest as one for whose gentle spirit the world's trials had been too heavy.

CHAPTER XVII.

THE RETURN TO THE CAMP—THE REMOVAL—THE SICK MAN—THE NEWS.

Silence reigned in the gipsy camp for some time after Pharos and his companions left it. The fire flickered and burnt gradually out, and nought of life was to be seen about the tents except the large dog that had been ordered to remain by his master, and which roamed uneasily about as if searching for something, and occasionally uttered low growls, as though he scented danger afar off. There was one watcher, however, among those sleeping forms. The old woman, who had dismissed the men on their errand with words of such solemn import, sat on the ground in the principal tent, her head in her hands, rocking herself to and fro.

"I knew it—I knew it," she said, half aloud; "I could feel there was mischief afoot. Never have the shades of our dead forefathers hovered about me as they have this night. They never visit Hulda but there is work in store for her."

There was a strange, wild glitter in her eyes as she spoke that told of partial insanity, and she listened intently to every sound. Presently she rose, and, parting the curtains which formed the door of the tent, looked out.

The dawn was just breaking, and all seemed still and quiet; no sound was heard to break the morning stillness. She stood for a moment breathing the fresh, keen air.

"It is a lovely world," she said, "if man could let us alone to enjoy it. Ha, Nep, what is it?" she continued, addressing the dog, which had come up to her, and licking her hand. "Are your ears sharper than mine, good dog?"

The faithful creature gave a low whine, and ran a few steps in the direction which the men had taken when they left the camp, and at the same moment a long, clear whistle came from the woods which skirted Reardon Park.

"Away Nep," she said, and the sagacious animal bounded off in the direction of the sound.

She stopped for a moment, and, stooping to the ground, listened. Age had not impaired her hearing, for she rose with a grave face, and opening the curtains of a tent beside her own, called:—

"Zoe! Zoe!"

A young girl obeyed the summons, and the two stood together, waiting the arrival of the men, whose tread they could distinctly hear.

"There will be work for you and I," the old woman said. "They carry a heavy weight, and carefully."

"Oh, when will bloodshed and violence end?" exclaimed the girl, bitterly. "Will there never be peace for us?"

"Never till the birds cease to sing and the forest trees to wave," Hulda said; "never till the sods close over us, and we lie forgotten in the damp, cold earth; and not even then if we would believe all that the Christian race would teach us."

The young girl caught sight of the advancing group before the dimmed eyes of the old woman could distinguish them.

"Two, four, five," she exclaimed, "and they carry another! It is not one of our people they are bearing hither, but a pale face!"

She ran towards the advancing group as she spoke, and was met by the lad Berthold, who detached himself from the rest and came hastily towards her.

"Back, Zoe!" he said, in a subdued voice. "A crime has been committed. Yonder wounded man was shot in the wood beyond, and Pharos had us bring him here."

"Is he dead?" asked Zoe.

"I think so," Berthold said, "though we did not stay to see. He fell into the water, and was nearly carried into the Black Pool, which has no bottom, they say, but he stuck among the stones above it, and I saw him just in time."

By this time the men had arrived at the encampment with their helpless burden. The inmates of the several tents was aroused, and were pressing round the insensate form, which had been laid carefully down.

"Back! all of you!" said Pharos, waving them off. "We must be away from this place ere two hours have elapsed, if we would not be hunted like dogs for a deed not our own. Away and prepare. Mother," he said to the old woman, "see that a bed be made in the cart, as soft as may be. If he is not dead we must not kill him."

The men dispersed about the business their chief had ordered, leaving his mother and himself occupied about the senseless form of Gilbert Bertram, who, as the lad had related to Zoe, had been saved almost by a miracle from falling into the deep pool.

"He lives," said Pharos to his mother, when they had opened the coat and vest of the wounded man; "but unless this bleeding can be stopped, there will be but little chance for him."

"Leave him to me," said Hulda. "I have stopped wounds as bad before this."

In less than an hour from his arrival at the camp, Gilbert was laid, breathing heavily, but totally unconscious, on a rude bed hastily prepared in a covered cart. By his side sat the old woman, with a few simple restoratives. An old horse was harnessed to the rude vehicle, and in a very short time the tribe were ready to start for a fresh resting-place. They all regretted leaving their encampment at Reardon, where they had scarcely ever been molested, but they knew their chief better than to murmur at his orders, and they moved away in silence. Pharos told his mother, as they rode along, all that had passed since they left the camp. The tribe all knew Hubert Lannay, and Pharos being a bold, unscrupulous man, had been employed by him on errands connected with the smuggling vessel then on the coast, of which he was part owner. Of his connection with the de Cressey family, however, or of anything relating to Blanche, he had been ignorant until that night. There was one of his tribe who could have told him much about the seemingly mysterious Lannay, but he held his peace, and his name was seldom mentioned among the gipsies, by whom he was little liked. They traveled for about two hours, and Gilbert still breathed heavily, though he showed no sign of returning consciousness. The old woman moistened his lips from time to time, and now and then altered the position of his head; but beyond moaning slightly, he gave no sign of life.

"How much further?" asked Hulda of her son, as they emerged from between two overhanging hills and saw before them a wide, dreary moor.

"Not much," replied her son, "only to yonder mound," pointing with his whip to an elevation about a mile ahead of them.

"Are we to encamp there?" she asked in surprise.

"Yes," was the reply.

"A dreary place," she said, with a shiver.

"Safe, mother, safe," he returned. "There's not a shelter for miles that a man could reach without being seen, and I doubt," he added with a laugh, "whether all the bribes and rewards ever offered could make the country constables visit the Cheese Wring after nightfall; and we shall dwell under its friendly shelter."

His mother looked round her with an impatient eye. They were traversing a wide moor, unbroken as far as the eye could reach by aught save huge masses of rock scattered hither and thither, as if some giant hand had commenced a huge building, and feeling dissatisfied with its work had scattered the colossal edifice to the winds. Piles of tremendous blocks of granite were here and there seen, of such fantastic design that it was difficult to believe them to be the works of nature, and towards the most curious and wierd looking of these they were directing their steps. Springing from the grass was a tremendous column of shapeless masses of rock piled one upon the other, the upper ones larger than the lower; and the topmost stone so immense and so overhanging, that it seemed as if the finger of an infant could send it crashing on the moss below. The whole column leaned frightfully to one side, and seemed every momeut as if it would fall and crush all beneath it. Hulda looked at it in terror.

"No fear, mother," her son said with a smile. "It will last your time. It has stood thousands of years, and it won't fall on you."

"May be not, may be not," she answered, "but it is an unholy place. Why, the very birds have forsaken it. Their songs would be strangled in their little throats if they tried to raise them."

"True, mother," her son answered, "there are no trees here for the little birds; but the very desolation makes it safe for us. In the eyes of the good folks hereabouts, it is the devil's own true abiding place, and the haunt of all the witches in Cornwall. You will get used to it in time, and we shall not stay here long."

"How long?" she asked.

"Oh, till he gets better," Pharos said, "or dies," he added. "Then we shall be safe to move again."

They halted as he spoke, and getting down, Pharos said a few words about the spot he had selected. It was a very short distance from the famous Cheese Wring, and not a quarter of a mile from a clear pool of fresh water, always full, fed by some unseen spring. It was a bleak place, and the chief could read in the faces of his people their dissatisfaction at their new abiding place. He made no comment, however, but aided in erecting the tents; and before the evening came on the little community were established as they had been before. Gilbert was carefully lifted from the cart and placed in the tent of Pharos, where he lay in the same heavy stupor till after nightfall, when he began to roll his head about and talk incoherently. The old woman could understand but little of what he said. Many names were uttered in his delirium—some addressed familiarly, some threateningly and some in tones of wild, passionate entreaty. The name of Blanche de Cressey was ever upon his lips. Sometimes he would call earnestly upon her to forgive him for his harshness, at others bitterly reproach her with falsehood. All this was a complete mystery to the gipsy chief and his mother, who wisely kept the rest of the tribe away from the sick man, judging wisely that what they did not hear they could not tell. There was among them, however, that heard a great deal and who could have told them much more had he chosen, and that was the lad Berthold. The lad assisted in placing Gilbert in bed on their arrival at their new camp, and was watching beside him with the old woman when the delirium first seized him. He was helping her to raise the invalid, who was restless and moaning, when the eye of the sick man caught his with a look of recognition.

"Ha!" he shouted, freeing himself from their hands with almost superhuman strength. "Serpent! viper! give me that letter! A muslin dress, say you? An opal ring? Oh, faithful messenger! Ha, ha, ha!"

The lad looked at him for a moment astonished, and Gilbert raved on.

"Do you know I owe a blighted life to you? Do you know that I cursed her? My love—my life—my darling! Out of my sight before I strangle you!"

The old woman's feeble hand could scarce hold him down on his hard couch, and she was obliged to send Berthold to fetch her son to her assistance. The absence of the lad had so favorable an effect upon Gilbert as to be noticed by them both, and Pharos felt convinced that there was some mystery in which both his guest and their youthful follower were concerned. He remained beside the bed till the fit of delirium had subsided, and then quietly leaving the tent, he sought his young follower.

"Berthold! Berthold!" he called.

"No answer was returned, and he turned from the encampment, and with folded arms he strolled towards the post near which the tents were pitched. The stars shone brightly down, and were dreamily reflected from its black depths. Something stirred among the stunted furze and broom which grew on the edge of the water.

"What is it?" he said.

The object stirred again, and a human form rose and stood by his side.

"Berthold!" he said in amazement.

"Yes," replied the lad.

"What do you here!" asked Pharos.

The lad made no answer, but cowering down at the feet of the chief, he buried his face in his hands and rocked himself to and and fro.

"What is all this, Berthold?"

He pointed to the tents,

"Yonder man," said he.

"What of him?"

"I made him what he is. If he dies, I shall be his murderer."

"What have you done?"

"I scarcely know; but this I have gathered from his ravings, that I have done that harm to the Lady Blanche which a lifetime of agony and repentance would fail to repair; that he loved her, and that I was the wickedest cause of both their blighted lives."

"Are you dreaming, boy? or is what you tell me true?" Pharos asked.

"No, I am not dreaming. I understand now too well what it all means. It was when I was in London with the man you lent me to—with Hubert Lannay."

"With him!" Pharos exclaimed, seizing Berthold by the collar. "What hellish plot against her did he set afloat? Why was I not told of this before?"

"Because, until this night I never knew the truth—never dreamed that it was not Blanche de Cressey herself who employed me on an errand I once went to yonder dying man. Oh, if ever my time should come! If ever Hubert Lannay and I meet face to face, and alone——"

"Hush! hush!" said Pharos; "every man has his turn some time. But tell me this story of yours. What have you done?"

"Here, and I will tell you," Berthold answered; and drawing Pharos further away from the tents, he commenced his narrative.

The chief, callous as he was, was touched by the grief of the youth for the wrong he had unwittingly done to Blanche, who was almost worshiped by the whole tribe. He had been in the service of Lannay during his London career, who had applied to Pharos, with whom he was in communication, for a handsome, bold and unscrupulous boy to serve him as valet and tiger. Berthold had been dispatched as possessing all these qualifications, and had served his master in many an evil deed, and hitherto had prided himself on his expertness in his various offices. Now, however, all was changed, and he would have given his life to have stoned to Blanche or to be revenged on Lannay.

"It shall be stoned for," Pharos said, "if Gilbert Bertram lives, and if he dies he shall be avenged."

There was a terrible meaning in his eye as he spoke.

"Hubert Lannay, beware!" he muttered. "Your day is drawing to a close, and a night of tearful retribution is closing round you." Berthold," he continued, "you must tell this man the story you have told to me."

"What if he have me punished?" the lad returned.

"He will not do that," was the reply. "Even if he wished to revenge himself on you, he would overlook the wrong you did him in the evil your master wrought."

"I will tell him," Berthold answered. "He may have the clue which we want to Lannay's motives. My heart will be the lighter for it."

The lengthened summer days rolled slowly on, and lengthened into weeks, and still Gilbert Bertram lay in the gipsey camp, a prisoner in the iron bonds of fever. No sign of returning consciousness had, as yet, been seen by the watchers who were ever near him, and Pharos began to fear that the apprehensions which daily grew stronger were well founded, and that the ill-fated steward of Semplehurst would never leave the camp alive. He took a journey to their old haunts, and managed to obtain information of some of the country people as to what had occurred in his absence. He returned to the Cheese Wring with a grave face, and for two days maintained an imperturbable silence as to what information he might have obtained. On the third day he was watching with his mother by Gilbert's side, who had fallen into a deep sleep.

She marked his troubled face.

"What ails you, Pharos?" she said.

"Nothing," was the reply.

"Why do you look so on him?" was her next query.

"Will he live or die?" abruptly asked her son.

"Live, I think," she answered. "He has had a hard fight for it though."

"Better let him die," Pharos said gloomily.

His mother looked at him in astonishment.

"Did you not bid me save him by any means I could?" she asked, angrily.

"I did; but had I known then what I know now, I should sooner have bade you kill him. Better we had left him to meet his death in the calm waters in sight of Reardon, than he should live to hear the news I bring him."

"What news?" asked Hulda. "Is there danger afoot?"

"Not to us," her son answered. "They have been searching everywhere for some trace of the murderers, for every one believes him dead, but they have got no clue yet."

"What is it, then?" asked his mother.

"Come closer," he said, and drawing nearer to her he whispered:—"His wife is dead!"

"When?" asked Hulda.

"The day we came here," he said. "The shock killed her, and the house is shut up. The Reardon servants are being paid off, and they say Miss Blanche is going to leave England."

"What shall we do?" exclaimed the old woman.

"I don't know," answered Pharos. "Let him get well and go home, I suppose."

A low moan from their patient made them both turn, and looking round they saw that Gilbert was awake, and was watching them with eyes into which the light of reason had fully returned.

TO BE CONTINUED.

"THE NEW GERANIUM" is an old plant, of the cactus species, greatly elaborated and enlarged. This is the *short* story of it:—"A young Fifth avenue buck, who had been jilted by a beautiful belle of that fashionable locality caused to be sent her as from "an admiring friend," a new and rare geranium, from Mexico. Its stem had become somewhat dry, and lost its foliage; but under direction, it was placed in the drawing-room window, in the sun, and carefully tended and watered. In two or three days it began to send forth a peculiar fragrance, but showed no sign of budding. On the sixth day, the structure of the plant was examined. The earth was carefully removed, and the peculiar perfume explained. Following the stem downward, there stood an enormous rat on his head, with his tail neatly tied up to a stick, with a card at the bottom, on which was pencilled in Spanish, 'Rattail Geranium!'" This is the *short* of a long story.

EQUAL TO THE EMERGENCY.—The Delaware in the neighborhood of Port Jervis, sometimes runs so high, that to cross over the river is an impossibility, and this is very annoying, especially to persons residing on the opposite bank to the parson. In the early days, when Port Jervis was a frontier settlement, Cornelius Van Benschoten, ministered to the Reformed Dutch men of the hallwick, he was called upon to marry a couple under difficulties. The stream was so high and rapid that to "skiff" across was impossible. He appeared on one bank, they upon the other—the best they could do. Amidst and overcrowding the din of waters he tied hard the nuptial knot, and pronounced them man and wife, adding, with stentorian eloquence, as he saw them gaily ascending the hill, "I say! you can have the money at Hawkins'!"

A GOOD REPARTEE.—When Bright's illness was at one time ago the President of the Board of Trade was charmed with a well known citizen of Manchester, and the conversation turned on the subject of the growth and development of America. "I should like," said the Manchester man, an enthusiastic admirer of the Great Republic, "to go back fifty years after my death to see what a fine country America had become." "I believe you would not need any excuse to come back," said Mr. Bright.

NEW YORK CLIPPER.

SATURDAY, JUNE 4, 1870.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO THE NEW YORK CLIPPER.

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FRANK QUEEN, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR,
Corner of Centre and Leonard streets,
Box 3 860 New York P. O.

NOTICE.

☞ CORRESPONDENTS, advertisers, and all others writing in relation to matters connected with this or any other department of the CLIPPER, are respectfully requested to address their favors to the editor and proprietor, and thereby avoid omissions, mistakes and confusion which are likely to occur when such communications are addressed to our assistants.

NOTICE.

ADVERTISERS must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock on Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.

To Correspondents.

JIMMY MORRIS, Troy.—1. Foran was a member of the Athletics. 2. If you had read the CLIPPER you would have seen that McAtee did play with the Chicago nine. 3. There has, but we know not the cause. 4. Yes. Write to Al. Wright, Phila. *Mercury*, he can tell you. 5. Birdsall, Pabor, Goldie, Martin, Shelly, Akin, Smith, Austin and Bonis. 6. Seven of the Red Stockings, with Ferguson and Rogers. 7. He was so raised. He has lost ground through lack of proper training. 8. Not knowing Fisher's play, we cannot say.

J. B. M., Jefferson Barracks.—1. Your cheapest plan would be to find some scenic artist of the nearest theatre to your place and engage him to furnish you with what you want. 2. It is very doubtful if one thousand dollars would be too much to put you well on the road with printing and other necessaries. 3. With such a company your expenses would average seventy-five dollars a day.

SELL OUT, JR.—The rule of the game is that the buyer must make the points he gives for the pitch before his opponent makes the point or points that put him out, it being understood that the order of precedence is in the order of high, low, Jack and game. In the case you mention C's low scores before B's high game, because C only required one point and his low scored before B's game.

S. P. K., Washington, D. C.—1. Samuel Finley Breeze Morse was the inventor of the American electro-magnetic machine. He got his first American patent in 1840; an appropriation from Congress of $30,000 in 1843, and the first experimental line was erected by him, from Washington to Baltimore, and completed in May, 1844. 2. Inquire of some collar manufacturer.

T. H. F., Fort Leavenworth, Kansas.—"A, B, C and D are playing euchre; A and C partners against B and D; A deals, B and C pass, D orders it up and says he will go alone; A and C say that he cannot make four times on it. Bonac decides in favor of A, who takes the responsibility of the trump he can go alone and make four times in case he secures all five tricks.

BALTO. READERS.—B having made, and thereby taken the responsibility of the call, had the right to go alone; and, had he not done so, he could not play alone against him. B, in taking three tricks, makes but one point. Had A taken all five tricks he could only have secured two points. Had B taken all the tricks, he would have been entitled to four points.

D. H., California.—1. You can get them at the Plympton Building, 9th street and Stuyvesant place, this city. 2. They are made to fasten with straps. 3. Pronounced as if spelt Saydee Dalma. 4. She has a street in California named after her. 5. Forty dollars an night.

HARRY, Cincinnati.—1. Packer and Bevans, the first and second basemen of the Stars, are from the Alphas and Powhattan Clubs, of Brooklyn. 2. Rogers. 3. The lady is not married. 4. Bass, the present A. B. C. of the Union, is from the Powhatans, of Brooklyn.

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J. M., Rockland, Me.—Sayers and Mace never fought each other.

J. R., East Saginaw, Mich.—Thank you; come again.

DRAW SHOT.—Phelan's work, published by Dick and Fitzgerald, No. 18 Ann st., N. Y., is what you want, doubtless.

J. B., Jr., Grand Rapids.—You can get the book of the American News Co., 119 Nassau st., N. Y., price $1 80.

S. H. Woodside.—The letter was mailed to him. Letters sent to the office for professionals are advertised.

J. W. S., Meredith Hollow.—The position is that of groom, and the pay is from $15 to $18 a month and board.

P., Lowell.—If we understand your question, your adversary has no right to play a card to Hoyer's queening.

S. J. C., Dubuque—Fanny Ludlow ran a mile and an eighth in 1:56, which is at the rate of 1:43 1-9 to the mile. This is faster than Herzog's mile time of 1:43½ or Legal Tender's 1:44.

CONSTANT READER, Pittsburgh.—1. Gen. Hamilton's are in constant employment. 2. Madame would not be improper. 3. The party betting on the boat which first came in view wins.

J. R., Washington, D. C.—The British law affecting naturalization is at present very indefinite and undergoing a change. 2. Prof. Clark has received copies of "Vistiana."

F. D. F., Lexport, Pa.—1. The best recorded standing jump is 12 feet 8½ inches, by Bob Way. 2. Best running jump, 29 feet 7 inches, by Howard, in England. 3. No record.

WICHIE.—1. Surprise won the second money. 2. The race run on the Fashion on the 20th of May is not yet decided in favor of Lady Augusta; she won under protest.

P. O. B., Boston, Mass.—Sam Collyer and Charley Doherty met on Jamestown Island, Va., Oct. 5th, 1868, but the latter being over weight, paid forfeit of the stakes.

POKER PLAYERS, Boston.—If D had thrown up his hand, he had no claim on the money, but if he retained it and showed it to be better than A, he is entitled to it.

NATASON, N. J.—The fastest even mile on record in America is 1:43½, made by Herzog. Fanny Ludlow ran a mile and an eighth at the rate of 1:43 1-9 to the mile.

R. B., Penn Yan, Pa.—At cribbage, three fours and two treys in hand count twelve points, viz., four by fifteens, six for "pair royal," and two for pair.

H. K. MARVIN, New Orleans.—All bets go by decision of the judiciary committee in all contested games brought before the committee for violation of rules.

FAIR PLAY, Boston.—The cards being played as follows, at cribbage, 4, 7, 4, 1, 5, 2, 2, he (A) was entitled to a sequence of five points on playing the 2 on the 5.

C. S. McD., Cincinnati.—The burlesque is published by French, 122 Nassau street, this city. You can buy the music of almost any leader of a theatre.

T. H. P., Council Bluffs, Iowa.—Thank you, but the pressure upon our columns compels us to omit details. We will be pleased to hear from you again.

KITTY.—The general admission is 50 cts., reserved seats $1, and private boxes $2. Concert commences at 8, and terminates at about 10 o'clock.

CLIPPER READER.—A man wins who bets on a certainty, unless fraud has been used. No. 2 never saw any such statement in the CLIPPER.

ANNAPOLIS.—The batsman is out when the ball strikes the pitcher's shoulder and is caught by second baseman before touching the ground.

READER, Valejo, Cal.—He has not retired formally, but there is little probability of he and the other party mentioned making a match.

JAS. O'E., Camden, N. Y.—The bet is decided by the referee's award, which was first knock-down in favor of Allen in the ninth round.

J. W. MORRIS, Bloomington, Ill.—The Forest City Club, of Rockford, play a match with the Stars, of Brooklyn, on June 4th, we believe.

C. C. W., Utica.—1. We already had some of the items in type. 2. We do not issue them. 3. The latest news always acceptable.

SAM C. B.—Our answer to Galena was correct. The question referred to sequence in playing the cards, not in holding in hand.

J. H., Jersey City.—The Hall Park is in Chicago, and is located on Sixth avenue, extending from Fortieth to Forty-second street.

R. N., Charles City, Iowa.—Wm. T. Sherman is General, and Philip H. Sheridan Lieutenant-General of the U. S. Army.

M. P., Philadelphia.—We have none of the articles on hand.

F. K., Troy.—We have a correspondent there.

W. D., Philadelphia.—You lose your go down.

JACKSON.—The lady is not in the profession.

A CONSTANT READER.—We must refer you to the manufacturers.

TROTH, Rockford, Ill.—The item is too stale for our columns.

D. M. B., Philadelphia.—We will consider your suggestion.

CARRIER, Memphis, Tenn.—We have very few back numbers.

A READER.—No announcement in the papers.

OMICS, Philadelphia.—No.

TORSON, Philadelphia.—We cannot answer such queries.

RICKY.—The lady has no sister on the stage at present.

MARTIN HANLEY.—Order received.

SHOCKING DEPRAVITY.—A girl, one of the frail sisterhood, took advantage of the virtue and innocence of the editor of the San Francisco *News Age*, while he was on a visit to the metropolis on the 23d of May, and robbed the too-confiding gentleman of sixty dollars, though how any editor could have that much money on his person is a puzzle. The depraved creature was caught, and for thus taking in and robbing the editor of the *News Age* she should be put away until she has reached an extreme old age.

THE MOST COMMON CHAP-LET.—An apprentice boy.

TO SLEEPY CHRISTIANS.—A short time ago a man was sent to jail for ten days, in Rhode Island, for sleeping in church. Our opinion is that it was wrong to imprison the man, for Sunday being a day of rest, it was not out of place to take a rest in church, especially if the sermon was of the slumbersome sort; restitution, therefore, should be made to the man for his incarceration. "Our *Jim*," who seldom agrees with us on *any* subject, says that the judge was *right* in sending the man to jail, because by *sleeping* in church he turned it into a *lodging* house, and as he paid nothing the wide-awake brethren had ground for *lodging* him in prison. We leave the public to judge.

TOM HYER, THE GREAT AMERICAN PUGILIST.—We shall next week illustrate the CLIPPER'S first page with a correct portrait of the late Tom Hyer, so celebrated in connexion with the Prize Ring in America, and in the same issue, dated June 11th, publish the particulars of the great battle between him and the famous Yankee Sullivan. Those interested in pugilistic affairs should not fail to notify their news agent that they want a copy of said CLIPPER.

WOULDN'T it be worth while for some of the *knights* who figured the other *day* in the *tournament* on Long Island to take a *turn among* the archives of the olden time and learn how the chivalry of past ages managed such affairs?

"A PEDESTRIAN CONGRESS" was in session during the past week in this vicinity. It differed from our national Congress at Washington in this wise:—That while the latter is composed of the *heads* of the nation, the former was composed of the *feet*.

MONDAY, May 30th, was "decoration day," the graves of those who died in war being covered with living flowers. It was also "deck oration" day on some of our vessels of war.

THE BORDER WAR.—It is said that in consequence of the great rush to and from the border, the Canadians are meditating using as a war lyric the old ballad:—"*Green* grow the rushes, oh!"

"PRACTICE IS BETTER THAN PROFESSION" is an old maxim, but some of our young doctors and lawyers don't find it so, we guess.

"OUR JIM," who was anxious to go to the border as a fighting reporter, has come to the conclusion that the Fenians have arrah-gant designs on Canada.

"OUR JIM," who got a slight twitching in his limbs while visiting the tunnel in Broadway, has his revenge in calling it the "Rheumatic Tunnel."

THE INDIAN SAVAGE, "Man-afraid-of-his-horses," got sick, and was unable to accompany the Sioux delegation to Washington, to see the man that *isn't* afraid of his horses.

Latest from Washington.

The news that last did most absorb us
Was that General Grant had cholera morbus.

"RING" LEADERS:—The Knights who bore off the prizes in the Prospect Park Tournament.

NYMPHS DU PAVE:—Our street contractors.

Squibs and Things.

—A Texas gentleman has fallen heir to the title of duke in Germany, and ever so many million dollars. He says he don't care for the title and would not give up his American citizenship and his pride of being a Texan for all the dukedoms in Germany. But he's "going" for the stamps.

—Miss Phœbe Cozzens says it is a man's duty to do housework, and especially to "wash the dishes"—and she proves it by quoting from the scriptures:—"I will wipe Jerusalem as a man wipeth a dish, wiping it and turning it upside down."—Second Kings, xxi, 13.

—A woman in Wisconsin lately hung herself because her husband went to California. Not long after several other husbands started for the land of gold, but their "better halves" who were left behind "wouldn't hang worth a cent," and the poor fellows returned broken-hearted.

—A gentleman in company was lately asked to sing and complied with—"Tell a smile at home waiting for me." A lady who was present wanted to know if his wife smiled when he entered the domestic domicile or whether he kept it in a black bottle?

—An Iowa judge, in deciding a divorce case, said that "the plaintiff herself evidently furnished a large share of the provoking cause of difficulty and that her remedy was not in a court, but, if her health would permit, in a reformation of her manners."

—A Pittsburgh tailor, who failed to "fit" a customer with a "suit," has been arrested for "false pretences" and put under $300 bail, the charge being that "he didn't know his business." That's bad for unfitful tailors.

—At a late woman's suffrage meeting in San Francisco, one of the speakers asserted that "women could not become men if they tried," and yet we have seen many women who seemed to be very becoming to men.

—Jeddo, the capital of Japan, is said to be the largest and most populous city in the world, having a million dwellings and five millions population. Many of its streets are twenty-two English miles long.

—The *Mirror*, published at Iuka, Miss., has been fined $50 by the post office department for sending specimen copies to those who were not regular subscribers. That's a bad reflection for the *Mirror*.

—Miss Nellie Badger, of Marshall county, Indiana, lately walked twenty-five miles in six hours and ten minutes. A young man who started on the "stroll" with her gave out on the fifteenth mile.

—A book in two parts, entitled "The Way to Glory and the Road to Destruction," is shortly to be published. The first part is descriptive of a visit to New York, and the second, a trip to Chicago.

—Two young men were recently playing croquet in Harrison, Ill., and became involved in an altercation, when one of them struck his companion on the head with a mallet, crushing in his skull.

—At the coming Agricultural Fair at Rome, Ga., a prize of a five dollar gold piece is offered for the heaviest male baby. Five dollars won't begin to pay for the trouble of raising heavy babies.

—The papers report that Mrs. Macher, who was "cut to pieces" with an axe by her husband, has so far recovered as to be able to carry his meals to "her assassin," who is in prison.

—The biography of a man who lately died in Paris says: "He was a theatre manager, critic, wit and inventor, and possessed the largest collection of warming pans in the world."

—It would take one thousand and fifty yards of yard wide carpeting to cover the floor of the National House of Representatives—if—they didn't use matting instead.

—A paper published in Pittsburgh, Pa., says that city has, in proportion to population, "more depraved and fallen women than any other city in the Union."

—The value of the Maine hay crop is estimated at $14,000,000, which is $4,000,000 more than the value of all the grain and potatoes grown in the state.

—A "female woman" in Maine, aged seventeen years, is the mother of four children. If she continues as she's begun how many will she have at forty?

—The Brooklyn Board of Aldermen have directed the Street Commissioner to advertise for proposals to build two public bath houses.

—A pair of runaway horses in Illinois upset several hives of bees lately, and were stung to death by the honey gatherers.

—Washington territory has one county in which there are four hundred adult men and only three grown women.

—The beard of a man in Maine has grown eighteen inches in a year. Is beard the main part of the men of Maine?

—Saldanha, the new Prime Ministor of Portugal, is ninety years old, and Espartero, the new King of Spain, is eighty.

—Russia has from ten to twelve millions swine, ten million sheep, thirty million cattle, and twenty million horses.

—Illinois has the champion "divorcist," who has been through that "mill" eleven times, and is good for a few more.

—A Pennsylvanian thus forbids poaching:—"Enne person treaden on these here premises for feer of beein shot."

—A lady of San Francisco is shortly to deliver a lecture on a new subject, "Man's Rights and Wrongs."

—A Cohoes paper mill has just manufactured a sheet of paper four feet wide and twenty-five miles long.

—A gentleman living at Dover, N. H., boasts of a "view of forty towns" from the roof of his dwelling.

—A man in Syracuse lately ate fifty lemons on a bet. He'll neither bet nor eat lemons again.

—A twenty pound salmon was taken from a fish weir at Provincetown, Mass., a few days ago.

—A mud turtle was recently caught in Bangor, Me., which weighed one hundred pounds.

—A stenographic reporter in London has used one pen constantly for twenty-one years.

—The first annual regatta of the Manhattan Yacht Club is to come off on the 20th of June.

—A ten acre orchard, in Los Angelos, produced $21,000 worth of oranges last season.

—The digging of holes by foxes has led to the discovery of anthracite coal in Iowa.

—Newark, N. J., has a female pauper who was born without hands or feet.

—Meat sells in Russia at an average of five cents a pound.

—There are nineteen tunnels between Sacramento and Omaha.

THE FRENCH DERBY.—A cable telegram from Paris informs us that the French Derby, for 3-year olds, was run at Chantilly, on May 28th, and was won by Major Fridoltus' b c Bizarreau, by Light, out of Battaglia; the Duke of Hamilton's ch c Monseigneur, by Orpheion, out of Maid of Hart, second, and Mad. Fould's ch c Minotaure, by Fitz Gladiator; third. The race was won by a half a length. Thirteen other horses were not placed.

THE WESTERN SOCIAL SCIENCE ASSOCIATION will hold its second meeting in Chicago on June 8th and 9th, when matters affecting the welfare of society will be discussed and several valuable papers will be read.

HOMER LANE AND JOHN MURTAGH wrestled at St. James Hall, Buffalo, N. Y., on the night of the 28th ult., Lane gaining the first two falls and consequently the match.

SPORTING GENTLEMEN in need of a yacht or sporting dogs will do well to read "Centurion's" advertisement in another column.

OUR ST. LOUIS correspondent informs us that it is rumored that Mace and Allen have been engaged to travel with La Rue's Minstrels for a short season. Probably.

DEATH'S DOINGS.

Weekly Record of the Decease of Prominent Individuals.

COMPILED EXPRESSLY FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER.

BOUTELL, L. H.—Assistant U. S. Attorney for Evanston, Chicago—Chicago, Ill., May 21st. Accidentally shot.

BRIER, G. A.—editor of the Shermantown *Reporter*, Shermantown, Nevada, May 17th.

CARPENTER, Thomas—Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue—run over and killed by cars, Providence, R. I. May 26th.

COLLINS, Rev. Isaac—Methodist clergyman, served under General Harrison as chaplain and soldier on the Lakes in 1812, and was one of the defenders of Baltimore in 1814—Baltimore, Md. May 25th, aged 81.

COLLINS, Rev. Thomas—Knaresborough, England, May 14th, aged 80.

COLLIER, Deputy Inspector General, M. D., U. S. A.—London, England, aged 84.

DENNIS, George W.—editor of the Albany *Evening Journal*—Troy, N. Y., May 25th, aged 34.

DURANG, Charles—formerly a noted native actor of Philadelphia—Philadelphia, Pa., May 18th, aged 76.

FENWICK, General—Kamptie, East Indies—recently.

FIELD, Hon. Richard Stockton—Judge of the U. S. District Court of New Jersey—Princeton, N. J., May 28th, aged 66.

GRANGER, General John A.—Canandaigua, N. Y., May 27th.

HORATIO, George—second Marquis of Cholmondeley—Cheshire, England, May 18th, aged 78.

HAZARD, Samuel—historical writer; among his works are "Historical Collections," "Pennsylvania Register," and United States Commercial Statistical Register—Germantown, Pa., May 22d, aged 86.

HUNT, Captain Matthew—oldest Boston pilot; was in the war of 1812, and witnessed the famous engagement in Boston Bay between the Chesapeake and Shannon—Boston, May 27th, aged 79.

HEMMINGWAY, Erastus—a prominent citizen of East Haven—East Haven, Conn. Recently.

HOWE, The Right Honorable Richard William Penn Curzon, Earl Howe, Viscount and Baron Curzon, of Penn, County Bucks, and Baron Howe of Langar, County Notts, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom of Great Britain, England, May 14th, aged 74.

HAWKE, Lord—prominent turfman—Wormersley Park, England, May 5th, aged 66.

KEMPER, Right Rev. Jackson, D. D., LL. D.—Episcopalian Bishop of Wisconsin—Delafield, Wis., May 24th, aged 81.

LEMON, Mark—editor of *Punch* and dramatic writer. He was also literary editor of the London *Illustrated News*, and other works—London, England, May 23d, aged 61.

MANNERS, Admiral Russell, F. R. A. S.—London, England, May 9th, aged 70.

MORLAND, Thomas—merchant, Auditor of the Grand Trunk Railway and Vice President of the Montreal General Hospital—Ottawa, Canada, May 25th, aged 44.

NEIL, William—one of the oldest and most enterprizing citizens of Columbus—Columbus, Ohio, May 25th, aged 82.

ORR, John—better known as "Uncle Jack Orr"—claimed to be the son of an African king. He was one of the regulary imported Africans before the closing up of the slave trade about the year 1808—Louisiana, Mo., recently.

PARIENI, Signor L.—Vice President of the Italian Senate—Florence, May 23d.

PAGE, William J.—for many years Chairman of the Mary-le-bone Music Hall. He was also a member of the Music Hall Sick Fund Provident Society—London, England, May 12th.

ROBINSON, Joseph—prominent citizen of Columbus—Columbus, Ohio, May 26th. Apoplexy.

RUFFIN, Baroness—Paris, France—recently.

RUTHERFORD, Christopher—ex-editor of *The Westchester Spy*—May 12th, aged 58.

SPENCER, William W.—bookdealer and publisher—Cambridge, Mass., May 26th.

SKINNER, Hollis R.—prominent member of the Third Presbyterian Church, Valparaiso, Ind., May 22d.

SHERE, Dr. J. Henry—graduate of Jefferson Medical College—Philadelphia, May 24th, aged 30.

WILLIS, Sarah Isabella—father of the late N. P. Willis and Mrs. Parton—Fanny Fern—founder of the *Portland Argus* and other publications—Boston, May 26th, aged 90.

WILSON, Mrs. Harriet M.—wife of C. Gen.) Wilson—Natick, Mass, May 26th, aged 46.

WATSON, Rev. Robert M. A.—Montreal, Canada—recently.

YEAGER, Henry—butcher, of Kensington, for forty years—Philadelphia, May 26th, aged 77.

THE TURF.

AMERICAN TURF.

The Lexington, Ky., Spring Meeting.

FOURTH DAY—THURSDAY, MAY 19th.

The weather continued fine, but the attendance was not so large and fashionable as on the previous days. The race was mile heats, best three in five, for all ages, for a purse of $350, and the entries were F. Bissick's g h Aneroid, (formerly called Holspur, when owned by Mr. M. H. Sandford, of this city), by Lexington dam Nebula by Glencoe, and J. Wingate's s m Amber, 5 years, by Joe Stoner, dam by Imp. Sovereign. The betting was 10 to 1 on Aneroid, and the layers of odds came to grief. Directly the drum tapped for the start Locker commenced looking back as if doubtful of it being a start, and pulling his horse to the inside, came into collision with Amber. After doing this, he went to the front, and galloped home several lengths ahead. A claim of foul riding against Aneroid's jockey was made by the rider of Amber, and the judges gave the latter the heat and race, distancing Aneroid for the foul. Time 1.49¾.

FIFTH DAY—FRIDAY, MAY 20th.

The race to-day was the fastest ever run over the Lexington Course, and the time made was productive of intense excitement. The attendance was larger than on the previous days and comprised most of the prominent turfmen of the south and west. The first race was Citizen's Stake, for three year olds; two mile heats; $50 each, p. p., with $250 added. There were nine entries, but the presence of Gen. Buford's Leamington colt, Enquirer, who had won the mile heat race for the Phenix Hotel Stake, on the first day, in the fast time of 1:44¾; 1:44½, frightened away all opposition except the veteran John Harper's colt. Littleton, also a son of Leamington, and, like Enquirer, out of a Lexington mare—a cross which promises to equal, if not surpass, that of Glencoe and Lexington. Littleton had run unsuccessfully last year, while Enquirer had won the Two Year Old Stake at Memphis last fall, beating Hamburg, Lynchburg and others when carry 5lbs. over weight. He was the favorite for this race, his friends laying $100 to $30 on him. John Harper felt confident, but said his colt would have been better if he had done more work.

First Heat.—Littleton quickly assumed the lead after the drum was tapped, and taking the inside track led to the quarter in 25½ seconds. Along the back stretch the pace was very strong for two mile heats, and at the half mile pole Littleton was a length in front. Enquirer in 49¾ seconds. The pace was now tremendous all the way to the stand; the time of the first mile being 1:43½, with Littleton one length in front. On the next quarter Enquirer closed on a little; the mile and a quarter being run in 2:06. Such a flying race could not possibly last, but still at the end of a mile and a half the timekeeper showed 2:53¾, with Enquirer now in front, but Littleton at his girth. Down the home stretch this was to the finish, Enquirer winning the heat by half a length in 3:53¾, the fastest two miles ever run over this course.

Second Heat.—Littleton again made the running, doing the first quarter in 26¾, and the half in 52¾, showing a falling off in the pace as compared with the first heat. On the mile Enquirer shot in front, and finished the mile in 1:50½, half a length in front. The second mile was run in the same manner, Enquirer winning the heat and race by a length, and proving himself one of the fastest and stoutest three year olds in training.

The second race was for a purse of $150, dash of 1¼ mile, and was won by E. Thompson's b c King Benazet, 3 yrs, by Lightning, beating A. Buford's bl m Grand Dutch 8, 6 yrs, by Vandall. Time, 2:14¾.

SIXTH DAY—SATURDAY, MAY 21ST.

Two races wound up the last day of the meeting, one being a walk over, and the other a one-sided affair. Aneroid had no competitor for the Consolation prize, a silver pitcher, value $150; and Gen. Buford's ch h Marion distanced J. M. Clay's bl m Sally of the Valley, three mile heats, in 5:40¾, for the Club Purse of $700.

A WASHINGTON MARKET SWEEPSTAKES TROT.—On Saturday, May 28th, a sweepstakes trot between four Washington Market road horses took place on the Union Course, L. I. It was the day appointed for the great trot between American Girl, George Palmer and George Wilkes, but the weather being unfavorable it was postponed until this day (Tuesday). The rain, however, did not deter the Washington Market boys from trotting their sweepstakes race for $1,000, (1) mile heats, best three in five; the entries being J. Harrington's blk g John Kase, jr., to wagon; J. Murphy's bl g Pat, in harness; W. McGoldrick's g g Big Mac, in harness, and M. Foden's b m Mary Ann, in harness. Before the race Mary Ann was the favorite backed against the field, but Pat beating her by a length for the first heat in 2:53¼, the betting changed to $30 to $10 on him. John Kase won the second heat cleverly in 2:50½, with Pat a good second, and the former at once became the favorite, with the odds of two to one on him. The favorite won the third heat in 2:50¾, with Pat again second, and Mary Ann was then drawn out. The rush to back Kase, who had now won two heats, made the odds long on him, even $200 to $100 being current. He came in first, but in consequence of his having done considerable running, the judges gave the heat to Pat. The 2:49¼. Pat started for the fifth heat with $20 to $10 on him, and a deal of money wagered. He, however, failed to realize the hopes of his friends, and Big Mac won the heat by a neck from Kase, in 2:53½. Mac now became the favorite, at $50 to $20 on him, although before the last heat, $100 to $1 would have been laid against him. He won the sixth heat by a neck from Pat, in 2:54, and then $50 to $1 would have been laid against Kase, if there had been any takers. After a close and exciting struggle, John Kase won the seventh heat and race in 2:58¾, amid great excitement. The betting men caught it heavily in this race.

SWEEPSTAKES TROT BETWEEN WILLIAMSBURGH HORSES.—On Tuesday, May 24th, a sweepstakes trot for $300, mile heats, in harness, between three road horses owned in Williamsburgh, came off on the Union Course. The contestants were W. Nelson's black gelding Venture, L. S. Sammis' bay gelding Billy, and J. Rogers' bay gelding Ruby. Before the first heat Billy was backed against the field, and after he had won it, $50 to $10 was currently offered on him. Venture won the second and third heats, and the judges ought to have given him the fourth, in consequence of Billy's running considerably; they were, however, strongly partial to Billy, and they unjustly awarded him the heat, instead of distancing him, as they should have done. In the fifth heat, Venture fairly out trotted his antagonists and won the heat and race cleverly. Time, 2:56; 2:57½; 2:58; 3:00; 3:01.

A TROTTING CHALLENGE ACCEPTED.—The challenge of Mr. J. P. Lutz, to match his colt, eleven months old, by Relf's Mambrino Pilot, against Mr. Welch's produce of Flora Temple of the same age, when they are three years old, for $1,000 a side, mile heats, two in three, in harness, not having been accepted by that gentleman (who is opposed to training trotting colts at so early an age), it has been taken up by the veteran turfman, Colonel W. E. Gardner, of Williamsburgh, L. I., who will accommodate Mr. Lutz on his own terms with his Major Winfield colt out of a thoroughbred mare. The Colonel offers to trot the match on any well-regulated track, governed by the rules of the trotting congress, good day and good track, for $1,000 a side, half forfeit.

THE JEROME PARK RACES.—The Spring meeting of the American Jockey Club commences on Saturday next, the 4th inst., and continues four days. The racing on the opening day comprises a hurdle race for a purse of $500; the Fordham stakes, mile and a quarter dash, $50 entrance, play or pay, with $500 added by the club, 16 acceptances; a mile heat race for a purse of $600, and the Belmont stakes. The latter race is for three year olds exclusively, $200 entrance, half forfeit, with $1,500 added, and has 44 horses entered, comprising among them such proved good public runners as Kellie James, Remorseless, Stamps, Finesse, Foster and Telegram. Such a contest will be highly interesting.

THE PROSPECT PARK TROTTING MEETING.—The spring meeting over the Prospect Park Fair Grounds Course, L. I., commences this day (Tuesday), and continues over Wednesday and Thursday. The Association gives $12,000 in purses, divided as follows—$1,000 for horses that have never trotted for money; $1,000 for double teams on the first day; $1,000 for 2:40 horses, and $2,000 for 2:20 horses on the second day; $1,500 for 2:30 horses, and $4,000 for all horses on the third and last day. The last named purse has American Girl, George Wilkes and Goldsmith Maid entered, Lady Thora having been barred out.

THE TRAVERS STAKE AT SARATOGA.—This stake has recently received a handsome addition to its value, for Mr. W. R. Travers, the President of the Racing Association at Saratoga, in compliment to whom the race is named, has added a magnificent piece of plate of the value of $500, manufactured by Messrs. Tiffany & Son, of this city. The money value of the stake is $4,500.

SALE OF LADY THORN.—We learn from Mr. Welch, of Philadelphia, that the price for which Lady Thora was recently sold, was $31,000, and not $30,000 as originally stated. It was erroneously reported that Mr. Smith, the banker, was the purchaser; her new owner is a New York merchant, who does not wish his name to be made public.

PEDESTRIANISM.

RACES BETWEEN ENGLISH AND AUSTRALIAN CHAMPIONS.

FRANK HEWITT AND J. G. HARRIS, FOR £1,000.

The great matches between Frank Hewitt, of Millwall, England, at present on a professional visit (together with Bird and Topley), to the Antipodes, and John Gregory (Harris, the Australian champion, were decided on the Melbourne Cricket Ground, Melbourne, Australia, on March 5th and 7th, nearly 20,000 people being present each day. The series included five flat races, for £100 a side each and the championship. Those run on first day were the 150, 200, and 300 yards, leaving for the second day the quarter of a mile and the 100 yards race. Hewitt was trained by Ledger whilst Harris did his work in the company of his friend, H. Conway, who has attended him in a similar capacity on former occasions. The umpires appointed were H. C. Harrison for Hewitt, and Mr. Wallis for Harris. George Watson was the referee, and W. Hammersley acted as starter. Saturday, the 5th, although cold and windy, more like a March day in the old country than a summer one in Victoria, was very favorable for running. The 150 yards and the 200 yards courses were to be run straight, and consequently it was necessary to fence off a portion at each end of the ground, taking in the pathway at each side. It was staked and roped throughout, and the turf had been carefully prepared and rolled, and was very sound, good going. At one end—that nearest Richmond, or the eastern—there was a very great rise, and, as the men tossed for choice of which way they should run, it depended on that issue whether the finish should be uphill or the reverse. The 150 yards was run with the wind, which was fresh, and with the finish uphill, consequently from west to east; but the 200 yards was run the other way, the finish in that case being on level ground, and consequently from the start, for about 25 yards, there was a slight down hill. In the 150 yards, in computing the time our readers must bear these facts in mind, the 200 yards course being most favorable for fast time, as, to a certain extent, the enormous crowd of spectators broke the wind. The appearance of Harris and Hewitt was the signal for a burst of cheering from all parts, and as the sun shone out, and the ladies' reserve was filled with the fair sex, and the Pavilion packed with members, the scene was unusually gay and animated.

First Race, 150 *yards.*—Betting about level, Harris, probably, having most supporters. He jumped off very cleverly at the start, with a lead variously stated at from three to six feet. Half way he evidently led by at least the latter distance, and it was in vain that Hewitt struggled to lessen it, Harris winning, with apparently the greatest ease, and by nearly three yards, in 15½ sec.

Second Race, 200 *yards.*—Betting decidedly in Harris' favor. A very good start indeed was effected, but Hewitt gradually drew ahead, which position he maintained for 150 yards. Harris then, amid tremendous cheering, went up to and challenged him, the pair running exactly level for a second or two, when Harris drew away with apparently the greatest ease, reaching the tape, at all events, three yards, if not more, ahead of his opponent. Time, 20¼ sec.

Third Race, 300 *yards.*—A very good start was again made, but Hewitt, after a few yards had been run, got a slight lead (very, moreover, to the advantage of the inside running), which, slight though it was, he managed to maintain for at least a third of the distance. Then Harris, inch by inch, got nearly level with him, both men running with the utmost gameness, amidst terrific excitement. During the major portion of the last 30 yards it still appeared as if Hewitt was leading, but Harris, coming at the end with one grand effort, succeeded in obtaining a decision of a dead heat, although probably more than half of those in a position to judge of the finishing contest the belief that Hewitt had won. Mr. Watson, however, the referee, decided otherwise. Harris entered a protest against his opponent for a jostle, maintaining that he had been kept back and prevented from going to the front by Hewitt's right arm. Subsequently this was given up, and the protest dismissed. The time, which seemed to have been almost forgotten in the general excitement, was taken by one of the umpires at 33¾ sec.

Fourth Race, 440 *yards.*—Harris obtained slightly the best of the start and, running his own pace, headed Hewitt, who had won the inside running. For nearly three-fourths of the distance the Australian managed to maintain his advantage, and once nearly three clear yards separated the competitors. A hundred and twenty yards, however, from home, Hewitt began to draw up, and before 50 more had been traversed, amidst grand excitement, had reached and passed Harris, who had evidently pumped himself out, and who pulled up, utterly

how made it is certain to prove an excellent and well contested regatta.

COLUMBIA VS. NASSAU.—The following note is to the point and does not require comment at our hands. The Columbias are after the Nassaus with a sharp stick and "business is the word now:—

COLUMBIA BOAT HOUSE, NEW YORK, May 28, 1870.

FRANK QUERY.—DEAR SIR.—Having challenged the Nassau Boat Club to row a four-oared gig race, which they decline, alleging as a reason that they do not consider such a contest as first class, I would now publicly state that we will row them any race that they may name—single, double, four, six or eight-oared, in any style boats and on their own conditions. JOHN O'NEILL, 276 Broadway, N. Y.

Captain Columbia Boat Club.

BELL VS. CONNERS.—John Biglin, accompanied by Conners, the Battery boat puller, called at our office on the 28th ult., to make a match on the part of the latter with Frank Bell, according to the terms given in the latter's challenge, viz., for $200 a side, three weeks from signing, at Staten Island. Bell did not come to time, however, and nothing was accomplished. If the latter is willing to stand by what he has said, let him meet Biglin at this office between 12 and 1 o'clock on Thursday, 2d inst., or notify him when a meeting can be had, by calling at or addressing a note to Fortieth street and Second avenue.

THREE MILE RACE.—Nick Denmarsh, of the McKee Club, and Harry Moore, of the Chambers Club, pulled a three mile race, one turn, on the Upper Monongahela Course, Pittsburgh, Pa., on the 23d ult. Moore got away with a slight lead, but his opponent quickly overhauled and passed him, and, being never afterwards headed, finally won in 23:40, about 40 seconds in advance of Harry.

BOATING AT BOSTON.—The race for the championship of the Union Club, of Boston, single scults, took place on the Charles River course on the 26th ult., James S. Fay again winning, the two miles being accomplished in 16 minutes 54 seconds. Mr. Fay having held the cup the required time, it now becomes his personal property. A new trophy of a similar character will be purchased.

ROWING ON THE HARLEM.—Henry Miller and James Kellerman rowed a two mile single scull race on the Harlem river, on Wednesday, 25th of May, for a purse of $200. Miller took the lead for the first half of the race when Kellerman passed him and came home a winner by three lengths, in 19 minutes. Miller's time, 19:10.

THE HARVARD CREW.—It appears to be a settled fact that the University race will be rowed at Worcester this year, as usual. The Harvard crew is as follows:—Lyman ('71) (stroke), Jones ('71), Willis ('70), Russel ('72), Roberts ('71), Read ('71) (bow). This is a first rate team.

THE FRESHMAN CREW, of Brown University, and a crew from the Narragansett Boat Club, of Providence, R. I., will row a race on the Seekonk course on the 3d inst.

BILLIARDS.

LONG ISLAND TOURNAMENT.—The tenth game of the series was played on the evening of May 28th, between Messrs. Kirkby and Campbell, and was the shortest one yet played, the time only being 55 minutes, and the average on the part of the winner, Mr. Kirkby, was 16⅔, the best made the best run on record, 78, and then 72 and 43, 39 and 28. Mr. Campbell's play was considerably under the average, and that, together with bad breaks, left him with no possible chance of winning. Mr. C.'s highest run was 36, and his average 6. This game leaves Mr. Kirby the leader, as he has won four games and lost none. Messrs. Rogers and Craft went to play on Monday evening, May 30th, and should the former win, it will leave the first and second prizes between Messrs. Kirkby and Rogers. The score:—

Kirkby—0, 12, 15, 3, 21, 72, 21, 0, 9, 0, 43, 0, 0, 6, 78, 3, 0, 12, 0, 21, 27, 21, 15, 15, 12, 6, 15, 39, 9, 21.

Campbell—0, 3, 0, 12, 0, 0, 3, 0, 3, 6, 0, 36, 0, 0, 0, 0, 36, 12, 6, 21, 3, 9, 12, 12, 0, 6, 0, 0, 0, 0.

Referee—Mr. Chase.

GRAND SCORE.	Won.	Lost.	Best Run.	Best Average.
Rogers	3	0	60	15 7-33
Kirkby	4	0	99	16 2-3
Roberts	0	3	78	16 2-3
Campbell	0	3	99	8 1-16
Upham	0	3	42	8 1-16
Craft	1	2	45	10-37
	2	2	45	9 41
			42	11 1-9

THE CHAMPIONSHIP.—DION VS. RUDOLPHE.—The first ball in the great championship match will be struck at about 8 P. M. on Tuesday evening, the day of THE CLIPPER'S publication. It is thought that the playing will surpass that of any championship contest that has yet taken place. The best average thus far is 20, made by Deery against Foster. In pools 25 is now marked, and in some instances parties have accepted the odds of two to one, and laid that the game, 1,500 points up, would be played in 40 innings. This is tantamount to betting that the winner will average at least 37½. As to the result, Rudolphe is decidedly the favorite. Two to one can be got almost anywhere, and 100 to 30 is to be met with occasionally. The betting will probably be 100 to 40 when the game starts, although there is no such odds in reality. The Canadian is reckoned too lightly, and there is a host of people who play. He is unquestionably the best in this country at his own game, the three-ball; and, take all the different games together, he is probably without a superior. There are, however, two or three men here who play the four-ball game just as well as he—or so well, at all events, that Rudolphe would not win more than three out of five. Among these players is Cyrille Dion, who, in conjunction with his other excellences, is accredited with great nerve. Having, in practice, played quite as well as Rudolphe, we would not be very much surprised if Cyrille does not make a hard fight of it for the championship.

QUICK WORK AT "FRENCH."—At O'Connor's on the 19th inst., McKay defeated Cyrille Dion, at the three ball game, by 75 in 100. The winner made the following score:—6, 11, 6, 2, 4, 17—an average of 20. This is a performance extremely difficult to equal. It reflects great credit on the amateur. Nevertheless, the daily press in going into ecstacies over the game, and pronouncing the winner's average "the largest on record," has considerably overshot the mark. A reference to the files of the CLIPPER will show an average of *fifty* in a game of 300 points, French, which is almost incalculably superior to an average of 20 in a short game of 100. As to the run of 62, it is certainly not a common thing for that number to be made at the three ball game, but those figures are so far short of "marvelous" as to have been eclipsed a hundred times. It is barely possible that no amateur, at least in this country, ever before got so high as 62 at the game in question, but at least one professional has gone beyond 200.

EXHIBITIONS.—At the Florence Billiard Rooms, Broadway and Houston street, an exhibition was given on the 25th by the two Dions. They first played a game of 500 points, which Joseph, averaging 55 1-5th, won by 120, afterwards Joe played a number of fancy shots, which were rapturously applauded. On the 26th, Messrs. Phelan, Rudolphe, and Joseph Dion visited Van Cleef's, Fulton avenue, Brooklyn. In a game of French caroms, Rudolphe scored 100 to Dion's 65; and a four-ball game of 500, between Phelan and Dion, was won by the latter, whose finishing run amounted to 405. Rudolphe wound up with his finger shots.

FOSTER AND J. DION.—So as not to disappoint the large number of people in distant cities, who had intended to come on here and see both matches, that between Melvin Foster and Joseph Dion, the Expert's game, for a purse of $250, will take place at the Hippotheatron on the night of June 1, as originally contemplated. This match is creating quite as much excitement as the others, and in many respects is likely to prove a better test of skill. Foster is the favorite, but for choice only.

BURLEIGH VS. HUGARD.—A match game between W. Burleigh, of Jackson, Michigan, and T. Hugard, of Canada, 500 points, push barred, for the championship of Grand Rapids and $100 in gold, took place at the Star Billiard Room, at 42 Canal street, Grand Rapids, on the 19th inst. The game was closely contested till towards the close, when Burleigh proved the winner. The following is the score:—Burleigh, 179; Hugard, 115. Umpire, Clad Morton.

COON VS. CRONN.—An exhibition game of billiards, 500 points, was played in Choate's room, Springfield, Ill., on Friday, 20th of May, between Coon, of Chicago, and Cronn, of Quebec, the latter proving the victor by 128 points. Coon was to remain in Springfield until the match between Quill and Choat.

A RUN OF 64 AT THE NEW GAME.—Since Dion made a run of 63 at the "Red, White and Blue," reported in the CLIPPER, Melvin Foster has put up 64. This is the largest yet.

PRETTY WORK.—During the past week, Cyrille Dion, in practising, has made runs of 490, 366, 308, 290 and 287.

WE HAVE A LETTER for Wm. Goldthwart.

THE TRIGGER.

TRAP SHOOTING IN ILLINOIS.—The tie between W. Orr, of Cuba, and T. Lindsey, of Mapleton, Ill., came off at the latter place on the 20th ult. The match was for $100, 15 single birds each, 21 yards rise, 80 yards boundary, and the tie was shot off on the same conditions. The shooting was very close up to the twelfth bird, each man having scored 8, but Lindsey missing his two next, and Orr killing both his, won the stake and the game. Orr killed the second time the "Greenhorn" has defeated Lindsey, who is an an old sport at the trigger, having shot fourteen matches (several of which took place at St. Louis), previous to his first one with Orr, and was never beaten until he was polished off by the latter, who never shot a match until he first met Lindsey, but who is now open to shoot a match with him or any other Mapleton man at either single or double birds, for $100 a side. After the tie was decided a sweepstakes shoot, at 3 birds each, came off, resulting as follows:—T. Lindsey—1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1—7; W. Orr—1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0—5; G. Harris—1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1—6; W. Orr—0, 1, 0—1; Lindsey, Orr, and G. Harris having all killed their 3 birds, decided to shoot on, each to retire as he missed. Harris missed his fifth, Orr his sixth, and Lindsey killing his, won. The birds were very poor, acquiring a deal of persuasion to rise, the strongest and best having been picked out by Orr and Lindsey to decide their match. After the shooting was over J. Hutchin, of Cuba, matched to shoot with W. Fletcher, of Hollis, at 15 single birds each, 21 yards rise, 80 yards boundary, for $100, to take place at Mapleton June 18th.

MATCH BETWEEN IRA PAINE AND HON. B. DUNCAN FOR FIFTEEN HUNDRED DOLLARS.—The important match at pigeon shooting between the two crack shots of the East and West, Ira Paine of New York, and Hon. Blanton Duncan of Kentucky, came off at Seely's Hotel, near the Union Course, L. I., on the 27th. The contest or skill was for $750 a side, to shoot at 50 single birds each, 21 yards rise and 80 yards boundary; spring traps. The day proved very unfavorable, the rain falling without intermission during the progress of the shooting, notwithstanding there was quite an aristocratic gathering of the patrons of the sport. Mr. John Hunter was appointed referee. In the betting, Paine had the call at the commencement of the match and continued to be the favorite throughout. Paine took the lead on the eighth bird and never afterwards lost it. On the 47th bird, Mr. Duncan, finding that he could neither win or tie, being eight birds behind his antagonist, resigned the contest. We give the score:—

Match $1,500, 50 single birds, 21 yards rise, 80 yards boundary; spring traps.

Paine..1011111111111111111111111111111111111111—50 out of 50

Duncan..1110001111101001010011100111111110011—32 out of 50

PIGEON SLAYING IN IOWA.—On Monday, 23d ult., a match for $250 a side, 15 single birds each, 21 yards rise, 100 yards boundary, ground traps, 1⅛ oz. shot, powder unlimited, came off at Council Bluffs, Iowa, between Col. J. C. Hoffmayr and Dr. M. Fichera, residents of that place and both good shots. The judges were J. T. Oliver and A. Revere; umpire, Col. L. W. Babbitt. There was a large assemblage of their friends to witness the shooting, which, considering the unfavorableness of the weather—the wind blowing strong all the time—was very good. The score was as follows:—

Fichard..... 111111111110111—13 | Hoffmayr..... 111111111010111—13

THE NATIONAL LACROSSE ASSOCIATION, of Canada, will hold its next Convention in Montreal on the third Wednesday in August. Promises are made of a very large number of representatives from Ontario. A number of clubs in the United States have sought admission, and petition for an amendment in the Constitution which will qualify them for enrolment.

BASE BALL.

RECORD OF GAMES TO BE PLAYED.

May 31—Champion vs. Irving (of New York), at Jersey City.
May 31—Atlantic vs. Forest City, on Union ground, Williamsburgh.
June 1—Dunderberg (of Peekskill) vs. Riverside (of Montrose), at Montrose.
1—Social vs. Enterprise (of Brooklyn), at Elysian Fields.
1—Rose Hill (of St. John's College, Fordham) vs. Yale (of Yale College), on Yale grounds, New Haven. Train leaves 27th street at 8 A. M.
1—Athletic vs. Forest City (of Rockford), 17th and Columbia avenue, Philadelphia.
2—Champion vs. Amateur (of Newark), at Jersey City.
2—Union (of Morrisania) vs. Rose Hill (of St. John's College), at Fordham.
2—Dexter vs. Romico (of Sing Sing), at Greenpoint.
3—Intrepid vs. Expert, 27th and Columbia avenue, Philadelphia.
4—Dexter (of New York) vs. Athlete (of White Plains), at White Plains.
6—Arizona vs. Franklin, Jr., Oakdale Park.
8—Union (of Morrisania) vs. Mutual (of New York), first regular match, on the Union ground, Williamsburgh.
9—Champion vs. Alpha (of Brooklyn), at Capitoline ground.
15—Union (of Morrisania) vs. Red Stockings (of Cincinnati), at the Tremont Base Ball Park.
22—Champion vs. Harmonic (of Brooklyn), at Jersey City.
22—Atlantic vs. Mutual. First of the home-and-home series for the United States championship.

ATHLETIC vs. ATLANTIC,

THE DEFEAT OF THE ATLANTICS.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE NEW YORK CLIPPER.

An immense crowd, numbering probably not less than five thousand inside and half that number outside the grounds, assembled to witness the great match between the Atlantics of Brooklyn and the Athletics of this city, which has been agitating the base ball community for the past week. A drizzling rain fell at intervals during the entire day, and while the play progressed, rendering the ground both slippery and soggy. The excitement was intense and the betting considerably in favor of the Atlantics, offers finding ready takers, however.

The game opened at 3:20 P. M. Thos. Severn of the Keystones chosen umpire. The Athletics won the toss, sending the Atlantics to bat, Pearce made a good hit for one base. The next two strikers were caught on fly by Sensenderfer and Bechtel. Chapman sent Pearce home by a beautiful hit to right field, but was left on the first, as Radcliffe caught Ferguson on the fly. One run. Athletics—Reach and McBride got their bases through errors of fielding on the part of Zettlein and Smith, and were sent home by Malone's splendid hit to right, on which he made two bases. Sensenderfer put out at first by Pike and Start. Schafer and Radcliff made good hits, but the former was forced out at third on Bechtel's to Smith; Malone and Fisher home. Pratt was caught out on fly by Hall, leaving two men on bases. 4 runs.

Second Innings.—Atlantics—Sensenderfer caught Chapman by one of the finest catches ever seen. Ferguson out at first base. Hall on a fly ball by Malone. No runs. Athletics—Radcliffe out on foul fly by Ferguson. Bechtel out at first and Reach out on a foul bound, leaving Pratt on first, which he made by a fine hit. No runs.

Fourth Innings.—Atlantics—Pike and McDonald out on a fine double play, Radcliffe catching the latter on the fly and putting Pike out at first; Start caught on the fly by Bechtel, leaving Pearce and Smith on the bases. No runs. Athletics—McBride out on the fly by McDonald and Malone, and Fisler out on fouls. No runs.

Fifth Innings.—Atlantic.—Capman out on fly to Reach, Zettlein on foul bound by Malone. Rain now falling very fast. Ferguson made a run and three men were on the bases, when Pearce was put out at first base by McBride, and Fisler. 1 run. Athletics—Sensenderfer 2 bases by a fine bound by Chapman; Pratt sent Schafer home by a fine hit to centre; Bechtel and Pratt left; Reach caught on fly by McDonald. One run. Score now stood 6 to 5 in favor of the Athletics.

Sixth Innings.—Atlantic—Smith and Start led off with fine hits; Chapman on the fly by Bechtel; Ferguson sent two men home by a good hit to centre; Hall, short hit to right field, three men on bases; Pike and McDonald forced out at the second by poor hits; Ferguson and Zettlein home. Four runs. Athletic—McBride and Malone took off with safe hits for one base. Fisler out on the fly by Chapman. Sensenderfer forced out McBride at third, and the wild throw of Smith sent Malone home. Schafer sent Sensenderfer home by splendid hit to centre. Pratt hit a safe twist over third, sending Schafer and Radcliff home. Reach sent Bechtel home. McBride missed on the fly by Hall, and Malone went out on a high fly by Zettlein. Six runs. Atlantics, 9 to 12. Cheering.

Seventh Innings.—Atlantics, Pearce and Chapman forced out at third, start on fly foul by Pratt, who put the side out. No runs. Athletics—Fisler out on fly by Hall. Sensenderfer and Schafer bases on safe hits. Radcliff out on fly by Zettlein and Bechtel out at first. No runs.

Eighth Innings.—Atlantics—Ferguson and Zettlein caught on flys by Radcliffe. Hall, base on called balls, and Pike his first by a short hit. McDonald out at 1st base by a good hit and Reach on muff of Pike. McBride sent both home by splendid hit to left. Malone missed on the fly by McDonald. Fisler caught by Hall. Sensy missed by Radcliffe caught Ferguson on the fly. One run. Athletics—Reach and McBride got their bases through errors of fielding on the part of Zettlein and Smith, and were sent home by Malone's splendid hit to right, on which he made two bases. Sensenderfer put out at first by Pike and Start. Schafer and Radcliff made good hits, but the former was forced out at third on Bechtel's to Smith; Malone and Fisher home. Pratt was caught out on fly by Hall, leaving two men on bases. 4 runs.

Second Innings.—Atlantics—Sensenderfer caught Chapman by one of the finest catches ever seen. Ferguson out at first base. Hall on a fly ball by Malone. No runs. Athletics—Radcliffe out on foul fly by Ferguson. Bechtel out at first and Reach out on a foul bound, leaving Pratt on first, which he made by a fine hit. No runs.

Third Innings.—Atlantics—Pike and McDonald out on a fine double play, Radcliffe catching the latter on the fly and putting Pike out at first; Start caught on the fly by Bechtel, leaving Pearce and Smith on the bases. No runs. Athletics—McBride out on the fly by McDonald and Malone, and Fisler out on fouls

WHAT I CAUGHT A FISHING.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER.

Last week I *caught* a sight of Joe
Preparing for a "dish,"
Which kind of fun is to my mind
As good as one could wish;
The opportunity I *caught*
To ask if I might go,
For angling always was my line,
And I know how to row.

I *caught* my fishing tackle up,
For Joe had started on,
But quickly I *caught* up to him
Before he far had gone.
We *caught* a ride upon the way,
And landed at the cove,
When, soon as we threw out our lines,
Joe *caught* a fish, by Jove!

I *caught* my line upon a snag,
Oh, shall I tell you more?
I *caught* my foot upon a stick
And headlong tumbled o'er.
Of course I *caught* a ducking then,
Oh, how I *caught* my breath!
I *caught* an awful cold therefrom,
And nearly *caught* my death.

GEO. H. HERARD.

DANGEROUS GROUND;
OR,
THE THREE SISTERS OF WOOD HOUSE FARM.

CHAPTER XXXVI.—CONTINUED.

The threat, however, had some effect upon her. She did not like the prospect of going to prison, and it was evident she would have been glad to make peace, rather than to have provoked war to the knife. But she had made up her mind to be a countess and a great lady. Nothing less than that would satisfy her.

When Mr. Dines went out, her palor and agitation became more marked. She did not doubt, in spite of his pacific counsels, that he had gone to execute the command with which he was entrusted, and send for a constable.

The indignity of being imprisoned and dragged away on a charge of felony struck her as being peculiarly odious and unbearable. But with the confession of old Blarrid's which he had in his possession she did not question the earl's power to commit her.

"What should she do? In what way should she act?"

All this time Maxwell had taken no part in the conversation. When he saw that the earl and Amanda were silent, and that the lawyer had left the room, he got up from his chair, and, facing the earl, exclaimed:—

"You seem to take me for a man who has no mind. I understand fully that you are keeping me out of my rights, and I demand their restitution."

"You have been deceived, and merely repeat, like a parrot, what you have heard people say," rejoined Montargis.

"I will thank you to withdraw that opprobrious epithet," continued Maxwell, calmly. "You have called me a parrot, and unless I have an apology I shall consider myself justified in taking the law into my own hands, and redressing the grievous wrong under which I am suffering."

The Earl of Montargis, imprudently ignoring the fact Maxwell had an irritable and impulsive temper, turned his back upon him in a contemptuous manner.

"I demand an apology," cried Maxwell, "and failing that—"

He was interrupted by the earl, who turned sharp round and rang the bell, threatening to have him expelled from the house.

At that moment Maxwell seized a heavy walking-stick he had entered the house with, and struck the earl violently upon the head with it, causing him to sink on his knees. A roll of paper he had been grasping tightly fell from his hands, and Amanda, darting forward, took it up.

A glance sufficed to show her that it was the confession of Blarrid, which Mr. Dines had given to the earl to overawe Amanda, and upon which so much importance was placed.

With the utmost rapidity she struck a match which lay in a tray on the mantel-piece, and, setting fire to the document, watched it slowly while it burned.

Presently nothing but a heap of ashes remained of this indiscriminatory document.

The Earl of Montargis was not much hurt.

He quickly recovered from the slightly stunning effects of the blow which had been administered to him, and, dreading further violence on the part of Maxwell, whom he regarded in some measure as little better than a wild beast, he grasped one of the fire-irons firmly in his right hand, and commenced retaliation.

A conflict ensued, which was terribly fierce while it lasted. Blows were given and received on both sides, but the earl's superior strength and agility soon told, and Maxwell was in a few minutes lying insensible on the floor, bleeding from a dreadful gash on his forehead.

Amanda sat perfectly still.

She did not care if they killed one another, or which was victorious in the contest. She was the wife of Maxwell, and she knew that she had a right to call herself Countess of Montargis if she could prove—what she fully believed she could do—his right to the title.

The evidence the earl had singularly acquired against Alfred she had destroyed.

There was absolutely nothing she had to fear. Assuredly she was a lucky woman, and her star was in the ascendant. Her want of heart and feeling were singularly apparent at this juncture. She might have been supposed to have some regard and affection for the man she had made her husband, but the fact was she had married him for her own selfish purposes, and cared not whether he lived or died.

The earl was stricken with remorse when he saw the effect of his violence, for he feared that he had killed the young man. While he was ringing the bell violently for assistance, Mr. Dines entered, followed by a constable, and saying:—

"This policeman happened to have come over to see you on some business from Nunninton, and, finding he was in the servants' hall, I brought him up at once. But what is the meaning of this?"

"Do something to stop the bleeding," replied the earl. "He drew me in one of his mad fits, and I hit him in self-defence."

Mr. Dines, calling a domestic, had the wound bound up, and when the blood was staunched Maxwell was laid upon a sofa, a messenger being dispatched for a medical man.

"Now," said the earl, "let us dispose of this woman."

He felt in his pocket and looked on the floor for the confession, upon which he relied so strongly, but could not find it.

"Have you the paper upon which we are going to act?" he asked.

"Not I," replied Mr. Dines. "I gave it your lordship. I am positive."

"Feel in your pockets. I have it not," said the earl, in a state of consternation.

Amanda enjoyed their discomfiture, but, pointing to the ashes in the grate, said composedly:—"There are the remains of that for which you search. While you were insensible from the blow you received I burnt the document, and now defy you with increased hate and determination."

The earl and Mr. Dines stared at one another with blank amazement.

Rising, Amanda exclaimed, as she indicated Maxwell by a gesture of the hand:—"I have spies outside who will watch this house and your miscreants, if you wish to kill my husband. I am waiting to follow your brutish inclination. A poor, weak woman like myself cannot prevent you, nor shall I try to do so. It matters little to me. I shall prove his claim very shortly, and his death will not prevent me from being Countess of Montargis. You have injured him—perhaps you will have the goodness and Christian charity to tend him until he recovers, when you can send him back to his hotel in London, the address of which I will communicate to you. I now have the honor to wish you good morning."

So saying she moved with stately dignity to the door, leaving the earl and Mr. Dines perfectly astounded. They did not attempt to restrain her or impede her progress in any way, and she gained the carriage which was in waiting to convey her back to the railway station.

* * * * *

Our scene changes to a villa at Richmond, whose pleasant grounds slope down to the banks of the Thames.

It is here that Sir Gervase and Lady Fanshawe reside. They have with them as their guests Mr. and Mrs. Maxwell and Miss Happiman, Fanny's old friend and inseparable companion. Maxwell, though much hurt by the Earl of Montgaris, was offered no further injury, but sent back to London in the care of Mr. Dines. The blow on the head, however, seriously affected him. Whereas, formerly he could drink large quantities without his ferocious instincts being excited, it seemed now that all that was bad in him was aroused, and while intoxicated he became a raving maniac.

The Earl of Montargis was in despair at the ill luck which attended him, and thought that fate was against the retention of the property he had inherited from his father.

He at length determined to act fairly.

It was proposed to Amanda that the question in dispute between them should be referred to four gentlemen of position at the bar, two to be chosen by Amanda, two by the earl or his advisers, and that the decision of these gentlemen selected as arbitrators should be considered final.

Amanda consented to this arrangement, the documents were got ready, the arbitrators chosen, and witnesses examined.

In a few weeks the award was to be given.

Until the expiration of that time Amanda was asked to stay with Sir Gervase and Fanny at their residence at Richmond, which she gladly consented to do.

Farmer Thomas Garraway and his wife came up from Nunninton on a visit to their daughter, who had promised to buy back the old farm for them.

The delight of the old people at again meeting their children, especially in finding Fanny, was a charming sight to witness. The farmer became an altered man. His melancholy vanished, and his manner was once more bright and contented. Soon after their arrival came John and his wife Jane. Sir Gervase received them all with the utmost affability, for he was not ashamed of his wife's relations. They were welcome to him, because they were welcome to her.

On the eventful day, when the award was to be given by the arbitrators, Sir Gervase Fanshawe went up to London to ascertain the decision they had arrived at, promising to return immediately with the news.

He was only gone a few hours, but Amanda thought it an age, her heart palpitated until she could scarcely breathe, and she sat by herself in a little boudoir which commanded a view of the lane and the garden-gate through which Sir Gervase must come.

It was autumn now.

The pleasant summer time had gone, and the leaves lay thick on grass and pathway. An early frost had withered all but the most hardy flowers.

Presently Maxwell came in and sat down. She could see that he had been drinking, for his face was flushed and his cravat awry. At another time she would have rebuked him, but now she was too much occupied with her own thoughts to mind him.

Was she to be a countess? Was her ambition to be gratified after all?

"Why are you sitting there, ignoring my presence?" demanded Maxwell, who, like a child, grew angry when no notice was taken of him. "Am I nobody? Why did you marry me?"

"Be quiet!" said Amanda.

"I will not be quiet. These insults cannot be borne," continued Maxwell, growing very red in the face and looking ferocious and savage.

A terrible frenzy took possession of him all at once, for, pressing his hands to his temples, he muttered:—

"My head! my head!"

Then he seized a chair and broke it in pieces with the greatest ease, selecting one of the carved legs as a weapon.

Amanda regarded him with astonishment; she had seen him in these fits before, but he had never harmed her.

Before she had time to utter a cry he was upon her, however, striking her right and left with the cruel and formidable bludgeon he had extemporized.

Suddenly a man appeared on the lawn; he sprang forward, dashed through the open window, and, grasping Maxwell by the collar, forcibly threw him from him.

The wretched man grinned and gibbered like a madman, and, getting up, ran with wild cries to the river, into which he cast himself, disappearing under the tide, which was rapidly running down.

"Amanda, Amy!" said the gentleman who had arrived so opportunely.

She spoke not as she lay on the floor, stunned and bleeding; but her eyes, fast glazing in death, were fixed upon Sir Gervase Fanshawe, for it was he.

"I have news—good news for you," he continued. "The arbitrators have decided in your favor. Maxwell is Earl of Montargis. You are a countess, and vastly wealthy. Do you understand me?"

A smile wreathed her lips, and a strange light came into her eyes as his words fell upon her ears.

She comprehended his meaning.

The knowledge of her triumph was brought to her, however, too late for her to glory in it. The next moment her spirit passed away; and Amanda Garraway, by marriage Countess of Montargis, ceased to exist, by the act of her lunatic husband, in the very hour of her success.

"This is awful!" said Sir Gervase, turning away sickened with horror.

As for Maxwell, his body was found three days afterward at Barnes, and brought ashore by a fisherman.

Thus had an awful tragedy removed this man and this woman from the path of the Earl of Montargis, who was allowed to retain his position without further molestation.

Fanny wept sincerely for the loss of her sister, and found her only consolation in traveling about with her husband from town to town and country to country.

Farmer Garraway did not take to farming again. Fanny made him an allowance sufficient to live on comfortably, and on that he subsisted with ease, and spent the remainder of his days in leisure and repose.

THE END.

A GLANCE AT EUROPE.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER,

BY A TRAVELING SHOWMAN.

Sight Seeing in Italy—No. 29.

PISA—GALILEO—HIS INVENTION OF THE PENDULUM—THE TOWER OF PISA—PLACES OF ENTERTAINMENT—LEGHORN—ITS THEATRES, ETC.—A SERENADE—CIVITA VECCHIA.

On leaving Lucerne an interesting journey of about three quarters of an hour brought us to the city of Pisa, one of the most ancient and beautiful cities of Italy. It stands on both sides of the river Arno, which is spanned by three substantial bridges, and is enclosed by a strongly fortified wall, pierced by six gates, the population numbering about 30,000, but formerly was much larger. Though a small place, Pisa contains some buildings of very high interest. These are grouped together in a silent corner between the Lucca and the Lucca gates, not far from the terminus of the Lucca railway. These buildings are the Cathedral, the Campanile or Leaning Tower, the Baptistry and the Campo Santo. Pisa stands in the midst of a fertile plain about four miles from the sea, and was at one time an extensive commercial *depot*, but its glory has long since departed, and left only its monuments of decayed grandeur to tell of what it has been. Galileo was a native of Pisa and entered the University in his nineteenth year, and there made those wonderful discoveries that have rendered his name immortal. The Cathedral of Pisa dates from the tenth century; its style is Italian Gothic, with marble blocks, the exterior arranged in alternate layers of red and white. The facade, with its four open galleries and fifty-eight columns, its Oriental doorway and bronze doors, have a striking effect. The noble interior has a nave and two aisles on each side. At the intersection of the transept with the nave is a cupola supported by an octagonal base. The internal length of the church is 311 feet, its width 112 feet, and height 109 feet, and the length of the transept is 252 feet. The pulpit contains some curious carvings, the remarkable work of Giov. de Pisor, which was seriously damaged by fire in 1596. The stained glass windows date from the fourteenth century, and the elegant designs of the choir stalls, the bass reliefs and balustrading date from 1304. We now come to the high altar of Verde Antique, Lapis Lazuli, &c.; the bronze Crucifix, the two porphory columns, and their beautiful capitals. In the great arch in a group of angels and an ancient masonic work. Near the bishop's chairs are four beautiful pictures of Moses, Aaron, St. Luke and St. John. In the right transept is the chapel and tomb of St. Ranieri, the great picture of the Virgin and saints. In the left transept is the chapel of the holy sacrament, with its beautiful silver ornaments and vessels.

Suspended from the nave is a great bronze lamp, the swinging of which first suggested to Galileo the true theory of the oscillations of a pendulum. Galileo was one day in the cathedral and noticed the swinging of the lamp, which seemed to occur at regular intervals. Comparing these vibrations with the beating of his own pulse the idea occurred to him that an improvement could be made by this means for measuring time. He immediately carried his design into execution and this is how the first pendulum was constructed.

The Campanile or "Leaning Tower of Pisa" is one of the wonders of the world; it stands close to the cathedral and is used as the belfry to that establishment. This curious structure is of white marble, cylindrical in form and having six tiers of external arcaded galleries, 180 feet high; its circumference at the base 159 feet and its inclination from the perpendicular 15 feet. How it sustains its upright position is one of those mysteries that cannot be explained, but there it stands, as it has stood for six hundred years, an object of curiosity to the traveler and a subject for study to the scientific. It was once supposed that the leaning was caused by an earthquake, but that theory has long since exploded. It is probable that the partial sinking of the earth at the foundation was the cause of this curious phenomenon. The tower contains seven large bells, which are rung daily. Two hundred and ninety-three steps conduct to the summit, from which there is an admirable view of the surrounding country. In the north are the Monte Pisani, with the Appennines beyond; to the east is the rocky islet of Gorgona, noted for its anchovy fishery; more to the left the island of Capraja is seen, and in clear weather the Island of Corsica; a part of the Island of Elba is seen still more to the left, the rest being concealed by Monte Nero, near Leghorn. In front of the cathedral stands the Baptistry, the most elegant edifice of the kind in Italy, a circular building of black and white marble, surmounted by a dome. It is decorated externally with a gallery of round arches, over which are pointed ornaments. It was begun in 1153, but was not finished until the fourteenth century. Four doors lead into the interior and near the centre is a bronze statue of John the Baptist. The most striking object of the Baptistry, however, is the pulpit of Nicholo de Pisa, dating from 1260, carried by seven columns and having beautiful bas-reliefs. There are also many objects of curiosity within the building which will repay a close inspection. There is a remarkable echo here on striking two blocks of wood together, the reverberation being like the report of a thirty-two pounder, while four notes of the human voice resound throughout the edifice like the strains of a church organ. The circumference of the dome of this Baptistry is 341 feet, and the height of the dome 180 feet. To the left of the Cathedral is the Campo Santo, the Italian name for a cemetery. The present one has been pronounced the finest of those that were constructed during the middle ages. It is besides a gallery of early Tuscan art. Externally merely a bare wall is visible. Within it forms a long parallelogram, surrounded by a wide portico of sixty-two arches, like that of a vast Cathedral cloister. It is 400 feet long by 145 feet broad. The Pisans, wishing to found a cemetery to be consecrated by the remains of their great men, caused all the earth that is within the enclosure to be brought from Mount Calvary in the Holy Land, nearly one hundred ship loads being used for the purpose, in order to give the place a greater sanctity. It was begun in 1278 and finished in 1283. The interior walls are covered with frescoes, statues and monuments sadly obliterated by the finger of time. A number of sculptures, ancient and modern, are deposited here. On leaving the Campo Santo we rode through the town, and, passing through one of the gates, found we were beneath a prison, one of those picturesque structures of the middle ages. This faces one of the bridges over the river Arno, which, on crossing, brought us to one of the prettiest little pocket editions of a cathedral I ever saw. It was about fifty feet long and twenty-five wide, and stands on the bank of the river. This church is a mass of sculpture and ornament. A young lady admitted us into the interior, and showed us the sacred vessels and the paintings and ornaments. The place would hold, I should judge, about two hundred persons, and appears to be of great importance, and nothing would have gained us admission to the interior except our being strangers.

There were several other churches in Pisa, but we thought we had seen enough for the time being, so we started for a little recreation. There is no theatre in Pisa; the public resorts are the Academy of Fine arts, the university, the Museum of Natural History and the Botanical Garden, where good music and singing can be indulged in at a reasonable expense. There are fine alabaster works here, which command a ready sale to strangers, who carry away with them models of the Leaning Tower, Cathedral Baptistry, &c., done in alabaster. Just at the close of a beautiful summer day we left Pisa for Leghorn, twelve miles distant, and the journey occupied us half an hour. We entered Leghorn just as the sun was setting, and the inhabitants were taking their evening promenade in the broad squares and spacious streets, and we had the good fortune on the route to make the acquaintance of an English commercial traveler, who took us to a first class place of entertainment, and also showed us round, as he had frequently been there before." Leghorn was formerly the capital of Tuscany, and is one of the most important towns on the continent of Europe. It is a free port and a great emporium of the foreign goods and manufactures required for that part of Italy. The population is between 90,000 and 100,000, chiefly engaged in mercantile pursuits. The streets are broad, regular, well paved and lighted with gas. The air is pure, the heat of summer and the cold of winter being tempered by the sea breeze. The north part of the town has acquired the name of new Venice, from the canals, by means of which the merchandise may be landed at the warehouses. There are three large lazarettos entirely surrounded by water. In summer the place is much visited for the purpose of bathing. Leghorn is not one of the ancient towns of Italy, for in the thirteenth century it was a mere village. Its prosperity has arisen from its convenience as a port. The principal square bears the name of the Piazza d'Arnul, where the Ducal Palace, now the Government House, stands. At one end of this square is the Cathedral, before which is a marble statue of Ferdinand I, and round the pedestal are four slaves in bronze, modeled from some Turks, taken prisoners at the battle of Lessanto. The Greeks have two churches here, and the Jews have erected one of the handsomest synagogues in Europe. Smollet, the English novelist, died and was buried here.

Leghorn supports five theatres and two amphitheatres, and the inhabitants are a great music loving people, and liberal patrons of the opera. On the night of my arrival here I met four young men serenading. Their singing was truly magnificent, and by placing their hands to their mouths in a peculiar way they could produce a tone like that of a musical instrument. If any expert manager could secure these four young men and take them to the United States, he would realize a fortune, as I have never heard a singer in America that could compare with either of them. Having had our passports eised and all the other arrangements made, we started on our journey towards Rome, by way of Grosseto and Civita Vecchia. This route follows the coast most all the way, and you have some fine views of the Mediterranean, the islands, and the promontories. Eventually we entered the town of Civita Vecchia, the seaport of the Papal States, where our passports were taken from us and our luggage examined, before we could proceed to Rome. Civita Vecchia is a strongly fortified town of 16,000 inhabitants, 50 miles from Rome, and is the seaport to that city, founded by Trajan, whose massive constructions yet remain. The entrance to the harbor is defended by two strong towers, in front of which is a small fortified island, with a light house. The citadel and fortress was planned by Michael Angelo. In the town hall is a collection of Etruscan antiquities, some of them very rare and curious. We visited the bagno, and saw the galley convicts at work. The town contains little that is really interesting. Our passports being all right, and the train ready to start, we proceeded onward to Rome.

MONS. LA THORNE.

THUNDER.—Two good-natured Irishmen, on a certain occasion, occupied the same bed. In the morning one of them inquired of the other:—"Dennis, did you hear the thunder last night?" "No, Pat, did it really thunder?" "Yes, it thundered as if hiven and airth would come together." "Why, then, didn't ye wake me, for ye know I can't slape when it thunders."

THE CHAMPIONSHIP FIGHT
BETWEEN
JOHN MORRISSEY
AND
JOHN C. HEENAN.

Fought at Long Point Island, Canada, Oct. 20th, 1858.

Morrissey the Winner in 11 Rounds, 21 Minutes.

The match for five thousand dollars and the championship of America between John Morrissey, M. C., and John C. Heenan, which was decided on the soil of Canada on the 20th of October, 1858, ranks among the most important of those which have at different times enlisted general interest and created a *furore* in sporting circles. As the public are at present manifesting more than ordinary interest in pugilistic affairs, we accede to the expressed desire of numerous correspondents by reproducing our report of that event, beginning with a

HISTORY OF THE MEN.

JOHN MORRISSEY was born in the town of Templemore, county of Tipperary, Ireland, Feb. 5th, 1831, and was brought to this country when a mere child, where he has since resided. In height he is 5 feet 11¼ inches, and his weight was 168 lbs. Mr. Morrissey, previous to the present occasion, twice appeared in the prize ring. His first battle was with George Trompson, an English pugilist, and better known in this country as the trainer of Tom Hyer, when the latter fought Yankee Sullivan. The battle between Morrissey and Thompson took place in California, where both parties were at that time located, in August, 1852, for $2,000 a side; eleven rounds were fought in sixteen minutes, when Morrissey was declared the winner, Thompson having struck a foul blow. Morrissey soon after left California and returned to New York, where he was matched with the celebrated Yankee Sullivan, for $1,000 a side. This match created a great degree of interest at the time, and was the occasion of much ill-feeling between the respective partisans of the two men. The battle came off at a place called Boston Corners (near the line that divides Massachusetts from New York) on the 12th of October, 1853. Sullivan's superior science gave him a decided advantage over his adversary, as it enabled him to put in his blows whenever and wherever he pleased. The thorough gameness and gluttony of Morrissey in receiving this terrible punishment manifested itself in a remarkable degree, and it astonished the spectators as well as Sullivan. There was no flinch in Morrissey, although the blows rained thick and fast upon his head. The battle at length ended heavy unto the 37th round, when a wrangle took place between the seconds. Sullivan rushed to the assistance of his second, while Morrissey remained in his own corner. While Sullivan was engaged in this impromptu fight, time was called—Morrissey toed the scratch, but Sullivan was still engaged in the other fight, and did not heed the call. After waiting sufficiently long, without Sullivan facing his opponent, Morrissey appealed to the referee, who at once decided in his favor, and the victory once given there was no appeal, and Sullivan was vanquished through his own thoughtlessness. This result took all by surprise, but finally the justice of the decision was acknowledged, supported as it was by the rules of the ring, by which the fight was governed. This was Morrissey's last appearance in the prize ring until the present time. After the fight under consideration he retired from active participation in arenic displays, and fortune having smiled upon him lavishly, he now long amassed a fortune of no mean dimensions. At the election held in the fall of 1866 he was chosen to represent the Fifth Congressional District of this city at the National Capital, and was re-elected in the fall of 1868.

JOHN C. HEENAN'S record was given last week in connection with the report of his memorable contest with Sayers, so that all that is necessary to say now is that he was born at West Troy, N. Y., May 1, 1834, stands 6 feet 1½ inches in height, and on the day of this battle his weight was about 200 lbs., when it should not have exceeded 185 lbs. He has fought three times—with Morrissey, Sayers and King, and umpired for Mace in the latter's fight with Allen. He resides in this city.

HOW THE MATCH WAS MADE.

Upon the arrival of Heenan in this city from California, in company with Jim Cusick, it was rumored that it was with a view to make a match with Morrissey that they had made the trip. It was currently reported that he could be backed for $10,000 against the New Yorker, and when, by advice of his friends, he took a benefit at National Hall, Canal street, in December, it was expected that he would declare his intentions and issue a challenge to Morrissey. He set to with Joe Coburn, but the display he made fell short of the expectations of his friends, and it is thought that this is the reason no offer was made. A short time afterward a misunderstanding occurred between Jim Hughes and Morrissey, the former taunting the other with all as a pugilist and declaring that the "Benicia Boy" could polish him off easily. The result was that an impromptu match between the parties was made, and the following morning, Dec. 30th, agreed upon to "settle." The authorities prevented it being brought off, however, and Morrissey declaring that he would not fight for less than $10,000 (an amount which the backers of Heenan were not prepared to put up), the matter remained in abeyance for some time. The amount of stakes was the sole impediment, for Heenan was ready to fight for $5,000, but Morrissey would not consent. About this time the Boy received a lucrative appointment in the New York Custom House, and declined making further advances. His reasons for declining were misunderstood, and being taunted upon every side, he finally said that he would fight Morrissey, and shortly afterward Messrs. McCabe and Lyng, friends of Heenan, waited upon us and left $250 with a challenge to fight for $2,500 a side, which Morrissey agreed to do, providing the battle ground was in Canada. On July 19th, 1858, a meeting was held in this city, Morrissey being accompanied by P. Hughes and another and Heenan by Louis Beiral and Jim Hughes. Arrangements were perfected without trouble, they agreeing to fight for the amount named and on Canadian soil.

THE MEN IN TRAINING.

Both men prepared to go into active training. Morrissey selected the Abbey Hotel, Lansingburgh, about three miles from Troy. He had previously secured the services of Johnny Shepherd, who had on more than one occasion trained the English pugilists, Tom Sayers. In addition to Shepherd, Morrissey also had the assistance of two others, Lawrence and Burns, to assist him in the arduous and self-denying course of training. The Benicia Boy took up his quarters at Rock Cottage Hotel, One Hundred and Tenth street, on the Bloomingdale road, kept by Jas. Hughes. He was attended at the outset of his training by Coburn and Cusick, but after a very few weeks he was deprived of the services of the former, but as Heenan's friends had somebody before in England to secure a trainer, Cusick was not long left alone, Baron Jones arriving on September 2d, and at once taking charge of the Boy. Bill Hayes had originally been sought, but owing to his illness Jones was secured. A warrant having been issued for Heenan's arrest immediately after his exhibition, at Mozart Hall, 663 Broadway, on September 29th, he "cut stick," leaving with Cusick on October 1st, for Buffalo, Jones joining them the following day. They took up their quarters again at the Eighteen Mile House, lake shore road, Morrissey remained at his old quarters until the 1st of October, when, upon receiving information that the police were looking for him he left with Shepherd, the twain retreating in good order to North East Station, on the New York and Erie road, in Pennsylvania. Morrissey's representative, John Petrie, won the toss for choice of ground at a meeting held here, October 9th, the winner choosing Long Point Island, about eighty miles from Buffalo. The principals reached it on the night of October 16th, but were obliged to keep very shady, as fresh warrants had been issued for their arrest. At 8 o'clock, P. M., on the 19th, the vessel chartered to convey the excursionists to the ground, backed out into the stream and headed for the Island, where the debarkation was commenced about 4 o'clock the following morning, but owing to the roughness of the water it was past 11 o'clock ere all the passengers had effected a landing.

THE GROUND THEY FOUGHT ON.

The island was nothing but sand and marsh—not a piece of turf was discernable anywhere. Here was a dilemma, but nevertheless the work of erecting a ring was begun, about one mile distant from the landing place and which was located on the farther extremity of the island. The inner ring, of 24 feet square, was first formed, and about the same distance from it, a second ring, firmly and securely roped and staked, encircled it. By the time this was finished, the Benicia Boy's party were seen approaching, and his appearance, walking in company with two of his principal backers, was the signal for repeated acclamation. He walked with a slight impediment of gait, as if something lame, and it was not until after the fight that we ascertained the cause of this. As Morrissey had secured the only room in the house, there was no accommodation to be obtained for the Benicia Boy in doors. Soon after 12 o'clock, M., Hughes entered the ring, and addressed the assemblage, stating "That according to the strict interpretation of the Rules of the Prize Ring, the Benicia Boy was entitled to the stakes, on account of the ring not having been formed on turf, agreeably to the first rule, which expressly states 'That the ring shall be formed on turf;' but owing to the fact that there were parties present who had traveled above 3,000 miles to witness the fight, the Benicia Boy would waive that claim, and fight John Morrissey." This announcement was received with great cheering from the vast assemblage, which must have comprised nearly 2,000 persons, many of them from all parts of the United States, and a few from England, who had come purposely to see it.

IN THE RING.

At twenty minutes past one o'clock Heenan shied his castor into the ring, which he entered, accompanied by his seconds, Aaron Jones and Johnny Mackey. He was received with immense applause. He sat down on a chair in one corner, placed for his accommodation. About four minutes afterwards Morrissey issued from the Light House Cottage, some twenty yards distant, and approaching the ropes, dropped in his bonnet. On entering he shook hands cordially with Heenan and his seconds, and retired to the opposite corner, where he also sat down on a chair placed there. He also received an ovation of applause and cheering, and from its intensity it was plainly perceptible that he had the larger share of sympathy from his more numerous friends. The arrangements for the coming fight were immediately proceeded with, by the appointment of Frank McCabe as umpire, on behalf of the Benicia Boy, and of Billy Mulligan on the part of Morrissey. The latter was seconded by Australian Kelly and Bill Hastings.

REFEREE, COLORS, ETC.

The selection of a referee was left to the umpires, and this formed the first stumbling block since the match was made, numerous persons being proposed but none selected, until finally Morrissey arose and advancing to the centre of the ring, said that from the circumstance of so many persons having been proposed and rejected by the Benicia Boy's party, he was satisfied that Heenan did not mean fighting at all. After the applause which greeted this had subsided, the Boy arose and stated that he was just as anxious as Morrissey to fight, and, personally, would agree to anything, which called forth loud cheers. Morrissey had proposed the names of Messrs. Sandford, Beiral, Ottignon and Page to act as referees conjointly. It was ultimately agreed that there should be two referees, Louis Beiral and Johnny Austin. Mr. Briggs was chosen time keeper. Morrissey sported a fogie or blue silk, with a white spot, while Heenan's standard was red, white and blue.

The betting at the commencement was $500 to $300 on Morrissey, which we saw taken once; $160 to $70 was freely offered. Morrissey himself offered to lay his opponent $1,000 to $600 that he won the fight, but the offer was rejected—the Benicia Boy stating that he had no money. Morrissey also offered to lay $500 to $300 that he gained the first knock-down. Even betting on the first blood, first fall and first knock-down was currently offered. There was, however, little betting done—the friends of Morrissey displaying the greatest confidence in him and willing to lay the above odds to any amount. Among the few bets we saw laid was one between the trainers of the men. Shepherd, Morrissey's trainer, laid Aaron Jones "ten English sovereigns" ($50), that Morrissey would win the fight, which was accepted by Jones. Precisely at 27 minutes to 4 o'clock the contestants and their seconds advanced to the scratch and shook hands after the usual fashion. They then returned to their corners and at the call of time the rivals placed themselves in position for

THE FIGHT.

Round 1. As the men toed the mark, their appearance and condition were anxiously and eagerly scanned. The Benicia Boy towered above his opponent considerably, and his powerful and herculean appearance seemed to give him an immense advantage over Morrissey. His arms and shoulders were well covered with muscle, but we fancied that his skin did not betoken that high state of condition so absolutely requisite for the sustaining of a protracted and arduously contested conflict. His chest is broad and well developed, and, altogether, his appearance betokened the possession of immense strength and activity. The only point against which the slightest cavil could be raised, was the comparative narrowness of his loins, as contrasted with his great width of ribs and chest. The deficiency in condition which we have noticed might be attributed to the fact, which was subsequently communicated to us, that he had been unable for some days to take his exercise, owing to the breaking out of a sore on the lower part of the leg, and which had confined him to bed for three or four days previous. His attitude and position were unobjectionable; his left well extended and bent and his right well up and ready for action, either offensive or defensive. The appearance of Morrissey, as far as condition was concerned, was such as to redound the highest credit upon his trainer, Mr. Shepherd, and his assistants, Burns and Lawrence. It was perfection itself, and we never witnessed any candidate for pugilistic honors whose condition could have surpassed it, that of Morrissey. It was evident that the skill and experience of his trainer, Shepherd, were of no common order to produce such a result upon his pupil. His entire skin bore that clear appearance, conjoined with that faint, ruddy tinge which is so characteristic of vigorous health and the most perfect exercise, and it was evident that he was fit to encounter and sustain the most protracted exertions. But little time was lost, as, after a little feinting for an opening, Morrissey let fly his left, but was stopped neatly. He tried again, and got home on the face, but was heavily countered by the Benicia Boy on the left eye. Morrissey returned with a stinger on the nose, and was again countered with a tremendous left hander on the side of the same organ, causing the claret to flow freely, and gaining for the Benicia Boy, the *"first blood!"* Again both countered with tremendous force at the same time, Morrissey on the nose, and the Benicia Boy on the mouth, and some terrific exchanges ensued. At length they clinched, near the ropes, and some heavy hitting occurred. Morrissey punishing his opponent on the ribs, and Heenan getting in on the face. They then broke away, and again countered each other with unflinching resolution on the face and ribs, Heenan hitting out straight as an arrow with his dangerous left, and Morrissey returning severely on the ribs. The Benicia Boy, when near the ropes, endeavoring to get home a tremendous left hander on the head, missed Morrissey, who dodged the blow, and struck it full against one of the posts. They again clinched, and after mutual sibbing, again broke away. They met again in the centre of the ring, and a succession of heavy exchanges ensued, both fighting with a determination seldom, if ever, witnessed before. The Benicia Boy repeated his visitations on Morrissey's face with his left and right, but received some heavy returns on the mouth and body. At length they clinched and a desperate struggle for the fall ensued. Morrissey succeeded in getting the crook, but the Benicia Boy eluded it, and after a tremendous struggle, during which the excitement of the spectators was most intense, he threw Morrissey, and gained the first fall. This round lasted *five minutes*, and a more terrific one was never witnessed. The fighting was of the severest character, the hitching or wrenching on either side, the hitting and counterhitting was tremendous, and without an interval's pause. The men indeed fought almost to a stand still, for when they came up for

2. It was difficult to say which was most fatigued. They both came up to time quite promptly, but both considerably exhausted. No sooner had they reached the scratch than Morrissey led off with his left, but was stopped. He tried again and got on the mouth, and was heavily cross countered on the nose, the Benicia Boy repeating the visitation in rapid succession. Morrissey again planted his left on the mouth, and his right heavily on the ribs; but Heenan, from his superior length of reach, was able to get in his left without a return. He hit strong and straight, and Morrissey fought rather wildly from exhaustion. They closed and clinched, and after struggle the Benicia Boy's hand was seen in a suspicious manner in the face of Morrissey, which gave rise to the cry of "foul," under the idea that he was gouging. In the fall, Morrissey was thrown by the Benicia Boy, both going down together. An appeal of "foul" was made to the referees, but not allowed, although the Benicia Boy was warned against doing so again.

3. Both prompt to the call of time; although both with "bellows to mend." Morrissey forced the fighting, and got home his left on the face, following it up with his right on the ribs. Heenan countered, but was beautifully stopped twice in succession. He would not be denied, however, and cross countered with terrific force at the nose, but received a terrific left hander over the region of the heart; and, as he came to close quarters, Morrissey administered a severe upper cut, which caused a fresh supply of the ruby to distill from the nose. They then clinched near the ropes, and after some rib mining ensued, Morrissey's blows being the heaviest and most effective. Both struggled hard for the fall, but Heenan was at last thrown, Morrissey falling heavily upon him. This round was decidedly in favor of Morrissey, the Benicia Boy apparently feeling the effects of the tremendous fight in the first round.

4. Neither very prompt to time, but Heenan most fatigued. At the scratch he let go his right, but was out of distance; he tried again, and got home on the face, which was countered heavily. The latter returned on the mouth, and, as Heenan came in, administered a spanking upper cut, which caused the blood to flow freely from Heenan's nose. The latter lunged out, but was out of distance, and again Morrissey got home on the ribs. They clinched, and some rattling exchanges ensued, until there was a break away. Again they cross countered, Heenan on the eye, Morrissey on the ribs and mouth. They again clinched, and the superior strength of Morrissey enabled him to gain the fall.

5. Both came up slow to time, Heenan leaning on Jones and Mac-Kay's shoulders, while Morrissey was supported to the scratch by his two seconds, Kelly and Hastings; Morrissey's left eye was in mourning, and his nose was consequently swollen, but he appeared to have got his second wind, while the Benicia Boy was exhibiting unmistakable symptoms of distress. The former saw his advantage in forcing the fighting and went into the Benicia Boy. He led off with his left, but was cleverly stopped; he landed again, and got his left on the face twice in succession, causing Heenan to stagger. The latter countered but was neatly stopped, and again did Morrissey get heavily on the ribs. As Morrissey bored in, the Benicia Boy steadied himself and with a well delivered and severe left hander met Morrissey as he came, and hitting him fair, knocked him off his legs; the yielding nature of the ground, however, tending to produce this result. *First knock down for Heenan.*

6. Morrissey rushed up, improved on his tactics, while the Benicia Boy was falling off. The former took the initiative by leading off, and getting home on the mouth. The carmine again flowed freely. The Boy let fly his left, but was neatly stopped; he got in his right, however, but not heavily. Both were out of wind, and stood looking intently at each other for a short space of time, when they were called to the scratch. Morrissey led off again, and got in his left on the face, Heenan countering him on the eye. Morrissey would not be denied, and planted a severe right and left on the face and ribs. They clinched, and Morrissey, who was so much the stronger man, threw Heenan and fell upon him.

7. The Benicia Boy evidently becoming weaker and Morrissey seemed improving. On coming to the scratch the former led off, but was easily stopped, and Morrissey countered on the neck. He tried it again, and, although he received a heavy right-hander on the eye, he again got home a rib-roaster. Some exchanges in favor of Morrissey ensued, and after a struggle for the fall Heenan was thrown heavily. A cry of foul was raised against Morrissey, but was not allowed.

8. Morrissey led off and forced the fighting in Heenan's corner. He lunged out his left and caught the latter on the ribs smartly and planted his right on the mouth. Benicia Boy countered on Morrissey's face, but without inflicting much injury. He laid himself open, however, to Morrissey's attack, his weak state being painfully evident. In the close Morrissey threw him with great force.

9. Morrissey, on coming to the scratch, was evident that the Benicia Boy was fast failing from weakness. He countered him twice in succession on the face and ribs, while Heenan could only get home his right once. He almost turned

THE TURF.

AMERICAN TURF.

The New Rules of Trotting

ADOPTED BY
THE CONGRESS OF ASSOCIATIONS,
HELD IN NEW YORK, FEB. 2D, 1870.

Rule 1. All trotting and pacing over the courses of this Association shall be governed by the following rules:—

2. All entries for premiums must be made under oath, enclosing the entrance money for purses and forfeits in sweepstakes, and these sealed and addressed to or deposited with the secretary, or some person authorized to receive the same, at such time and place as the Associations may have prescribed. Notices of intention to enter will be received by telegraph up to the hour advertised for closing; and all such entries shall be eligible, provided the entrance fee specified shall be paid in due course by mail, or otherwise. An accurate and satisfactory description of each entry will be required, and shall be in the following form, to wit:—The color and marks shall be accurately given. It shall be distinctly stated whether the entry be a stallion, mare or gelding. Every horse shall be named, and the name correctly and plainly written in the entry; and if the horse has ever trotted in a race under a different name within two years, such former name or names must be given. If a horse has trotted in any race, without a name, mention must be made in the entry of a sufficient number of his or her most recent performances, to enable persons interested to identify the horse; provided that it shall not be necessary to furnish any one association or proprietor with the same record the second time. It shall be the duty of the secretary, or other person authorized, to prepare the list of entries for publication, comprising all such information in a comprehensive manner, for the enlightenment of the general public and parties to the race; and all entries, as aforesaid, shall be opened and announced at a public meeting, of which reasonable notice by advertisement or otherwise, shall be given to the parties in interest. A horse having once been named, shall not again start in a race on any course in the United States or Canadas, without a name or under a different name, unless the foregoing provisions have been complied with. The post office address in full of the person or persons in whose name an entry is made, and if he or they be not the owner, then that of the owner or owners also, must accompany each nomination. In all double team races, the entry must contain the name and description of each horse, in the manner provided for entry of single horses.

PROVISIONS OF ENTRY.

Rule 1. A horse shall not be eligible to start in any race that has beaten the time advertised prior to the closing of the entries for the race in which he is entered. Horses shall not be eligible if the time specified has been beaten by them at a greater distance, that is, a horse having made two miles in five minutes is eligible for a 2:30 race, but not eligible for a race slower than that time.

2. As many horses may be entered by one owner, or as many horses trained in the same stable as may be desired, but only one that has been owned in whole or part by the same person or persons, or trained in the same stable within ten days previous to the race, can start in any race of heats.

3. In all purses, three or more entries are required, and two to start, unless otherwise specified.

4. No purse will be given for a "walk over," but in cases where only one of the horses entered for any premium shall appear on the course, he shall be entitled to his own entrance money, and to one-half of the entrance money received from all horses entered for said premium.

5. Time made in single or double harness, at fairs, and on any track, whether short or not, shall constitute a record; but time made under the saddle shall not be a record in harness or wagon races.

6. The entrance fee shall be ten per cent. of the purse, unless otherwise specified; and any person refusing to pay his entrance dues upon demand by the proper authority, shall, together with his horse or horses, be suspended until they are paid in full.

7. No person shall be permitted to draw his horse after said horse has appeared on the track, saddled or harnessed, after having been summoned to prepare for the race, or after the bell or gong has given intimation of the judges' intention to start, except by permission of the judges, under penalty of being expelled.

8. All engagements are void upon the decease of either party or horse, so far as they shall affect the deceased party or horse; but forfeits or matches made play or pay shall not be affected by the death of a horse.

9. Any person found guilty of dosing or tampering with any horse, or of making a fraudulent entry of any horse, or of disguising a horse with intent to conceal his identity, or being in any way concerned in such a transaction, shall be punished by the forfeiture of entrance money and expulsion; and any horse that shall be painted or disguised, to represent another or a different horse, or that has been entered in a purse in which he does not belong, shall be expelled.

10. A reward of $50 will be paid to the person who shall first give information leading to the detection of any fraudulent entry and the parties thereto, to be paid out of the funds of the National Association for the Promotion of the Interests of the American Trotting Turf, by the Treasurer, upon recommendation of the officers of the course where such fraudulent entry was made, provided that this shall not be construed to extend to courses outside of this Association.

11. If any owner, trainer, rider, driver or attendant of a horse, or any other person, use improper language to the officers of the course or the judges in a race, or be guilty of any improper conduct, the person or persons so offending shall be punished by a fine not exceeding $100, or by suspension or expulsion.

12. There shall be chosen by the proper authority, three (3) competent judges, for the day or race, who shall understand the rules of this Association, and shall be held accountable for their rigid enforcement, and all their decisions shall be in accordance therewith. Any person having a bet upon, or an interest, either direct or indirect, in any or either of the horses in a race, shall not be entitled to judge that race. In all match races these rules shall govern, unless the contrary be expressly stipulated and assented to by the club, association or proprietors of the course over which the race is to come off.

13. The judges of the day or race shall have power to appoint distance and patrol judges; they shall decide all questions and matters of dispute between parties to the race, that are not provided for in the rules and regulations, and shall have full power to inflict all fines and penalties provided by these rules. They shall have entire control and authority over the horses about to start, and the riders or drivers and assistants of the horses, and any such person refusing to obey their orders, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding $100, or by suspension or expulsion. No rider or driver shall cause unnecessary delay after the horses are called up, either by neglecting to prepare for the race in time, or by neglecting to come for the word, or otherwise, and when, in scoring, the signal is not given, all the horses in the race shall immediately turn at the tap of the bell, or other signal given, and be sent back for a fresh start. If this rule is not complied with on the part of any rider or driver, the judges may give the word without regard to the offending party or parties, and they may be punished by a fine not exceeding $100, or by suspension or expulsion, or by both, at once. When any horse or horses keep so far ahead of others in scoring that the judges cannot give a fair start, they shall give the offending party or parties notice of the penalties attached to such offensive conduct, and, should they still persist, shall enforce said penalties. When the judges are prevented from giving the word by a horse or horses being refractory, or from any other cause, they may, after a reasonable time, give the word without reference to the position of the refractory horse or horses, or may give them any position they think proper to facilitate the start. In all cases the word shall be given from the judges' stand, and in no case shall a standing start be given. If the judges have reason to suppose that a horse is being or has been "pulled," to fraudulently prevent his winning, they shall have power to substitute a competent and reliable driver or rider for the remainder of the race, and if the result of the succeeding heat or heats shall confirm their suspicion, the rider or driver so removed shall be punished by suspension or expulsion. When disputes and contingencies arise, which are not provided for in the rules, the judges shall have power to decide in such cases; but in no case can there be a companion in the manner of a punishment, where the rules express or name what the penalty shall be, but the same shall be strictly enforced. Judges may require riders and drivers to be properly dressed.

14. The judges shall be in the stand fifteen minutes before the time for starting; they shall weigh the riders or drivers and determine the positions of the horses, and give each rider or driver his place before starting. They shall ring the bell or give other signal ten minutes previous to the time announced for the race to come off, which shall be notice to all parties to prepare for the race at the appointed time, when all the horses must be ready, and any party failing to comply with this rule shall be punished by a fine not exceeding $100; or the horse may be ruled out by the judges and considered drawn; but in all stakes and matches they shall be liable to forfeit. The judges shall not notice or receive complaints of foul from any person or persons, except those appointed by the judges for that purpose, and owners, riders or drivers in the race. The result of a heat shall not be announced until the judges are satisfied as to the weights of the riders or drivers, and sufficient time has elapsed to receive reports of distance and patrol judges. When the judges are satisfied that a race is being, or has been, conducted improperly on the part of any rider or driver in a race, they shall punish the offender by suspension not to exceed one year, or by expulsion. If a horse is improperly pulled or broken, to allow another horse to win the heat, the horse so pulled or broken shall be distanced, unless such decision shall be deemed to favor a fraud, and the rider or driver shall be punished by suspension not to exceed one year, or by expulsion; but in case the judges shall deem such decision as the above to favor a fraud, they shall declare that heat no heat, and shall substitute another driver or rider for the offending one. The presiding judge shall instruct the riders or drivers in relation to scoring and breaking prior to the commencement of the race.

15. In all races of heats there shall be a distance judge, appointed by the proper authority, who shall remain in the distance stand during the heats, and immediately after each heat shall repair to the judges' stand and report to the judges the horse or horses that are distanced, and any act of foul, if any has occurred under his observation. The patrol judges shall repair in like manner to the judges' stand and report any act of foul, if any has occurred under their observation; the reports of the distance and patrol judges shall be alone received.

16. In case of accidents ten minutes shall be allowed, but the judges may allow more time when deemed necessary and proper.

17. None but the judges of the race in progress and their assistants shall be allowed in the judges' stand during the pendency of a heat, except members of the board of appeals.

18. In case of unfavorable weather, or other unavoidable causes, each Association or proprietor shall have power to postpone to a future time all purses or sweepstakes or any race to which they have contributed money, upon giving notice thereof. No heat shall be trotted when it is so dark that the horses cannot be plainly seen by the judges from the stand, but all such races shall be continued by the judges to the next day, omitting Sunday, at such hour as they shall designate. In all matches and stakes the above rule shall govern, unless otherwise especially agreed between the parties and the association or proprietors.

19. The horse winning a heat shall take the pole the succeeding heat, and all others shall take their positions in the order in which they came home in the last heat. When two or more horses shall make a dead heat, the horses shall start for the succeeding heat in the same position as they occupied at the time of the dead heat: in coming out in the home-stretch, the foremost horse or horses shall keep the position first selected, or be liable to be distanced; and the hindmost horse or horses, when there is sufficient room to pass on the inside or anywhere on the home-stretch without interfering with others, shall be allowed to do so, and any party interfering to prevent him or them shall be distanced. If a horse should at any time cross or swerve on the home-stretch *so as to impede the progress* of a horse behind him, he shall not be entitled to win that heat. If a horse, rider or driver shall cross, jostle or strike another horse, rider or driver, or shall swerve, *or do anything that impedes the progress of another horse*, he shall not be entitled to win that heat; and if the impropriety was intentional on the part of the rider or driver, the horse shall be punished by suspension not to exceed one year, or by expulsion; although a leading horse is entitled to any part of the track, except that on the inner to the outer side of the track, when a horse is so near him that in changing his position he compels the horse behind him to shorten his stride, or if he causes the rider or driver to pull him out of his position, and if, in passing a leading horse, the track is taken so soon after getting the lead as to cause the horse passed to shorten his stride, it is foul.

20. Any driver or rider guilty of loud shouting or making other unnecessary noise, or of making improper use of the whip during the pendency of a heat, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed $25 for the first offence, and for the second offence by suspension during the meeting.

21. When any horse or horses break from their gait in trotting or pacing, their riders or drivers shall at once pull them to the gait in which they were to go the race, and any party refusing or neglecting to comply with this rule shall lose the heat, and the next best horse shall win the heat; and all other horses shall be placed ahead in that heat, and the judges shall have discretionary power to distance the offending horse or horses, and the rider or driver shall be punished by a fine not to exceed $100, or by suspension not exceeding one year. Should the rider or driver comply with this rule, and the horse should gain by a break, twice the distance so gained shall be taken from him at the coming out. In case of a horse repeatedly breaking, or of running or pacing while another horse is trotting, the judges shall punish the horse so breaking, running or pacing, by placing him last in the heat, or by distancing him. A horse breaking at or near the score shall be subject to the same penalty as if he broke on any other part of the track. All complaints of foul by riders or drivers must be made at the termination of the heat, and before the rider or driver dismounts or leaves his vehicle, by order of the judges.

22. In any case where a driver is run into and his wagon or sulky broken down with out fault on his part, the heat shall be deemed no heat so far as the horses not in fault are concerned, but he who causes the breakdown may be distanced; and if the judges find that in running or pacing while another horse is trotting, the judges shall punish the horse so breaking, running or pacing by placing him last in the heat, or by distancing him. A horse breaking at or near the score shall be subject to the same penalty as if he broke on any other part of the track. All complaints of foul by riders or drivers must be made at the termination of the heat, and before the rider or driver dismounts or leaves his vehicle, by order of the judges.

23. In any case where a driver is run into and his wagon or sulky broken down with out fault on his part, the heat shall be deemed no heat so far as the horses not in fault are concerned, but he who causes the breakdown may be distanced; and if the judges find that in running or pacing while another horse is trotting, the judges shall punish the horse so breaking, running or pacing by placing him last in the heat, or by distancing him. A horse breaking at or near the score shall be subject to the same penalty as if he broke on any other part of the track. All complaints of foul by riders or drivers must be made at the termination of the heat, and before the rider or driver dismounts or leaves his vehicle, by order of the judges.

24. In a race where a horse is run into and his wagon or sulky broken down with out fault on his part, the heat shall be deemed no heat so far as the horses not in fault are concerned, but he who causes the breakdown may be distanced; and if the judges find that in running or pacing while another horse is trotting, the judges shall punish the horse so breaking, running or pacing by placing him last in the heat, or by distancing him. A horse breaking at or near the score shall be subject to the same penalty as if he broke on any other part of the track. All complaints of foul by riders or drivers must be made at the termination of the heat, and before the rider or driver dismounts or leaves his vehicle, by order of the judges.

25. Riders and drivers will be allowed whips of the following lengths:—For saddle horses, 3 ft. 10 in.; sulkies, 4 ft. 8 in.; wagons, 5 ft. 10 in. Double teams, 9 ft. 6 in.; tandem teams and four-in-hand, unlimited.

26. In heats of one mile, 80 yards shall be a distance. In heats of two miles, 150 yards shall be a distance. In heats of three miles, 220 yards shall be a distance. In heats of one mile, best 3 in 5, 100 yards shall be a distance; except in heats where eight or more horses contend, then the distance shall be increased one-half. All horses whose heads have not reached the distance stand as soon as the leading horse arrives at the winning post, shall be deemed distanced, except in cases of unavoidable accidents, when it shall be left to the discretion of the judges.

27. A person obtaining a stake or purse through fraud, shall return it to the Treasurer on demand, or be punished as follows:—He, together with all the parties interested, and the horse or horses, shall be expelled until such demand is complied with.

28. Protests may be made verbally before or during a race, and shall be reduced to writing, and shall contain at least one specific charge and a statement of the evidence on which it is based, and shall be filed with the judges, Association or proprietor before the close of the meeting. The judges shall in every case of protest demand that the rider or driver and the owner or owners, if present, shall immediately testify under oath in the manner hereinafter provided; and in case of their refusal to do so, the horse shall not be allowed thereupon to start in that race, or any heat thereof, but shall be considered and declared ruled out. But if they do comply and take the oath, as herein required, then the judges shall allow the horse to start, or continue in the race, and the premium, if any is won by that horse, shall be retained a sufficient length of time, (say three weeks,) to allow the parties interested a chance to sustain their protest. Associations or proprietors shall be warranted in retaining the premium of any horse in the manner herein mentioned, if at any time before it is paid they shall receive information in their judgment tending to show fraud. Any person found guilty of protesting a horse without a cause, or with intent to embarrass a race, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding $100, or by suspension not to exceed one year, or by expulsion. The required oath shall be in the following form, to wit:—I, ——, of ——, in the county of —— State of ——, on oath depose and say, that I am the —— of the —— called the same entered in a purse for horses that have never trotted better than —— minutes and —— seconds, to be trotted this day on this course, and the same that has been protested, and to which this affidavit is in answer, hereby declare and affirm that *to the best of my knowledge and belief*, said before mentioned horse is eligible to start or compete in the race aforesaid, according to the rules of this course; and that I fully believe all the provisions and conditions required in the rules and regulations for the government of trials of speed over this course were fully and honestly complied with in making the entry aforesaid.

Given under my hand, at —— this —— day of ——, A. D. 187—. Subscribed and sworn to before me, this —— day of —— A. D. 187—. —— Justice of the Peace.

33. When a race is made to go as they please it shall be construed that the performance shall be in harness, to wagon or under the saddle; but after the race is commenced no change shall be made in the mode of going.

34. When a race is made to go in harness it shall be construed to mean that the performance shall be to a sulky.

35. A race wherein a trotting horse goes with a running mate shall not create a record for time as a trotting performance.

36. When a race is made and no distance specified it shall be restricted to the following distances, viz:—One mile and repeat; mile heats, best 3 in 5; 2 miles and repeat; or 3 miles and repeat; and may be performed in harness, to wagon, or under the saddle.

37. When a horse is matched against time it shall be proper to allow any other horse to accompany him in the performance, but not to be harnessed with, or in any way attached to him. In matches made against time, the parties making the match shall be entitled to three trials, unless expressly stipulated to the contrary, which trials shall be had in the same day; the time between trials to be the same as the time between heats in a race.

38. In all matches made to come off over any of these courses the parties shall place the amount of the match in the hands of the stakeholder one day before the event (omitting Sunday) is to come off, at such time and place as the club, association or proprietor, upon application may determine, and the race shall then become play or pay.

39. The age of a horse shall be reckoned from the first day of January preceding the period of foaling.

40. A green horse is one that has never trotted or paced for premiums or money, either double or single.

41. The seller of a horse sold with his engagements has not the power of striking him out. In case of private sale, the written acknowledgment of the parties that the horse was sold with engagements is necessary to entitle the buyer to the benefit of this.

42. The words suspended or suspension, wherever they occur in these rules, shall be construed to mean suspension from entering, riding, driving, training or assisting on the grounds of any course represented in this Association.

43. The words expelled or expulsion, wherever they occur in these rules, shall be construed to mean unconditional expulsion from all the courses represented in this Association.

44. Any person who has been subjected to any of the penalties provided by these rules can appeal from the decision of the judges to the Association or proprietors, upon whose ground the penalty was imposed, and from their decision can appeal to the board of appeals, provided they shall do so within one week from the announcement of such decisions, and provided also that where the penalty was a fine it shall have been previously paid.

45. All persons who may have been fined under these rules, unless they pay them in full on the day of assessment, shall be suspended until they are paid in full. All fines shall be paid to the Association or proprietor on whose grounds they were imposed, and by them shall be paid to the Treasurer of the National Association upon demand.

[The Rules of Betting will be published in our next.]

The Union Course, L. I., Spring Trotting Meeting.

FIRST DAY—CHARLEY GREEN AND LADY WELLS THE WINNERS.

FIRST DAY—MONDAY, MAY 23d.

The spring trotting meeting, given by the proprietor of the Union Course, L. I., commenced on Monday, May 23d, and continued over four days. The weather on the opening day was unfavorable, for rain fell in the city about mid-day, and kept numbers from visiting the course who intended being present. There were two races on the card; the first for three minute horses, and the second for horses that had never beaten 2:34 in harness. In the three minute race, for a purse of $600, divided into $300, $125 and $75, for first, second and third horses respectively, the following nine horses were entered:—A. C. Whitson's r m Lady Phillips; J. Murphy's b m Duchess; M. Roden's b g Charley Green; T. Jackson's b g Mystery (formerly called Bill Whelan); L. M. Sammis' b m Chip Girl; A. Patterson's b m Sarah Jane; J. Rogers' b m Bright Eyes; F. H. Hamilton's br m Stella, and F. J. Nodine's b m Lotta. Lotta and Stella were withdrawn, and the others sold to pools as follows:—Charley Green, $115; the field, $40. The favorite had won the purse for three minute horses on the Fashion Course the week previous, beating a large field of good horses in easy style, hence his position in the betting market; Roden drove him.

First Heat.—After wasting a deal of unnecessary time on scoring, they at last got the word—Chip Girl taking the lead, with Lady Phillips and Sarah Jane second and third, and the favorite fourth. In this order they went around the turn, but at the quarter pole Sarah Jane was three lengths in front, with the favorite second, half a length before Lady Phillips. Time, 40 seconds. On the back stretch Roden gave Charley Green his head, and, passing Sarah Jane with apparent ease, he assumed the lead, which he retained throughout the heat, trotting the half mile in 1:19½, the mile in 2:40, and winning the heat easily by four lengths. Chip Girl was second, Bright Eyes third, and Mystery last.

Second Heat.—No betting, for Charley Green's winning the race was looked upon as a sure thing—as, indeed, it proved, the favorite took the lead, and was never headed ahead of Chip Girl at the quarter pole, in 39½ seconds, and four lengths before her at the half mile pole, in 1:18¼, Duchess being third at this point, four lengths ahead of Chip Girl, Sarah Jane fourth, Lady Phillips second and Mystery last. On the lower and home stretches Charley Green kept his leading position and won the heat in a jog by three lengths, Chip Girl being second, five lengths before Duchess. Time, 2:39½.

Third Heat.—During the scoring for the word, the sulky of Mystery came into collision with that of Sarah Jane, and the former was smashed up, causing Jackson to withdraw his mare. The favorite went off with the lead when the word was given; trotted his first quarter in 39½ seconds, the half mile in 1:19, the mile in 2:40; and winning the heat easily by a length and a half from Chip Girl, who was three lengths before Bright Eyes, Sarah Jane, Lady Phillips, and Duchess distanced.

FIFTH RACE.—Union Course, May 23d.—Purse of $800, for horses that never beat 3 minutes; $300 to the first horse, $125 to the second, and $75 to the third horse; best 3 in 5, in harness.

M. Roden's b g Charley Green	1 2 2
L. S. Sammis' m Chip Girl	2 3 3
John Roger's b m Bright Eyes	5 4 1
Thomas Jackson's b g Mystery	7 5 dr.
John Murphy's b m Duchess	6 6 dis.
Alex. Patterson's b m Sarah Jane	4 7 dis.
A. C. Whitson's r m Lady Phillips	4 7 dis.
F. J. Nodine's b m Stella	drawn.
F. H. Hamilton's br m Stella	drawn.

Time, 2:40; 2:39½; 2:40.

The second race was for a purse of $800, open to all horses that had never beaten 2:34 in harness; the winner taking $450 and the second and third $225 and $125 respectively. The entries were Hiram Howel's b m Lady Wells, M. Roden's s g Finnegan, B. Doble's ch g Colonel Fisk, J. Murphy's b m Lida D., Jacob's b m Lydia Thompson, B. Daniels' b g Butcher Boy, D. Pfifer's r m Susie, and C. Taylor's g m Snow Flake. The last two were drawn, and the race left to the other six horses. Lydia Thompson, who had won the 2:34 purse on the Fashion Course the week previous, was lame, and in consequence of this the knowing ones spotted Lady Wells as the favorite, she selling in pools for $100 against $36 for the field.

First Heat.—Finnegan took the lead, with Lady Wells second, and Lady Sears third. At the quarter pole the favorite led four lengths in 37 seconds; Lady Sears, on a break, second, two lengths ahead of Butcher Boy; Col. Fisk fourth, and Lydia Thompson last. Passing the half mile pole in 1:14, Lady Wells still led three lengths, with Lady Sears and Butcher Boy her immediate followers. The favorite steadily increased her lead on the last half mile, and won the heat easily by three lengths, which could have been made into a dozen if Hiram had wished it. Butcher Boy was second; Finnegan third; Col. Fisk fourth, and Lydia Thompson last. There was no time announced by the judges in this heat, for in the excitement of starting the horses they had neglected to start their chronometers. Reliable outside timing, however, made the heat 2:33½, but this, of course, not being official, does not go on the record.

Second Heat.—Lady Sears was first away when the judges gave the word, but the favorite quickly passed her, and led two lengths to the quarter pole in 38 seconds; Finnegan being three second, four lengths before Col. Fisk, and Lady Sears fourth. At the half mile pole, Lady Wells was three lengths ahead of her opponents; Finnegan being second, as far before Lady Sears, who was running, and Lydia Thompson, in the rear of everything. Time, 1:19¾. Lady Wells opened a wide gap on the Flushing end, but in coming up the home-stretch Hiram took her in hand, and she jogged across the score two lengths the winner of the heat in 2:33; Finnegan second, and Butcher Boy third.

Third Heat.—Some pools were now sold on the winner of the second money, and many parties not aware of the new rules governing the placing of horses bought Lydia Thompson as first choice, ignorant of the fact that unless she won the heat she could not possibly win either second or third money. Lady Wells quickly showed in front, and led the field ten lengths at the quarter in 37½ seconds, a dozen lengths at the half mile in 1:14¾, and won in the easiest possible style by four lengths in 2:35. Finnegan, taking the second money, and Colonel Fisk the third, although Lydia Thompson was third; Butcher Boy was distanced.

UNION COURSE, May 25d.—Purse, $800, for horse that never beat 2:34; $450 to the first, $225 to the second, and $125 to the third horse, best 3 in 5 in harness.

H. W. Howe's b m Lady Wells	1 1 1
M. Roden's ch g Finnegan	3 2 2
R. Reamer's ch g Colonel Fisk	2 4 5
John Murphy's br m Lady Sears	5 5 4
D. Mace's b m Lydia Thompson	6 6 3
B. Daniel's b g Butcher Boy	4 3 dis.

Time, 2:32½; 2:33; 2:35.

SECOND DAY—WEDNESDAY, MAY 25.

There was only one race on the second day; the other purse advertised not having filled. The day being bright and pleasant, there was a good attendance to witness the sport. The trot was for a purse of $750, for horses that had never beaten 2:40 in harness, the winner receiving $400, the second horse $225, and the third $125. The entries were, J. H. Whitson's g g Clarence; Dan Mace's blk m New York Tempest; Ben Mace's br m Irena; H. Howes' blk m Staten Island Tempest; M. Roden's b g Penobscot Chief, and H. Sammes's ch m Bashaw Maid, formerly called Nellie. The latter, however, was withdrawn. The betting on the others fluctuated greatly, for at first Staten Island Tempest was the favorite against the field, but afterwards Clarence found much stanch backers, that in turn he became the favorite, bringing $100, Staten Island Tempest $70, Penobscot Chief $40, and the field $15.

First Heat.—Mace's mare Tempest went off with the lead, Irena second, Clarence third and Howe's mare Tempest next. At the quarter pole Mace was leading Clarence four lengths, with Hiram Howe next and Penobscot Chief last. Time, 41½ seconds. The half mile was reached in 1:17, with Mace still on the lead, two lengths before Clarence, and Howe third. On the lower stretch Clarence gave Mace's mare the go by, and, retaining the lead throughout, won the heat by two lengths, Mace's Tempest second, Howe's Tempest third and Penobscot last.

Second Heat.—Betting $100 to $35 on Clarence. Mace got away first, but Hiram Howe quickly passed him and led him two lengths to the quarter pole in 38½ seconds. On the far side Staten Island Tempest led the field three lengths. Mace being second and Clarence third, and they passed the half mile in the order in 1:17¾. Clarence and Tempest closed up on the home stretch, the latter carried wide, but Clarence came out and passed rapidly on Hiram, passed him as they came up the home stretch and won the heat easily by a length in 2:38¾; Howe's Tempest second and Penobscot Chief third.

Third Heat.—In the pool sales for second money Hiram Howe's mare was a great favorite, bringing $75 to the others $15. The favorite got off badly, Mace and Roden being in front and head and head together. At the quarter Mace was a neck in front on a break, with Clarence six lengths ahead of Hiram Howe's mare. On the back stretch Clarence went up to Mace, and the pair were lapped as the half mile was passed in 1:20¾. From this point Clarence drew away, and won the heat and race by two lengths very cleverly, with Penobscot Chief three lengths behind Mace and Hiram Howe's mare distanced. Time, 2:42. Mace took the second and Roden the third money.

UNION COURSE, May 26.—Purse of $750 for horses that never beat 2:40. Best 3 in 5, in harness.

J. H. Whitson's g g Clarence	1 1 1
D. Mace's blk m Tempest	3 4 2
M. Roden's b g Penobscot Chief	4 2 3
H. W. Howe's blk m Tempest	2 3 dis.
B. Wall's br m Irena	dis.
A. H. Sammis' ch m Bashaw Maid	drawn.

Time, 2:38; 2:36¾; 2:42.

The third day's trotting, fixed for Friday, the 27th ult., was obliged to be postponed until the following Monday in consequence of the rain that fell without intermission during the afternoon. The trot for the $2,500 on Saturday was also postponed on account of the continued unfavorable weather. Therefore, as we go to press on Monday, P. M., we are unable to give further report until our next issue.

THREE DAYS' RACING will take place at Ottawa, Ill., on the 15th, 16th, and 17th of June, under the auspices of the La Salle County Agricultural Society, which offers premiums aggregating $1,545.

THE ENGLISH TURF.

The Chester, Salisbury and Winchester Meetings.

DEATH OF STOCKWELL AND WEST AUSTRALIAN.

The Chester meeting commenced on May 10th, with fine weather, immense attendance of visitors, and large arrivals of horses. The sport commenced with the Grosvenor Stakes, for which Mr. Merry's colt Sunlight, who has been backed for the Derby during the past winter and spring, was made a hot favorite, the odds of 7 to 4 being laid on him, although conceding 17 lbs. to Performer, a wiry dangler of Adventure. Sunlight showed his cowardly disposition most palpably, for he shut up, dead beat, when fairly in the straight, and Performer beat Robespierre by a head. Sunlight's performance completely extinguished all hopes of his Derby chance, but the stable possesses different metal to rely upon for the Blue Ribbon in Macgregor, the Two Thousand Guineas victor, and the flying filly Sunshine. The Chesterfield Stakes were won by The Boy, a game and useful three year old, son of Ketildrum, whose own sister, Sweet Sound, won the Palatine Stakes. The strapping three year old, Green Ribbon, by Knight of St. Patrick, although a confirmed roarer, beat a field of seven for the Belgrave Cup, and the recently named Lady Atholstone, a daughter of Blair Athol and Silkstone, won the Molcop Stakes for two year olds, beating thirteen rivals; Rebecca, a well bred and good-looking daughter of Lord Clifden and Sweet Hawthorn, was made the favorite at 2 to 1, while 8 to 1 was the winner's starting price. The race at the finish was reduced to a match between the favorite and Lady Atholstone, but the latter fairly wore down her opponent by superior staying powers, and won cleverly by a length, Shannon being a good third. At the Chester Stakes were won by the Liverpool cup winner, Free Trade, with The Boy, who was favorite, second, and whose owner, Capt. Adkins, claimed the winner. The Eaton Plate was won by Ptarmigan, a son of Blair Athol, whose stock are running so successfully, that it is now evident that Mr. Blenkiron made no mistake when he gave such a princely sum to transfer him from Yorkshire to Kent.

The cup day was miserably wet and unpleasant, a soaking rain falling without intermission. In the Beaufort Biennial Stakes for two year olds, Rebecca, not having Lady Atholstone to meet, beat her seven opponents, and landed the odds laid on her doing so. Then came the great event, the cup race, a full account of which will be found in our columns, and which was productive of one of the greatest surprises in the history of the turf. The winner, Our Mary Anne, is a brown mare, 6 years old, by Vedette, out of Garnish, by Pantaloon. She is owned by a gentleman resident in Chester, who won largely on the race, having bet $75 against $5,000 several times, and he presented William Day, her trainer, with $10,000 for his success. That it was a wretched field of horses that she beat must be acknowledged; the only real race horse in the lot being the beautiful Formosa, who finished second. Cecil could have been second, if wanted, but as his party had not backed him for a place, his jockey, Wyatt, when he found that he could not be pulled home by, and he finished fourth. Capt. Machell did not start his Macaroni colt, Bonny Swell, in consequence of his not being able to get on his money to his satisfaction. The night before he publicly offered to bet $5,000 against $70,000 that he won the cup, but the bookmakers would not combine, as they did in Cecil's case (where a few of them united and laid the owner $50,000 to $5,000), and the horse did not go to the post. The winner's previous racing career has not been a brilliant one, for she has started sixteen times and only won twice. At two years old she won a Consolation Plate for beaten horses at the New Forrest Hunt Meeting, and was afterwards sold for $100. The feather weight she now carried (84 lbs.,) and the heavy ground, just suited her, and she came clean away from her field, and won in the hollowest manner possible. On the third day, Bonny Swell won the Dee Stakes, beating the favorite, Muster, and the Derby colt Coutts, by a head only; Coutts being second. In the race for the Queen's Plate, Starter, (the stable companion of Our Mary Ann, and like her, by Voltigeur,) won cleverly by half a length, beating Paul Jones (who won the Chester Cup in 1868) second, The Boy third. Performer and two others, and Newsman, won the Marquis of Westminster Plate from four runners. Shannon turned the tables on Lady Atholstone on the two year old plate, beat the latter carried seven pounds penalty. On the fourth day Lady Atholstone won the Badminton Stakes, for two year olds, from nine others. The Steward's Cup was won by the aptly named Not Out, by the American bred horse Umpire, and is the first winner of his get in England. In this race, the youthful Marquis of Westminster's colors were seen for the first time on the turf for many years, and although his filly, Pippin, did not win, I hope we shall see that the yellow jacket, which Touchstone, Launcelot, Satirist, Cardinal Puff and others so oft bore to victory, will again be seen in the van.

The Winchester Meeting was only noticeable for the double victory of the neatly named Steppe, a daughter of Saunterer and Seclusion (Hermit's dam), beating very good fields for the Biennial and Grange Park stakes. The Salisbury Meeting is worth notice on account of the very overwhelming defeats of the Chester victors, Our Mary Anne, in the Salisbury Cup and Queen's Plate, the former of which was won by Bosworth, after a dead heat with Historian, and the latter by Fuzee. Another daughter of Blair Athol's Lizzie Cowl won the Salisbury Stakes for two year olds; she is owned by Mr. Graham, who has also Lady Atholstone, Formosa and Sabinus in his stable. Two celebrated racing sires have just died, Stockwell and West Australian.

The Race for the Chester Cup.

We gave the result of this event, per cable, at the time of its occurrence, but, as it is of much interest to many of our readers, we herewith give full particulars of the running:—

THE TRADESMEN'S PLATE (Handicap) of 200 sovs., added to a sweepstakes of 25 sovs. each, 15 ft., 5 if declared; winners extra; second received 50 sovs.; Cup Course (about two miles and a quarter). 122 subs, 49 of whom declared.

T. Smith's bl m Our Mary Ann, by Voltigeur—Garnish, 5 yrs., 6 st.....Newhouse 1

Mr. Graham's ch m Formosa, by Buccaneer—Eller, 5 yrs., 8 st. 10 lbs.....Morris 2

Mr. Hesseltine's g Robinus, by Newminster—Vesta, 3 yrs., 6st. 11 lbs. (inc. 10 lbs. ex.).....Rowell 3

Mr. Nightingall's ch g Cecil, 5 yrs., 7 st. 5 lbs.....Wyatt 4

J. Johnstone's bl c Good Hope, 4 yrs., 7st. 10 lbs.....Cameron 0

Capt. Machell's ch c Paul Jones, 4 yrs., 7 st. 7 lbs.....Wilson 0

H. Wright's br c Ventnor, 4 yrs., 7st. 1 lb. (inc. 5 lbs. ex.) (car. 7st. 3 lbs.).....Huxtable 0

Mr. Richmond's br c Vestminster, 4 yrs., 7st.....Butler 0

Elyott Bowcott's br m Realtie, 6 yrs., 6st. 12 lbs.....G. Jarvis 0

Mr. Naylor's b f Cherie, 4 yrs., 6 st. 10 lbs.....F. Webb 0

Mr. Ray's br f Wild Flower, 4 yrs., 6 st. 6 lbs. (car. 6 st. 7 lbs.).....Hunt 0

E. Foster's br f Miss Sheppard, 3 yrs., 6st. 3 lbs. (inc. 10 lbs. ex.).....Gradwell 0

Count Keglevich's b c Zapolya, 4 yrs., 6st. 2 lbs.....West 0

Captain King's br c Vintner, 3 yrs., 5 st. 12 lbs.....W. Gray 0

Mr. Payne-Gallwey's ch c Sabinus, 3 yrs., 5 st. 12 lbs.....Jewitt 0

Lord Wilton's bl c Muster, 3 yrs., 6st., 7 lbs. (car. 7 st. 10 lbs.) Jewitt 0

Mr. Hodgman declared to win with Vestminster.

Betting.—3 to 1 agst Muster, 7 to 2 agst Sabinus, 7 to 1 agst Cherie, 8 to 1 agst Cecil, 10 to 1 agst Formosa, 20 to 1 each agst Paul Jones and Our Mary Ann, 25 to 1 each agst Good Hope, Vestminster, Wild Flower, Miss Sheppard and Newsman, 33 to 1 agst Ventnor, 100 to 15 agst Zapolya, and 100 to 1 agst Realtie and Ventnor. The start was delayed by several breaks away, in which Formosa and Cecil got to Tagat Realtie and Vintner. The START was then effected, and won in the hollowest manner possible. On the third day, Bonny Swell won the Dee Stakes, beating the favorite, Muster, and the Derby colt Coutts, by a head only; Coutts being second. In the race for the Queen's Plate, Starter, (the stable companion of Our Mary Ann, and like her, by Voltigeur,) won cleverly by half a length, beating Paul Jones (who won the Chester Cup in 1868) second, The Boy third. Performer and two others, and Newsman, won the Marquis of Westminster Plate from four runners. Shannon turned the tables on Lady Atholstone on the two year old plate, beat the latter carried seven pounds penalty. On the fourth day Lady Atholstone won the Badminton Stakes, for two year olds, from nine others. The Steward's Cup was won by the aptly named Not Out, by the American bred horse Umpire, and is the first winner of his get in England. In this race, the youthful Marquis of Westminster's colors were seen for the first time on the turf for many years, and although his filly, Pippin, did not win, I hope we shall see that the yellow jacket, which Touchstone, Launcelot, Satirist, Cardinal Puff and others so oft bore to victory, will again be seen in the van.

The Winchester Meeting was only noticeable for the double victory of the neatly named Steppe, a daughter of Saunterer and Seclusion (Hermit's dam), beating very good fields for the Biennial and Grange Park stakes. The Salisbury Meeting is worth notice on account of the very overwhelming defeats of the Chester victors, Our Mary Anne, in the Salisbury Cup and Queen's Plate, the former of which was won by Bosworth, after a dead heat with Historian, and the latter by Fuzee. Another daughter of Blair Athol's Lizzie Cowl won the Salisbury Stakes for two year olds; she is owned by Mr. Graham, who has also Lady Atholstone, Formosa and Sabinus in his stable. Two celebrated racing sires have just died, Stockwell and West Australian.

THE TRIGGER.

SHANNON AND JOHNSON.

James Shannon, the noted western trigger puller, sends us

THEATRICAL RECORD.

Movements, Business, and Incidents of the Theatrical, Circus, Musical and Minstrel Profession.

Clipper Post Office.

☞ A "STAMPED ENVELOPE," plainly addressed, must be enclosed for each and every letter sent for. Where there are two or more persons of like name in the profession, the line of business followed by the party addressed should be given, in order to prevent mistakes.

LADIES' LIST.

Archer, Fanny
Arnold, Mrs. J. A.
Burton, Clara (3)
Brent, Eva
Benson, Jennie
Butler, Clara
Claire, Emma
Codona, Amelia
Collener, Ellen
Clifford, Nellie
De Lemoine, Maggie
De Lon, Julia
Dutton, Belle
Daly, Julia
Edwards, Nellie
Graham, May
Herring, Fanny (2)
Holloway, Mrs. Jane
Howard, Victoria (2)
Hastings, Hattie
Irving, Louie
Keene, Laura
Le Favre, Aline
Logan, Olive
Maldern, Lizzie
Nicklos, Miss M.
Newton, Ada
Paddock, Mrs. Mag M.
Phillips, Mrs. Jno. (3)
Rosetta, Millie
Romelli, Marie
Stanfield, Agnes
Sanyeah, Mad.
Stewart, Addie
Tilton, Katie
Warner, Mrs. Chas.
Wray, Louise P.
Worrell, Sophie (2)
Wood, Aggie
Williams, Mollie
Wilmotte, Ada
Wells, Minnie
Weston, Flora
Wilson, Rose
Weber, Lisa (2)

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Abrahams, F. (3)
Anderson, Prof. J. H.
Ashton, Billy
Allen, Johnny
Ashcroft, Wm.
Albaugh, J. W.
Agouts, Mons. A.
Arnold, J. A.
Brady, Abner S.
Benson, Wood
Butler, W. R.
Bliss, Sig.
Brown, Jno.
Bideaux, Gustave
Barras, Chas. M.
Brandon, Geo.
Bray, Walter
Brown & Sanford,
Barr, G. H.
Burns, Ned
Bouron, G.
Beckett, Harry (2)
Barbour, W. W.
Burdeaux, H. H.
Birch, Johnny
Cilly, Frank B.
Campbell, J. D.
Campbell's Circus,
Clifford, Edwin
Campbell, J. C. (2)
Craig, Jno. H.
Conrad, Chas.
Cook, Jas. E.
Chester, W. H.
Crowell, W. J.
Caron, Joseph
Dupont, Frank
Davis, H. Rees
Dudley, Geo. A.
Day, Chas. H.
Donelle, J. L. (2)
De Caux, Prof.
Eldridge, J. P.
Fox, Edward
Fyfe, Chas. J.
Firth, Edwin
Fawcett, Owen
Franks, Sidney
Foote, Com.
Flanders, P. E.
Fox, Eddie
France, Sidney
Forbes, Jno. S.
Fabian, B. G.
France & Lannier,
Goltz, Jas.
Griffin, Fred.
Griffith, Edwin S.
Gurr, Harry
Gleason, Billy
Griffith, W. H.
Gregory, Alex.
Hudson, P. O.
Hall, Chas.
Howell, Jas.
Hall, J. Clinton
Hastings, Alf. H.
Hughes, Mark
Howard, Gus
Hailey, P. V.
Hosmer, Nat
Hall, C. H.
Jefferson, T. H.
Jeppe,
Jackson, Geo. W.
Jones, Arnold
Kneass, Chas.
Kelly & Leon,
Keen, Jule
Kelly, J. D.
Lindley, Harry
Lauri, Edw'd
Leach, H. J.
Mitchell, Chas. S.
Mudge, H. T.
McWade, Bob't
Martino,
McBride, Jno.
McVeigh, Johnny
Macarthy, Harry
McCormick & Sykes,
Manspeth, Patrick,
Mack, Joe
Mills, Frank H. (2)
Machia, Jas.
Melville, Dick
McCormick, Geo.
McLean, Chas.
Nixon, Jas.
Newcomb's Minstrels
Noyes, J. Frank
Ough, W. A.
Older, Prof.
Phelps, Jno.
Paul, Howard
Purcell, John
Penne, A.
Powers, Geo. N.
Parsloe, Chas. T., Jr.
Parkes, J. E.
Parris, F.
Peasley, Johnny
Perry, Marsden J.
Rota, Albert
Ricardo,
Rich, Chas. H.
Rubini, Sig. (3)
Richings Opera Co.,
Sheldon, Geo. (26)
Simmons & Slocum (3)
Scott, M. Ainsley
Salisbury, Nelson
Stanley, W. E.
Simmons, Lew
Sexton, Mike
Shay, Charley
Sharpley, Sam
Sickney, Willie (2)
Sheridan, Jimmy
Stewart, Fatty
Sirals, Chas.
Somers, John
Salsbury, W. (2)
St. Leon, Harry
Stowe, Frank
Sherry, Jas. E.
Saville, Jno. G.
Sanford, E. F.
Taylor, Jno. J.
Turner, Jim
Thompson, C. H.
Tyrrell, Wm. B.
Townsend, M. L.
Taylor, Johnny
Tweedale, J. H.
Thompson, John
Winsor, G.
Way, C.
Washburn, E. S.
West, Lucian H.
Winnett, Thos. H. (6)
Ward, J. S.
Wells, J. Clark
Wilder, Mr. (2)
Waldron, D. G.
Whitmarsh, Wm. A.
Wilson, Luke
Way, Mr.

Introductory Overture.

'MONDAY, May 30, '70.

WE ARE getting fairly warmed up for the summer campaign, and though a hot competition may be looked for among our summer managers, let us calmly, and without malice, take time by the top knot, and say keep cool. Do not let our friends on the Atlantic seaboard emulate the example of those on the Pacific Slope, where, as the curious reader may learn by glancing over our dramatic record, the *dramatis personæ* have not evinced a very pacific disposition of late, but, instead of confining themselves to their own legitimate calling, have entered the arena of our pugilistic *devotees*, and scrunched each other's noses. As the venerable and much lamented Dr. Watts once suggestively remarked:—

"Oh, 'tis a painful sight to see
Children of one families
Fall out and chide and fight."

When managers and actors merely *play* fights, upon the public stage, then "all is well, all is well;" but when gentlemen of the dramatic temple "lay for" and "go through" each other before a dead head audience, then things become mixed, and the outside world look on with wonder and awe, probably, and exclaim:—"A plague on both your houses." Let us enjoin upon our Pacific friends to be meek and mild to each other, and follow the unhostile friendships of those who live and have their being in the "City of the Soul," as our metropolis is called. But read the little "episode" in our dramatic summary, and shed a tear over the sad recital.....It's *dangerous* to look at or speak to another man's pretty wife now-a-days; a body doesn't have the same enjoyment in his *tete a tetes* as formerly, since the McFarland-Richardson case terminated in such an unsociable and deleterious a manner. It don't do to loan an abused wife three or four dollars to pay her board bill, for like as not some other curious or unfriendly female may be spotting a body, and lodging her plans for an attack in the rear, and that's just the reason landlords have such difficulty now in collecting duebills from abused and deserted wives. We know a man who got a crack in the jaw a few days ago just for being a little intimate with a woman. And there was *another* susceptible man who got struck with the beauty of the wife and the fist of the husband at the same time. He was so fascinated with the loveliness of the pretty little wife that he vented his feelings in a poetical effusion, which induced the irate and disastrous husband to vent his feelings in fistical fusion with the alleged "seducer's" frontispiece, as our fighting editor might style it. This little poem by the party of the first part was filled with caustic allusions to the lady's eyes, and lunar observations on her other charms—all nicely strung together in real good style, with the proper jingle, and just the sort of stuff to please the abused wife of any other man, as we happen to know by experience, as you may understand. And this ode he sent to her just as if she had been his own wife. Now there are thousands of wives to exclaim that "husbands never send odes to their *own* wives, but to other peoples," which it is probably a true bill.—ED. CLIP.] The abused wife, in an unguarded moment, let this ode lie on the table while she went to cook the liver and onions for her cruel husband's lunch, as was her wont. Unluckily for the *other* man, the obdurate husband came in for his eats sooner than usual, and, seeing the dirtied paper, and scenting the balm of a thousand sunflowers with which it was tainted, "went for it," so to speak. Did you ever see a hippopotamus slash around when tormented by his pursuers in the marshes and jungles of his native element? The enraged husband—who very impolitely perused his wife's love letter—became like a wild man of Borneo, or the untrained savage of the northern wilds. In his fury and enragement he entered the sacred precincts of the kitchen, seized the innocent dish of liver and onions and dashed it smash at the head of his fond and confiding wife; she, poor woman, dodged the savory mess, and, with the natural instinct of woman, picked up a kettle of boiling water, buried it at the uncircumcised wretch, and scalded him till the skin came off like he was a newly skinned eel. The pain but increased his rage, and just at that moment who should enter upon the scene but the other man, come to see how his verses, etc. This but added insult to the husband's injuries, and he burned to wreak his vengeance on the man who had so "foully wronged him," as the lawyers say. Grabbing a friendly billy that opportunely stood in the way, he brought it down with crushing effect upon the unconscious head of the author of the "*Billy doo*," and soon *he* lay low with the dead. A frightful example of man's inhumanity to man and of the carelessness of woman in not "getting away" with her love letters before lunch time. Thus the writing of that *ode* led to a fearful epis-*ode*, and caused a temporary insanity in the husband. "Our Jim" says the *other* man should *a-knowed* better than to write *an ode* to a married woman. So we say, as we remarked before, that if a man wishes to be kind to a deserted or abused wife, he must be careful how he goes about it, for insane husbands are largely on the increase, and no man can know who may be his next victim. In the benign language of Ulysses Grant, "Let us have peace."....And this truthful tale of domestic unhappiness and misery brings to mind another

TALE OF WO.

A horse and cart stood in the street, and by them stood a man;
We marked the look of sore distress that did his visage span.
We said:—"Your trouble, pray, make known;" said he:—"Alas! my load is send,
Three miles or more I have to go to reach my journey's end."

Upon our mind the words he spake a queer impression made,
Since lingering inside the matter worse, we marvelled why he stakd.
We said:—"If that doth cause you wo, why tarry longer here?
I've lost the linch pin from a wheel, and *that* has caused my wo."

.....You must not take it for granted because one of the attaches of a theatre is called the "property man," that he is a "man of property."....We sent "Jim" in quest of a man we desired to see, a few days since. The boy returned, and, in reply to our question, said:—"I had a time to get him, but at last I found him out." "Well, what did he say?" "He didn't say nuthin," said he, while a look of deviment could be seen on his dirty face. "You gave him the message—what reply did he make?" "Nuthin at all, cos I diddent see him." "Why, did'ent you just say that you found him out?" "So I did—I did'ent find him in though, did I!" The black spiotch on the door was intended for "Jim's" head, but he was out of utterance before the inkstand got there.....The money taker at a theatre is not like a highwayman who knocks down his victim before he takes anything; the theatre man takes money in a legitimate manner. "Our Jim," who has very little of good to say about *anybody*, says *he's* heard of money takers at theatres knockin' down as well as highwaymen.....Talking of *highwaymen*, don't you think it a very *low way man* have of preferring the parquet of a theatre to any other part of the house? Some evil minded creatures assert that men choose the parquet because it puts them on a level *footing* with the *legs* on the stage.....Some beggars *are* cool, and that's a fact. A miserable looking man knocked at the door of a house of a theatrical friend of ours and asked for something to eat. With that kindness of heart for which the profession is noted, the actor told the beggar to come in, and, as the family had just finished their meal and the table was still set, gave him a chair at the table, filled a plate with food, the holes some food, and bade him "pitch in." The worthy went at it, but was seen to be looking around for something. "What do you wish? Don't you like the meat?" "Oh, indeed, I do, boss, but will you just hand up that there catchup and Woostershire—they make wittles slip down easier." Jim says that the man's request was both spicy and sauce-y, and the boy is about right.....A correspondent, who travels some as a showman, sends us a little yarn, showing how the party found out that their landlady did *not* wear drawers. It "won't bring the blush to the cheek of the most fastidious." He says:—"Last summer, during my travels through Pennsylvania, I stopped for about a month at Scranton, and during my sojourn there I put up at a private boarding house. The landlady was one of those outspoken, genial souls who always say just what they are thinking of. It happened that on one rainy, disagreeable day, nearly all the boarders remained in doors, and after dinner the ladies and gents adjourned to the parlor with our host and hostess. The weather afforded a topic for conversation; the ladies expressing their opinion as to what suit would be most suitable when it rained, or when they went traveling; and they had quite an argument on the subject, one preferring one suit, another an entirely different one, and so on, no two being alike. The landlady, who had been a very attentive listener, could keep in no longer, and said: —'if I went traveling, I know what kind of a suit I would wear, and that is a pair of drawers, so that no one could see my legs,' whereupon her brutal husband responded: —'Is *that* the reason ladies wear drawers—to show them?' If so, you had better get a pair, and go traveling.' The hostess began to 'see it,' dropped on herself, and amid blushes and roars of laughter she beat a hasty retreat." And perhaps it would be just as well if we were to drop on ourself, and beat a hasty retreat, so that our *aides de camp* may bring in *their* reports, and give us the news of what is transpiring in the world of amusements.

City Summary.

MRS. JAMES OATES continues the card at the Olympic Theatre, with her burlesque extravaganza of "The Fair One with the Blonde Wig." During the past week the attendance was quite large; in fact the business was better than at any other theatre in the city; not that the audiences were quite so large as at some other theatres, but there were fewer dead heads and more money. Mrs. Oates has made a most decided hit, and with each successive performance gains in favor with the public. That she pleases the audience is evidenced by the hearty applause that is bestowed on her every performance. She is a pleasing, clever little actress, and has the happy faculty of knowing how to touch the pulse of the amusement going public. The Peace Jubilee burlesque, as well as the Japanese business, afford considerable fun to the audience and are both received with much favor.

THE LYDIA THOMPSON TROUPE revived their burlesque of "The Forty Thieves," at Niblo's Garden, on May 23d, and one of the most crowded houses of the season was present to witness this burlesque in its new dress. It has been re-written in several scenes by Mr. Ware, who has improved it considerably, having introduced many novel features. Beckett received the lion's share of applause as Hassarac, and Lydia Thompson as Ganem was also the recipient of frequent and loud demonstrations of favor. Miss Weathersby as Morgiana looked well and acted with discrimination. Cahill was very funny as Ali Baba, while Markham, as the captain of the "Forty," never looked better or was the recipient of more favors from the audience than on this occasion. The principal ladies of the troupe were costumed very handsomely, several having had new dresses made for this burlesque. The mechanical donkey was, as before, one of the star features of the piece, and his antics kept the audience in good humor. The nursery rhymes were as popular as ever, and the singers were compelled to answer to five *encores*. The present is the last week of the Lydia Thompson troupe.

MR. WALLACK terminates his present season with the close of the current week, and for his last performances he offers a most attractive programme, including, as it does, some of the most popular comedies of the season. "The Honeymoon" leads off this evening, followed on the 31st by "Married Life," and June 1st "Love's Sacrifice." In all of these the full strength of the comedy portion of his company will be brought forward. Next week John Brougham commences the summer season, opening in "The Red Light" on June 6th.

TONY PASTOR'S OPERA HOUSE is a live institution, something fresh being presented each week. Johnny Thompson made his appearance on May 23d, and was well received. The entire entertainment gave evident satisfaction to the patrons of the establishment.

"THE GOOD-NATURED MAN," one of the old-time comedies, was presented by Mr. Daly at the Fifth Avenue Theatre on May 24th. It is quite a treat to see this at the first time this comedy of Oliver Goldsmith's has been represented in New York in fifty-two years. It was revived by Mr. Daly in a manner that reflected good credit upon him as one who leaves nothing undone to carry out all the minutest details necessary for a proper, a just representation. The scenery was new and quite in keeping with the time of the comedy, while the dresses were truly magnificent, everything in the way of costumes apparently having been made expressly for this occasion. The interior of an inn on the road to Gretna Green was a most pleasing and picturesque affair. Croaker's house in act second was another pleasing scene. The comedy was well cast and capitally acted. Mr. Davidge's Croaker was one of his most successful performances of the season. He had evidently given the character great study, for he was very good, particularly in the third act, over his fears of the incendiary letter. George Clarke was also very clever as The Good-natured Man, but, where all were so good it is useless to particularize. At the close of the piece an original poetic epilogue, written by William Winter, was delivered by all the characters at the close of the comedy, and received with much favor. The attendance on the first night was very bad, owing to the rainy weather. On the 7th inst. "Fernande," translated by N. H. Jackson and Myron Cooney, will be presented.

JAMES H. MAFFITT, one of our best pantomimists, opens at the Tammany on June 6th. W. E. Bartholomew appears the same evening in a new trick pantomime.

WILLIAM CARLETON, the Irish comedian and vocalist, opens at the Tammany this evening.

THE GRAND OPERA HOUSE is doing a fair business with the "Twelve Temptations," considering the general stagnation of theatricals in this city. The Prismatic Fountain shoots its beautifying colored waters high in the air, which is very pleasant on warm evenings to witness. This spectacular creation affords delight to every kind of theatre goer, for those who like georgeous pageantry will find the marches and processions equal to anything of the kind witnessed in a long time. The costumes are of the richest description, while the mechanical effects are models of stage contrivances. The scenery is grand, the dancing clever, and the transformation scene very handsome.

THE BENEFIT tendered to George Coes at the Theatre Comique, on May 26th, proved a substantial one, as we are informed that the house was packed.

A. L. PARKES, the business manager of Wood's Museum, takes a complimentary benefit at that establishment on June 3d, and a most attractive programme has been prepared.

"THE PEARL OF TOKAY" is one of the handsomest and most pleasing *ballet divertissements* that we have seen in some time. It was brought out at the Tammany on May 23d, by the Kiraly troupe, assisted by the *corps de ballet*. Bolossy Kiraly appeared as Franz, an old retired Austrian officer, while his brother Irme Kiraly, as a Young Peasant, and Haniola Kiraly was the old Austrian's Daughter. The *ballet* was beautifully placed on the stage, the dresses being very handsome, and the dancing by the principals first class. The large *corps de ballet* of this house rendered efficient aid to the principals. Cassie Crayton made her *debut* here the past week in serio comic songs and was well received. She looks well, dresses in a style sure to please, and sings in a manner that takes well with the audience. She does a good imitation of Uncle Frank Brower's old style dance. Ashcroft did the act of the "Lively Moke" well, and Bobby Newcomb received a number of *encores* for his songs and dances. Cool Burgess closed his engagement on May 28th, and has gone to Philadelphia. Prince Sadi D'Jalma, who, without doubt, is one of the very best contortionists we have ever had in this country, continues in high favor with the public, his act taking well. A troupe of Indians appeared the past week in their peculiar style of performances.

BRYANT'S MINSTRELS terminate their present season with the close of this week. They appear every night at their hall on Fourteenth street, excepting Thursday, when they appear at the Academy of Music, for the benefit of Dan Bryant. Although the business has not been great the past few weeks with this company, or any other in the city, they nevertheless have had a thousand auditorhouses, and, taken on the whole, the season has been a most profitable one. The song and dance of "Shoo Fly" at once made a hit, and has probably had as much to do with the continued good business as any done by the Bryants for a long time. It reaches its two hundred and twenty-fifth representation on the closing night of the season. From here the troupe go to Philadelphia for two weeks, and then make a traveling tour, returning to this city early in September.

OLIVER DOUD—lately known as Oliver Doud Byron—commenced a six night's engagement at the Old Bowery Theatre on May 23d, appearing in some of his favorite characters. This gentleman, although a young man, has had considerable experience in his profession, is a most clever actor, and possessed of considerable dramatic ability. He appeared as Ingomar, Richard the Third, Count Josse and Metamora, all of which he evinced careful study and a fair appreciation of each character. His Richard was a praiseworthy performance, and would have been creditable to much older and more experienced tragedians. He closed his engagement on May 28th.

MISS FANNY HERRING, so well and so long known as an east side favorite, has been tendered a *complimentary* benefit for the first time in her career, to take place at the Old Bowery Theatre on June 10th. As no doubt a choice programme, with talented performers, will be given, no room is left to doubt that there will be a numerous attendance.

HARRY AND JENNIE CLIFFORD have been engaged for the summer season by John F. Poole.

"THE WITCHES OF NEW YORK" is the title of a local drama by Albert W. Aiken, produced at Wood's Museum on May 23d, and which held the boards all the week. It is in five acts and is one of the best of its kind that we have seen in some time. It is thoroughly sensational, introducing all the features of the minstrel and variety hall, and shows up, in glowing colors, fast life in New York, as well as its darkest phases. It has been placed on the stage in quite a creditable manner, and met with the warmest recognition by audiences, which, if not large, were certainly quite enthusiastic. The scenery was not only realistic but well executed by Mr. Ayres and his assistants. Park row and Printing House Square, the double scene in scene third, act first, and the *finale* of the first act, with the old rookery on fire, were particularly good, and received round after round of applause. The library scene in act second and the new City Hall were also clever productions. The second act ends with a galop, in which all the characters appear, finishing with the inevitable Cancan. In this scene Theresa Wood gave a solo dance and received an *encore*. Act third opens with a scene of Water street, showing Johnny Allen's dance house. Here we see, in its darkest light, New York life, with the sailors enjoying themselves with the daughters of Water street. This act ends with a desperate fight among the roughs, in which knives of huge dimensions flourish. In act four we have a capital view of the Metropolitan Hotel corridor, also a vivid picture of a gambling room, in which the lovers of faro, roulette, poker and keno are hard at work and in their glory. This act ends with a descent of the "Charlies" on the house. The fifth and last act brings out happiness, justice is meted out to the villains and all ends well. As we said before, it is one of the best pieces of its kind. It is well cast, and most of those in it do justice to their several *roles*. Albert Aiken, as the representative of a "Tombs Shyster," was very good, also as the detective, an Indian and an English tourist. He assumed the *roles* with judgment, and showed that he is possessed of considerable dramatic ability. G. C. Charles was particularly good, especially when he showed his authority of so many "free and independent voters" on an election day. Rosa Rand, first as the poor orange girl, and afterwards as the actress, was quite pleasing. Olivia Rand, as the *danseuse*, had a part that must have been written for her, for it suited her exactly, and she was in her true element. Louis Mestayer, as a sensation quill driver, caught the true meaning of the author, and depicted the character in an artistic manner. The balance of the cast was quite satisfactory.

TAKING THE CHANCES—Charles Gayler's comedy—is produced at Booth's Theatre this evening, with J. H. McVicker as Peter Pomeroy, a Yankee. This is not a new piece, as it has previously been performed in this city, having been brought out at Burton's (afterwards Winter Garden) on March 19th, 1856.

SEVERAL OF OUR DAILY PAPERS, in referring to the opera one evening the past week, criticised Brignoli, when, in fact, he was not present at all. The "reliable dailies" are not always to be depended on for truthfulness.

MANAGER WOOD, of Wood's Museum, states in a notice among the advertisements that he will not make any engagements for '70 and '71 until July.

ALLEN AND PETTINGILL'S MINSTRELS have secured Bryant's Minstrel Hall, Fourteenth street, for a short season, and will give their first performance there on Monday evening next, June 6th. Johnny Allen is a big card himself, aside from the general merits of the company.

C. FECHTER terminates his present engagement in this city, at the French Theatre, on June 4th.

PAULINE MARKHAM takes a benefit at Niblo's Garden on June 1st, followed on the 2d by Lydia Thompson's benefit, when "The Little Rebel" and "Ixion" will be presented.

AMONG THE PASSENGERS who sailed for England the past week, were Morton Price, Catherine Lucette and Edith Challis.

CHARLES POPE, late manager of the St. Charles Theatre, New Orleans, arrived in this city on May 28th.

DOMINICK MURRAY and Josephine Fiddes left overland for San Francisco, Cal., on May 26. They open at Maguire's Opera House on June 6th for two weeks, and go thence to Australia.

DAN BRYANT'S BENEFIT at the Academy of Music on June 2d promises to be a grand affair. Dan Bryant will play the "Colleen Bawn," supported by some excellent artists. The full minstrel band will appear from Bryant's Hall, and "Handy Andy" will conclude the performance, with Willie Edwin in the cast.

"NOT GUILTY" will be presented at Niblo's Garden on June 6th, with a most excellent cast.

S. S. PURDY re-appears with Kelly and Leon's Minstrels this week.

W. H. WHALLEY is up for a benefit at the Old Bowery Theatre on June 2d.

AT THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC on Monday, May 23d, a good, although not crowded audience, of the music loving public, gathered to listen to the enchanting strains of melody which Donizetti's master-piece of opera "Il Poliuto" (the Martyrs) contains. The opera, from its commencement, appeals to the deepest sensibilities of our nature, and is filled with tone paintings and musical poems of the finest and most pathetic character, portraying, as it does, the devotion of the proscribed christians to their creed in the midst of fierce persecution, and the love of a pure woman for her husband under the most trying circumstances. Miss Clara Louise Kellogg, who sang in the *role* of Pauline, was fully equal to the task of interpreting the music, and in this effort she was ably supported by Sig. Le Franc as Poliuto, Sig. Petrilli as Severo, Sig. Sarti as Callisteno, and Sig. Reichardt as Felix. The choruses were also rendered in a manner worthy of commendation. Miss Kellogg's singing was superb throughout, from the first act in which she sings the sympathetic cavatina, so full of tenderness and affection, until the last act, where, in the celebrated duet, she seemed to be so possessed by artistic enthusiasm as to outdo her best efforts. Her voice, clear and comprehensive as it is, was under the most perfect control, exhibiting artistic ability of no mean order, and we have certainly just reason to feel proud of our representative *prima donna*. Sig. Le Franc, although laboring under some difficulty, which made his voice uncertain, did better than when we heard him before, his singing being in keeping with the character of the opera and proving him to be an artist of ability. His rendition of *D'un alma troppo Pervida* was fine, and all through, with the exception of a break in the last scene in which he appeared, of the first act, his ability was apparent, and in the duet in the last act the same "living coal" seemed to have touched his lips as Kellogg's, for he sang with spirit and power. Sig. Petrilli as the proconsul did well and he sang the difficult *aria* in the second act with a care that fully compensated for his lack of power. On Tuesday evening, the weather made the attendance slim, and the cast in consequence the same as the opening night, with the exception of the name of Gregg also appearing against a full house. The opera presented was "Un Ballo in Maschera," in which Mrs. Imogene Brown made her first apperance in opera. No rehearsal was had and Sig. Filipi, a new tenor, had to replace Sig. Le Franc, who was indisposed; therefore, it would be unjust to criticise a performance given under such disadvantageous circumstances. On Wednesday evening "Il Trovatore" was given, with Miss Clara Louisa Kellogg as Leonora, Miss Marietta Gazzaniga as Azucena, and Signors Petrilli, Fossatti, and Filipi as Manrico, Count di Luna and Ferrando in the Thursday notice of two daily contemporaries as Count De Luna, Ferrando and Manrico, respectively. A detailed criticism of such a familiar opera as "Il Trovatore," would be tautologically superfluous, the more so when we feel impelled to say that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, its representation was almost perfect, from *prima donna* down, even to the chorus. The singing and acting, separate and in combination, was impressive, indeed. Miss Kellogg, in both phases, was superb, for she had evidently lost all individual identity, and was Leonora herself, and her pathos and expression, in the following quotation,

"I cannot combat these thick coming sorrows,
My soul is sick—'twere best to die!"

near the close of the third act, was the very essence of pathetic sentiment; so again in her first scene in the fourth act, and again and then again. Gazzaniga as Azucena also left no room for criticism (for the common rendering of the term is to find fault, we believe), for unqualified eulogy is her due, equally in her several scenes and interviews with her supposed son, Manrico. The male characters were also well personified, as stated above, especially in acting, Sig. Filipi deserving special mention, particularly in the closing scenes with Leonora on being released from imprisonment. The only fault we had to find was the paucity of proper scenery. The orchestral accompaniments were perfect, an one oboe accompaniment, with one of Miss Kellogg's shrill but soft solos, could only be equaled by the singing birds of spring-time. P. Giorza had a good orchestra at his command, and controlled it well, without those demonstrative and ape-like oscillations of neck, arms and moustache. In fact, both "Il Poliuto" and "Il Trovatore" were rendered in a style unsurpassed, if equalled, this season, and it would not be very dangerous to assert, several seasons. At the Saturday *matinee* "Il Trovatore" was performed, instead of "Linda di Chamounix," as had been announced. The attendance was limited, and the visits protracted and frequent, making their last appearance dreary and unpleasant.

ROLLIN HOWARD made his bow with Kelly and Leon's Minstrels, on May 23d, in the act of "The Gay Young Swell," and received four *encores*. He also appeared in the laughable farce of "Al; My Love and I," as Susan, a simple maid of all work, and kept the audience in the best of good humor. Edwin Kelly as old Beeswax, and Johnny Hart as Al, in the above farce, also kept the audience laughing to their hearts content. In the first part, Mr. Kelly sang "Take Me Back Home" very sweetly, and Mr. Clinton was heartily applauded for his rendering of "Nobody's Darling." Dave Wilson on one end and Johnny Hart on the other kept the first part pretty lively. In the olio Cooper and Fields did a clog and double song and dance, receiving an *encore* for each act.

THE LYDIA THOMPSON TROUPE are now on from this city for California the first week in June to open at Barrett and McCullough's California Theatre. Lydia Thompson, Marie Longmore, Belle Howitt, W. B. Cahill, Brinsley Sheridan and Felix Vincent, are among the party.

"POCAHONTAS"—Mr. Brougham's best burlesque—has been rewritten by that gentleman for the Lydia Thompson troupe, and is to be called "La Belle Sauvage." It is probable that it will be produced before the troupe close in this city, with Lydia Thompson as Pocahontas.

AN ENTIRELY NEW and improved style in the "Groupings of Roman and American Historical Statuary," with handsome properties and the *tout ensemble* illustrated by music arranged and composed by a well-known musician, is shortly to appear before a New York audience. The performance will consist of four beautiful young and finely formed ladies. The groupings have been selected and formed by a gentleman of ability.

ARRIVED IN TOWN.—Mr. and Mrs. Harry Watkins, John Dunn, George Morton, Miss E. Andrews, W. J. Gilbert and Anna Morton arrived in this city on May 24th, from St. Louis.

OFF FOR EUROPE.—W. Holston and John Morton sailed for Europe by the Erin on May 28th.

CARLOTTA PATTI, Theodore Ritter, Senor Sarasate, Sig. Barili and Lig. Perranti sailed for South America on May 23d.

BRINSLEY SHERIDAN, a London comedian, will arrive here the latter part of this or early next week, to join the Lydia Thompson Troupe.

AT THE SEA SIDE.—Many ladies and gentlemen of the profession will seek relief from their arduous duties by resting at the sea shore this summer. Lester Wallack, Edwin Adams, Edwin Booth, Matt. Canning, Wm. Henderson, F. S. Chanfrau, W. R. Floyd, and others, will be found enjoying their *otium cum dig* at Long Branch in their own cottages. John Gilbert will take his rest at his country residence, Manchester, Mass.

AN EXCITING INCIDENT took place at the Old Bowery Theatre on Saturday evening, May 28th. Minnie Wells, who has been playing there for some weeks, was about finishing her performance, during which she enters a den of Pantalions, when suddenly, while the young actress was going through her performance with the animals, piercing screams broke the awe-stricken silence of the theatre, and the audience were horrified at the sight of a huge lion seizing the young lady by the throat and lacerating her in such a frightful manner that the blood poured in streams upon her dress. The actors and attendants upon the stage rushed forward and struck at the enraged brute and finally succeeded in causing him to relinquish his hold upon Miss Wells, who was dragged from the cage in a fainting condition. She was carried home by her parents and received prompt surgical attendance. The scene among the audience baffles description. Several women fainted and men shouted with agony at witnessing a danger which they were powerless to prevent. Information of the event was brought to the Franklin street police station, and Captain Kennedy, of the Sixth Precinct, with a large force of police, was promptly on hand and succeeded in restoring order, so that the theatre was cleared without further accident.

A GREAT MUSICAL JUBILEE takes place at the Institute Coliseum for one week, commencing on June 13th, in which some of the most prominent singers, both male and female, of the day will appear.

PERLY, an aerial performer, makes his American *debut* this evening at the Tammany.

THE MARTINETTI TROUPE of pantomimists commence a summer season at Wood's Museum on June 6th.

THE MANAGEMENT of the Theatre Comique presents this evening, in addition to their already attractive programme, a sketch called "The Taking of Montreal," burlesquing the late Fenian raid. J. C. Stewart plays Johnny Bull. Master Barney is the commander of the invading forces, while Add Ryman is the head cook of the Fenian army. It promises to be a laughable affair.

EDITHA GILBERTE MONTEZ, daughter of Lola Montez, lectures at Steinway Hall on Thursday, June 2d. Subject, "Equality of Women and the Wrongs of Her Distinguished Mother, Lola Montez."

C. H. HALL, agent for Chas. MacEvoy's Hibernicon, is in the city. He reports business as having been good the past season.

LOWELL AND SIMMONDS, dramatic agents, 609 Broadway, are agents for some of the leading stars in the profession, whose names are advertised by them in another column, together with other cards of interest. They are also in need of first class variety talent for the Howard Athenæum, Boston, and Fox's American Theatre, Philadelphia.

MRS. MARIE WILKINS advertises that she can be engaged for first old women or leading heavies.

COL. T. A. BROWN AND MR. AUG. PENNOYER, dramatic agents, 643 Broadway, who advertise in another column, are prepared to attend to the wants of managers and the profession, and to refer them to cards to that effect.

HARRY AND JENNIE CLIFFORD make their first appearance at the Tammany to-night as Christopher Strap and Jennie Leatherlungs.

Dramatic.

THE PATRONS of the different places of amusement in Chicago turned out well the past week, so we are told by our correspondent, "Amusement," who says:—"At McVicker's The Streets of New York' was brought out on May 23d, with Mr. Chanfrau in the character of Tom Badger and a good cast generally. In this character Mr. Chanfrau is peculiarly happy. His Badger was a capital piece of acting throughout and the support rendered by Mrs. Cowell, Mrs. Myers and Messrs. Wheelock and Hudson is praiseworthy. The mechanical and scenic effects are particularly striking, and the scene has seldom been excelled. For Mr. Chanfrau's benefit he will produce 'Toodles,' 'Jerry Clip' and 'Glance of New York.' On May 30th Jennie Hight, the versatile actress, commences an engagement.....At Aiken's Museum the first performance on May 23d of Manager Aiken's adaptation of Sardou's play of 'Fernande' drew forth a large audience, and every part of the auditorium was filled. The cast was a strong one, and the scenery, costumes, etc., elegant and appropriate. The gambling saloon in the first act and the *salon* of Clotilde in the second act, are features of the piece. The principal characters were all well taken, and the subordinate parts fairly rendered. Mr. Aiken was very smooth and graceful in his personation of Andre. Mr. Padgett was excellent as Pomeroi, and gave us another evidence of his versatility. Mrs. Allen had a correct conception of the part of Clotilde and played with so much ease and grace as to add fresh laurels to her wreath of honors. Mrs. Stoneall, who is good in most everything she undertakes, acted with her usual precision, and although her part is an ungrateful one, she shows excellently in it. The play ran with remarkable smoothness for a first presentation. At the close Mr. Aiken was called before the curtain, to which compliment he simply responded with a bow. The same will be given all the week."

THE THEATRICALS IN PHILADELPHIA were not so lively the past week, a falling off in the attendance being perceptible at most places, although this is to be looked for as the close of the season approaches.....'Not Guilty," revived at the Walnut, did not meet with such encouragement as it received on its first production at this house, and was withdrawn on the 28th of May. Joseph Jefferson is the current card, opening on the 30th for a couple of weeks, "with the privilege," etc. "Rip Van Winkle" is the piece selected.....There was no star attraction at the Arch during the past week, the company appearing in a number of comedies, to not very large audiences, except on benefit nights, when the attendance was good. John Brougham commenced a star engagement on May 30th, and will close the season on June 4th.....The Chestnut, which did a very fine business during the first week of the Adelphi Combination, was not so well attended the second week, and an effort will be made to increase the patronage by the introduction of several fresh attractions, to commence on May 30th, among these being Cool Burgess, Agoust, the juggler, and Azelle, the flying gymnast; we understand that these two latter performers claim a salary of five hundred dollars per week, which, if true, will, with the other salaries, render big houses a necessity to cover expenses.....Fox's American Varieties continues its successful campaign; opposition does not appear to interfere with the business of this favorite place of resort, the audience always being large and the performance of an attractive character. Mr. Fox has been heartily congratulated on his securing such a splendid site for his establishment, in Chestnut, above Tenth street, which is certainly as desirable a locality for a place of amusement as can be found in the city of Philadelphia. The company now performing at the America is very large and talented, embracing among others the celebrated dancers, De Rosa, Oberti, Burnetta and a good *corps de ballet*; J. W. Wesley, pantomimist; Master Martin, clown and monkey performer; Walter Bray, the Lawrence troupe, Sam Devere, Bob Harrison and others.....E. S. Connor, a favorite actor here in the past, was in town last week.....Peter C. Abel's complimentary testimonial is to take place at the Academy of Music on the 16th of June. Mr. Abel is well and favorably known in the profession, and it is quite probable that a large number of volunteers will offer their services to make up an extraordinary programme.....Philadelphia is in the enjoyment of its annual "diet of worms," and this free outdoor offering may have the effect to deter many persons from venturing far from home in the evening, when the measuring worms take measures to lower themselves from tree branches on to the unlucky passers by. This worm pest is most injurious to the city, and it is strange that some plan cannot be devised to rid the place of their disgusting presence.

THE OCCIDENTAL BURLESQUE TROUPE appear in Troy, N. Y., on June 6th.....Harry Meyer is ahead, advertising.

DE ORSA opened a week's engagement at the Opera House, Troy, N. Y., on May 23d, in "Flowers of the Forest," followed by "Nita," "French Spy," "Esmeralda," and for her benefit on May 27th, "Ireland and America."

MRS. F. B. CONWAY is the recipient of a benefit at the Academy of Music, Brooklyn, on June 3d, when Mrs. D. P. Bowers plays Julia to the *benefactaire's* Helen.

FROM CINCINNATI our correspondent writes as follows on the 27th:—"To-night the doors of the National will be re-opened with the popular and respected manager of the theatre, Mr. Collins, in the chair. The company are in a gathering storm of applause was heard for the here of the evening, and before it touched the stage was surging

Blanche as Cinderella, Ella as Dandini, and Mr. Bishop as the gushing Clorinda. To-night (27th), benefit of Chapman sisters when will be performed "et ur the Petticoats' and 'Fra Diavolo.' To-morrow (28th), farewell benefit of W. C. Crosbie. 'A Regular Fix,' 'Jenny Dandelion,' by Prof. St. Jean, and 'Forty Thieves' will compose the bill. Mr. Crosbie has joined the Chapman Sisters' Troupe. On May 30th, Mlle. Zoe appears.....Prof. St. Jean has hired this theatre for three nights, June 8th, 7th and 8th, and will give three entertainments."

OUR BOSTON CORRESPONDENCE is up to May 28th, and is summed up as follows by our correspondent, "Chrisdelianus":—"Lotta closes her very successful engagement here to-day. Her new play, 'Heart's Ease,' has formed the attraction during the past week, this being its first presentation in our city. Lotta's role of May Wylderose is a capital one, and it is needless to tell how well she plays it. In the first act her singing and her banjo solos are capital, but she caps the climax when in the third and last act she sings 'Crossing o'er the Plains,' and then, with Maguinness—who plays Hiram Doolittle—sings a duet medley, introducing familiar burlesque songs, ending up with a capital version of 'Shoo Fly,' which brings the house down. The cast has been better than this company usually affords. H. S. Murdoch is especially worthy of commendation. In the first act, as Jacob Swartz, he gives a splendid imitation of Joe Jefferson in "Rip Van Winkle,' and in the last act, as Ensign Spooner, his imitation of Frank Chanirau's Sam is remarkable. Two such successes in a single play are of great credit to any actor, and Mr. Murdoch is a young man who is advancing rapidly in his profession. Allen's Patrick Leary was a neat bit of acting, and Maguinness, as Hiram Doolittle, gave one of the best performances of the evening. Louis Aldrich, as Charles Villiers, was quiet and excellent, and Frank Roche, as Lionel, was better than I have ever seen him before. Helen Lincy, as Lillian Villiers, in the first act, looked prettily and acted carefully. She has made great progress since joining this company in every way. Rachael Noah, as Lucy Bradshaw, was good, but Miss Belle Dudley, as Madile. Duverney, failed signally, having evidently no just conception of the character. Next (this) week we are to have Kate Reignolds and Neil Warner in Olive Logan's dramatization of Wilkie Collins' 'Armadale'.....The Museum ran Byron's 'Prompter's Box' but a week, although it proved one of the most notable comedies produced during the season. 'Perlande' was, however, ready, and the 'Prompter's Box' was packed away, and on Thursday, A. W. Young's version of Sardou's 'Fernande' was presented to a very good sized audience. In its general effect this play is immoral, but not nearly so much so as are the majority of French dramas, and, any way, in Mr. Young's version a great deal of it is toned down considerably from the original. The plot is exceedingly fresh and interesting, the dialogue is in the author's best style, sparkling and to the point, and the characters are well drawn and finished. The cast of the play at the Museum is admirable, and chief among the successes—as everything he attempts is—we find Warren's impersonation of M. de Pomerol, a shrewd, kind hearted lawyer, quite an original in his way, which is acted in a most artistic manner. Annie Clarke as Clotilde, a woman naturally of the sweetest, noblest disposition, changed by despised love into a wicked, revengeful creature, gives a most excellent piece of acting, worthy to rank with the best actresses we have. Chas. Barron is not very successful as the Marquis de Beaumont, and in fact ill suited to it. Hardenbergh, as the villain Roqueville, and Frank Murdoch as Floristan de Civry are both quite good. Louisa Meyers had another unfortunate part in Fernande, but she acted capitally, and really made quite a hit. Mrs. Vincent, Mrs. English and Miss Ada Guman, were all that could be desired in their respective *rotes*. The scenery was very good, and the whole play was produced with great care and attention.....The last week of the season at Selwyn's has certainly not closed in a blaze of glory—in fact the week has dragged along quite unfortunately. In the first place, Dora was done capitally. Frederic Robinson gave his capital rendering of Farmer Allen in his own unapproachable style. Daly was, as usual, the Wm. Allen, and Mrs. Barry was the Dora, and gave a delightful performance. Mary Cary was the Mary Morrison. The whole performance was as good, if not better, than any previous. But on May 23d, a performance was given not mentioned in the bills. 'Black Eyed Susan,' the favorite burlesque here, was announced to follow 'Dora,' and G. H. Griffiths was to have taken the *role* of Dame Hartley, formerly played by Harvey Josephs. For some real or imaginary wrongs, Griffiths refused to play that night, and having succeeded in getting himself indisposed, he came around into the audience, and there began explaining to the public, with many tears, the story of his unhappiness. He was at last removed by the police. T. H. Burns consented to play the part of Dame Hartley at short notice, and was successful under the circumstances. Geo. B. Farnsworth, the treasurer of the theatre, played the part on the following nights, and did it quite well too. Messrs. Robson, Crawson and Daly, and Kitty Blanchard and Mary Cary were all in their familiar parts, acting with their accustomed excellence. On May 27th, 'Betsy Baker' was substituted for 'Black Eyed Susan.' The season closes to-night, and Mrs. Barry with Mr. Le Moyne departs for Chicago. On May 31st the house will be re-opened for a benefit to the musical director, Chas. Koppitz. 'Little Treasure,' the 'Spitfire' and a musical part will form the attractions. On June 1st, E. L. Davenport will open the summer season, producing Mathison's 'Enoch Arden.' He will be supported by a portion of the regular company. On June 2d, Buckley's Serenaders will commence an engagement."

OUR ST. LOUIS ADVICES are up to May 27th, under which date our correspondent, "Mound City" says:—"At De Bar's Opera House, the past week being the last of the dramatic season, it has been tendered by the management to *attaches* of the theatres for benefits. On May 23d, the treasurers were the recipients of a benefit. Bulwer's play of 'Lady of Lyons,' was presented, in which G. D. Chaplin as Claude Melnotte was excellent. H. B. Norman as Colonel Dumas was satisfactory; H. Loomis was only noticeable as M. Beausesant; Charlie Rogers as M. Glavis, and Ed. Mackaway as Gasper, made happy conceptions of their *rotes*. Considerable interest was manifested in the person of Gertrude Garriques, who took upon herself to assume the difficult *role* of Pauline; being her first appearance on any stage it would be unjust to criticize the young *debutante*, but advice would be justifiable; in the first place her voice and stage presence is unsuitable for the stage, and her elocution was only passable; barring all the faults she was well received by the audience. On May 24th 'School for Scandal' was given. Mr. Chaplin's Charles Surface was a natural piece of acting, as also Ben De Bar, who appeared as Crabtree, and kept the audience in good humor. H. B. Norman, as Sir Peter Teazie, and Charley Rogers, as Mose, acted their parts creditably. The Lady Teazie of Gertrude Garriques was only fair; her readings were not quite audible enough to be heard by the audience. During Monday evening's entertainment Miss L. Sylvester appeared in one of her favorite songs and dances, and was *encored*, as also the child prodigy, little Hattie, in her banjo *obligato*, who was *encored* four times. The entertainment concluded with a clog dance by Master George, which was excellently rendered. This evening, the occasion being Miss Gertrude Garriques's benefit and last appearance, the 'Honeymoon' will be given. To-morrow evening (28th), Mr. G. D. Chaplin takes his farewell benefit, prior to his departure for Philadelphia, instead of Chicago, as was erroneously stated in my last. 'Lady Mordaunt' will be presented, also an entirely new farce, 'That Dog of Floppers.' Both of the above pieces were written by Wyllys Gannett, of this city."

THE WALLACE SISTERS' TROUPE will negotiate with talent for the coming season through Col. Brown.

TWO CHILDREN are wanted to join Coleman's Juvenile Dramatic and Musical Troupe as apprentices. For further particulars see advertisement.

WM. S. DARLING, tragedian, advertises that he can be engaged for the fall and winter season.

DAVIS & CO., theatrical agents, Cincinnati, O., publish advertisements in another column, to which we refer managers and the profession.

TOM CHAPMAN, clown, comedian, burlesque and character actor, advertises that he will shortly be at liberty to engage.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE, Ottawa, Canada, can be rented for the season. Address as per advertisement.

MARSHALL'S LONDON COMEDY AND BURLESQUE COMPANY are at present performing at the Royal Lyceum, Toronto, Canada. An old woman and a singing walking lady are wanted for the company.

Musical.

A GOOD VIOLINIST, who can sing, is wanted by John E. King. Apply as directed in advertisement.

A FEMALE SNARE DRUMMER, who is of attractive appearance and can read music, and a male baritone singer, are wanted for the Berger Family. Address as per advertisement.

BLIND TOM is traveling through the far west, and business in Nebraska, Kansas and Missouri is said to have been good. This musical prodigy is to close his present season on June 29th. The route until then is as follows:—Grand Rapids, Mich., June 1st and 2d; Three Rivers, 3d; White Pidgeon, 4th; Schoolcraft, 6th; Battle Creek, 7th; Marshall, 8th; Albion, 9th; Grass Lake, 10th; Ann Arbor, 11th and 13th; Ypsilanti, 14th; Pontiac, 15th; Holly, 16th; Flint, 17th; East Saginaw, 18th and 20th; Bay City, 21st; Saginaw City, 22d; Lansing, 23d; Charlotte, 24th, and Jackson, 25th.

SPAULDING'S BELL RINGERS appeared the past week in Jamestown, N. Y., Bath, Pen Yan and Watkins. This week they appear at Deposit, N. Y., Hancock, Port Jervis, Middletown and Paterson, N. J.

MUSICIANS are wanted by H. P. Henri, who advertises to that effect.

THE PAREPA ROSA TROUPE sing in Springfield, Mass., June 1st; Hartford, Conn., 2d, and New Haven, 3d, and close their season in Brooklyn on the 4th.

MISS MARY VACHE, one of the chorus singers of the Richings English Opera Troupe, died in Charleston, S. C., on May 14th, after an illness of three weeks, contracted while with the troupe during their recent visit to that city. She was twenty-three years of age and a great favorite among her associates. Her remains were taken to Philadelphia by steamer to her family.

P. O. HUDSON, late violinist of Newcomb's Minstrels, is in the music trade in Syracuse, N. Y.

THE RICHINGS ENGLISH OPERA TROUPE will close their season with six operatic performances at the Philadelphia Academy of Music, commencing on Monday evening next, June 6th. The following is the programme prepared:—Monday, 6th, "Postilion of Longjumeau;" 7th, benefit of the conductor, Mr. S. Behrens, first time in Philadelphia of the "Huguenots" in English; 8th, benefit of A. J. Passmoyer, business manager, "Bohemian Girl," introducing Miss Emma Howson as Arline; 10th, benefit of Miss Richings, "Lurline." The troupe comprises Miss Caroline Richings, Miss Emma Howson, Annie Kemp Bowler, Mrs. Henry Drayton, Miss Annie Miscuka, Messrs. Brookhouse Bowler, Pierre Bernard, Henry Drayton, H. C. Peakes, Jas. C. Peakes, and Warren White. They are in Washington this week.

THE ITALIAN OPERA TROUPE was to commence at the Opera House, Chicago, on May 30th. The company consists of Mme. Gazzaniga, Isabel McCullough, Mme. Imogene Brown; the tenor LeFranc, Signors Brignoli and Petrelli, and Josef Hermanns, the basso. The *repertoire* of the week consists of "Ballo in Maschera," "Faust," "Don Giovanni" and Rossini's *chef d'œuvre* "William Tell."

THE WOODWORTH SISTERS, of Cleveland, Ohio, gave a concert at Uniontown, Pa., on May 20th. The first song by Metta of "Marble Halls" was *encored*. They are pronounced very pleasing, their voices being rich and sweet.

A GERMAN OPERA TROUPE occupy the Dearborn Street Theatre, Chicago, this week. Our correspondent, "Amusement," says:—"The troupe consists of M'lle Pauline Danisa, Miss Johanna Clauser, Herr Theodore Hallman, and others. They will produce 'Blue Beard,' 'Orpheus,' 'Marriage by Lanterns' and perhaps 'Martha.' The Chicago public as a class are all fond of good music, and I predict that the opera season will prove a success."

THE HOLMAN OPERA TROUPE opened for a season of four nights at the Academy of Music, Indianapolis, on May 23d, in "Satanella," and produced on the remaining nights "The Grand Duchess," "Orphee Aux Enfers" and "Barbe Bleue." Financially the season was not a success. The troupe left on May 27th for Toronto, Canada.

AUG. PENNOYER, who has been business manager for the Riching's Opera Troupe for so long a time, retires from the troupe with the close of the present season, and, as an appreciation of his faithful services, the manageress has tendered him a benefit, to take place at the Academy of Music, Philadelphia, on June 15th.

LADY VOCALISTS and other musicians are wanted for France & Lannier's Constellation; also, an agent to start about Sept. 5th. Find address in another column.

A SECOND VIOLINIST, who can play brass and arrange music, advertises that he can be engaged.

THREE MUSICIANS are wanted to make up a brass, string and vocal band. See J. H. H's advertisement.

CALIXA LAVALLEE gave a concert in Cohoes, N. Y., on May 27th, assisted by the French Quartet Club.

Variety Halls.

MRS. LOUISE WRAY was presented with a handsome gold watch and chain in Buffalo the past week. The watch is enameled and set with diamonds; the chain is heavy, to which is attached a breastpin set with amethysts; the whole valued at $300.

CINCINNATI NEWS, up to May 27th, is given by our correspondent, to the following effect:—"The Academy of Music, on Sixth street, continues prosperous. The only addition to the company this week has been Petite Augusta, dancer and singer. Lulu Wharton left, as the manager complains, without the courtesy of a notice, which was naughty in Lulu. The company now gives a very good entertainment, though some of 'bones' yarns might be curtailed for the sake of the listening multitudes. Mr. R. A. Gumin is acting as interlocutor and also sings ballads cleverly.....The Race Street Theatre has felt the effect of the warm weather and has thinned down its company a little. Frank Wilson, Zella Renard and Rose Barnett having been dropped. The two former have gone to Indianapolis. The company still remains strong. The farce of 'Miles' Boy,' with Fred. McAvoy as Paddy Miles, has been the wind-up. Mrs. Fred. McAvoy is a good singer and character performer. Carleton and Nell Rogers are on the ends this week and the Fieldings do olio bits.....The Alhambra has been almost reconstructed this week, by the number of new duns. Two fresh end men—J. Clark Wells and Johnny Murray—have appeared. Wells is well known. Murray is too tame; he should speak and sing louder. In addition to these, Phil. Diefenbach, Dutch and character artist; Louisa Wells, vocalist; Rose Sherman, jiggist, banjoist and *danseuse*; Minnie Baker, song and dance, and Lou Rainford, singer and *danseuse*, have all joined. The farce of 'Rooney's Blunders,' with George Davenport as Pat Rooney, closes the performance each evening. The scale of admission has been reduced to 25 and 15 cents for the summer.....At the Brighton Varieties Henry Blood and Lizzie Jackson have been added to the company.....Charley Bartine and Millie Basoure are playing at a German hall, 'over the Rhine.'"

BROOM'S OPERA HOUSE, Memphis, Tenn., is reported as doing a good business with a strong company, among whom are Aline Le Favre, Susie Starr, Kate Sharp, Charley Brown, W. P. Smith and J. Manning. First class talent is always wanted by the management. Address as per advertisement.

SMITH'S OPERA HOUSE, East Saginaw, Mich., is said to be doing a good business, with Kate Le Roy, Nellie Huntley and Laura Bernard, as the female attractions; Johnnie McVeigh, Pete Baker and others, are in the company.....At Dan's Theatre Comique a small company are giving performances. No admission is charged.

MLLE. AUGUSTA appeared at the Theatre Comique, Detroit, May 16. She opened to a crowded house, and received three *encores*. "Blue Beard," after a successful run of three weeks, gave place to "Ganem Baba or the Forty Thieves." J. H. Caries, banjo solo, continues there. Billy Allen took a farewell benefit on May 25th, it being his final appearance in that city for the present.

MINNIE GREY AND CHARLES E. COLLINS retired from the company at the Metropolitan Hall, Washington, D. C., on May 21st. Miss Grey was presented with a very handsome basket of flowers by the audience in front of the house on the occasion of her last appearance. Sallie E. Eldridge commenced an engagement on May 23d. She was very favorably received, and in her different acts made a very good impression. In the minstrel scene she sang a very pretty ballad called "Eva Ray," and was rewarded with an *encore*. In the olio she appeared as the Rovin' Irish Boy, besides impersonating several other characters. Miss Eldridge has a good voice, is youthful and rather good looking. Chrissie Morrell is the reigning favorite. She is *encored* four and five times at each performance. Dody Zanfretta and Maggie Werner in double dances appear to advantage, and Carrie Bentley in her jig dance is admirable. In the sketch called the "Countryman's Visit" Johnny Keegan enacts the character of Biddy McLaughlin and gives a very clever bit of comic acting. In the "Black Magician" he is equally humorous, and in the concluding farce the trio of comedians, Porter, Keegan and Morris take prominent characters.

THE CHIRISKI SISTERS, song and dance ladies, state through an advertisement that they can be engaged after June 12th.

A GENTLEMAN who styles himself the champion female personifice and *prima donna* of England, advertises that he can be engaged. His address is care of this office.

NIGGERS

J. W. MORTON, song and dance man, can be addressed care of W. L. Terhune, as per advertisement.

MANAGER SARGENT, at the Metropolitan Hall, Indianapolis, says our correspondent, has been catering well for the large audiences which nightly throng this place of resort. In addition to the large company that he opened with he has added Sam Cole, the song and dance artist, who appeared on May 23d. Cole is a first class performer, and is already a favorite; he receives three and four *encores* every night. Harry Macarthy and Charley Reynolds are the stars this (past) week. Harry is one of the most versatile actors on the stage; his personations are true to life in dialect and dress, and he changes with a rapidity that is astonishing. He has got a sweet voice, and sings some of his own compositions with tenderness and pathos. Miss Lottie Estelle is a pleasing actress, and is of great assistance to Harry in his entertainment. Next (this) week Miss Viola Clifton will appear.

AT THE HOWARD ATHENÆUM, Boston, Maffitt's pantomime of "Dame Trot" was one of the principal attractions the past week. The other features were Mons. Auguste, Mlle. Rosite, Jennie Engle, Emily Rigl, Mlle. Elise, Julia Sanford, Rosalie Sisters, Annie Cornforth, Carrie Prescot, Harry Bloodgood, J. W. McAndrews and Dick Ralph.

AT THE ADELPHI, Boston, the past week was the last of the season. The attractions were C. J. Miers, Clara Butler and the *Ballet de Madrid*. This last, by wearing long clothes, and by their peculiar manner of using those clothes, show exceedingly well how much more suggestive long clothes can be made than any short ones ever worn.

HARRY ROBINSON, comic character singer, opens at Trimble's Varieties, Pittsburgh, Pa., on May 31st.

SMITH'S MUSIC HALL, at East Saginaw, Mich., is said to be doing a flourishing business, and is serving up new cards every week. A correspondent says:—"He has changed the name from the Metropolitan to Smith's Opera House.....Davis has closed up his Theatre Comique, at East Saginaw, and opened another one at Bay City.....F. W. Dempois has opened a small music hall at East Saginaw and is doing a snug little business."

SADI D'JALMA, contortionist, can be engaged for his specialty and a gymnastic ladder act. Address as per advertisement.

Negro Minstrelsy.

DUPREZ AND BENEDICT'S MINSTRELS gave an entertainment to a good house in Lowell, Mass., on May 25th. Our correspondent says:—"Charley Reynolds, a Lowell boy, travels with this company, and was enthusiastically received on the occasion of his appearance, after a long absence. Hughey Dougherty, Charles Gleason, Frank Kent, Gonsalvo Bishop, and Louis Benedict, appear every evening."

HOOLEY'S MINSTRELS continue in favor with lovers of that kind of entertainment in Brooklyn. For the current week they introduce to their patrons the dwarf comedian Gen. Grant in songs and dances. J. F. Oberist appears in his Swiss warblings, and a burlesque on the late tournament in that city is presented. John Mulligan, Billy Rice, James Gaynor and all the troupe appear. A benefit has been tendered Prof. E. Corner, the musical director, which is to come off on June 3d. This gentleman is a popular favorite in that city, and he has prepared a most attractive programme.

N. C. FORRESTER, through a card in another column, offers special inducements to a good minstrel company to play at the Opera House, Elizabeth, N. J.

A CHALLENGE.—Sig. Cohen sends us the following:—"I hereby offer a challenge to the world to compete against Johnny Enwright in a genteel song and dance, for $500 a side and the championship of the world. The following rules to be observed—singing, style, time and execution. I should like to hear through the CLIPPER from Billy Emerson, Bobby Newcomb, or some other notable who claims the championship of genteel song and dance. Signor Cohen, 100 Griswold st., Detroit, Mich."

"OLD DU CROW'S MINSTRELS," of Peoria, Ill., showed at that place on May 21st. Our Peoria correspondent writes that "they did not give very good satisfaction and were hardly up to the expectations of the people, owing principally to the personal unpopularity of the manager."

CARNCROSS AND DIXEY'S MINSTRELS, who are at present on their summer tour, would be pleased to hear from first class artists having specialties. Address Jno. L. Carncross, as per advertisement.

TOMMY WINNETT, song and dance man, is at the Varieties Theatre, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WHILE KELLY AND LEON'S MINSTRELS were in Washington recently, says our correspondent "Novice," a very daring burglary occurred, and as the reward for the arrest of the perpetrators was a snug amount the detectives were exceedingly anxious to make a capture. It seems that Sam Price, a member of the K. and L. company, took a little stroll after the show on the evening of the robbery, and by some means fell into the clutches of a detective, who really took Mr. Price for the guilty party. Explanations followed, and a speedy release was the result. The boys had a lively joke on Sam for several days after the affair occurred, and in fact he is reminded of it at this late day.

ARLINGTON'S MINSTRELS opened at Omaha, Neb., on May 24th. A Council Bluff's paper notices the troupe as follows:—

THE ARLINGTONS.—This troupe of brilliant artists, who have been performing in Council Bluffs for the past three days, left us this morning for Omaha, where they open in Simpson's Hall to-night. During their stay among us their entertainments have packed the house to repletion nightly, and given universal satisfaction, not one of the immense audience finding the least fault. No low flings or personalities of a dubious nature has escaped their lips while on the stage, and every one of the troupe, from Arlington down, has established himself in the hearts of our people so firmly as to draw crowded houses when they come again. Outside of the profession each particular one will be found a gentleman of the first order, intelligent and refined. We regret their stay with us was so brief and hope they will come again soon. There was no apparent falling off in the audience last night, and everybody retired feeling very happy and thankful to think they had for once listened to something genuine and original.

CARNCROSS & DIXEY'S MINSTRELS closed their season in Philadelphia on May 28th. During nearly the entire term they have met with the most liberal patronage, and have generally presented a good entertainment. They start out this week on a traveling tour, but we do not think that they will do so well as when at home, for, excepting around Philadelphia and in a few towns in Pennsylvania, they are not so well known as some other companies traveling, who make themselves popular by keeping their names and performances before the public by a liberal system of advertising and billing.

ALLEN & PETTINGILL'S MINSTRELS occupied Duprez & Benedict's Opera House, Philadelphia, during the past week, closing on the 28th, the business not being sufficiently good to warrant their holding over longer.

CARLINGTON'S FIFTEENTH AMENDMENT MINSTRELS is the name of a new organization billed to appear in Coxsackie, N. Y., May 31st.

BILLY MANNINGS MINSTRELS were to commence a summer season of six weeks at Wood's Theatre, Cincinnati, Monday evening, May 30th. A burlesque on "Under the Gaslight" is the principal attraction of their opening programme.

MANNING'S MINSTRELS closed their engagement in Chicago on May 28th. Our correspondent "Amusement" says:—"They will travel for a few weeks, returning here in August to begin a new season with attractive novelties. When this troupe of minstrels first visited our city they were known as Emerson & Manning's, and they met with such a warm reception that during the month of August they effected a permanent arrangement with the lessees of the theatre, and from then till now their success has been uninterrupted.

BUCKLEY'S SERENADERS perform at New Haven, Conn., on June 2d.

DUPREZ AND BENEDICT'S MINSTRELS perform in Albany, N. Y., on June 1st and 2d.

OUR NEW ORLEANS correspondent writes under date of May 26th:—"That matters in the amusement world in that city are unusually dull at this time, the only place of amusement open being the Academy of Music, where Rentzon's Minstrels have been delighting large audiences by their eccentric and humorous performances. Billy Emerson has been announced frequently for doing several of his best songs and dances."

THE SOUTHERN MINSTREL TROUPE, with Ben Brown as sole proprietor, are billed for Iowa City, June 1st; Des-moines 2d, 3d and 4th, Council Bluffs 7th and 8th, and Omaha 9th, 10th and 11th.

Circuses.

STOWE AND ORTON'S CIRCUS was at New Harmony, Ind., on May 20th, says a correspondent, "and performed to a crowded canvass both day and evening. This company have not laid up a day in over a year, and are from the far south. Their outside appearance is miserable, but they give a tip-top show inside. The company consists of Miles Orton and wife, Master Leon, Miss Jessie (slack wire), and little Claudie, who does the bareback act with his father in good style; Hiram Marks (clown) and wife, and Minnie Marks, the child wonder, on horseback. This family are positively with this company and not with Hemmings, Cooper and Whitby, as has been advertised. The Vansandt Brothers in trapeze and classic groupings; Mr. H. Gaffney, performs with cannon balls; L. Munson, contortionist and chair in perch; Delavan, second clown; Ira Evans, treasurer; Joseph Garton, band leader, and C. A. Wilson, advance agent, with William Olde's side-show. Their route the past week was Grayville, Ill., May 21st; Albion 23d, Olney 24th, Flora 25th, Vienna 27th, Salem 29th, and are pointing for Omaha."

DE HAVEN'S CIRCUS is billed at Quincy, Ill., for June 3d.

HOWE AND MURRAY'S CIRCUS pitch canvas at East Boston, Mass., June 1st and Chelsea 2d.

OLD UNCLE JOHN ROBINSON is traversing South Carolina with his menagerie of wild animals. He will be at Green Springs, June 6th; Unionville, 7th; Bullock's Creek, 8th, and Yorkville, 9th.

STONE AND MURRAY'S CIRCUS are billed for Stoneham, Mass., June 3d.

THE AUSTRALIAN CIRCUS is traveling through New England, and billed for Great Falls, N. H., May 28th, and Biddeford, Me., 30th.

LENT'S NEW YORK Circus will open in Boston, on the fair grounds on Monday, 30th inst, where they will remain during the week. After that the company will make their way westward, taking the following towns in their route:—Springfield, June 8th; Northampton, 9th; Holyoke, 8th; Westfield, 9th; Pittsfield, 10th; North Adams, 11th; Troy, 12th; Albany, 14th. The military orchestra, numbering 25 pieces, attached to the N. Y. Circus, is a success in New England, drawing out amateurs in that musical region to hear the "Brigade" play.

GARDNER AND FOREPAUGH'S CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE is billed ahead as follows:—Canandaigua, June 1st; Penn Yan, June 2d; Prattsburg, 3d; Bath, 4th; Corning, 6th, and Elmira 7th.

HARRY LESLIE, tight rope artist, and Maggie Nichols, a clever performer on the slack wire, give performances on the tight rope and wire at the Seventh Street Park, Washington, D. C., on May 31st.

JOHN HENRY COOKE, if we may judge from the following notice, taken from the Providence *Morning Herald*, is a card worth holding by any circus manager:—

Stone & Murray's Circus arrived in town yesterday, and gave two performances on which there was "no discount." They had a crowded house, or, more properly, a crowded pit, as both performances and the numbers, tight rope walker, acrobats, etc., seemed to be in excellent spirits; and, if they didn't do their best, then they can beat all creation, for we think we have never seen better performing in our little life. John Henry Cooke, the six horses and did a score of other marvellous things. Mr. Cook always performs well, and in our opinion "his equal is not here." A perfect Apollo in build, he goes through his part with a gracefulness and success which makes the inspiring young fellows wish they were John Henry, that they might receive a little of the admiration which the ladies lavish on him.

DAN CASTELLO'S CIRCUS shows in Grand Rapids, Mich., on June 3d.

FOREPAUGH'S MENAGERIE is advertised ahead as follows:—Hudson, Mich., June 1st; Adrian, 2d; Tecumseh, 3d; Ypsilanti, 4th; Detroit, 6th and 7th; Pontiac, 8th, and so on, visiting all the principal towns in the State of Michigan.

DEN ORTON, manager of Orton Brothers' Circus, died on his farm, of small pox, at Adel, Iowa, on May 26th.

THE MACART SISTERS will organize a circus to take the road in October. Localities are requested to address them, care of this office.

E. SHOW'S CIRCUS performed on May 25th and 26th at East Saginaw, Mich., Bay City 24th, and in Saginaw City on the 27th. The circus is not a large one, but is composed of good performers. The principal attractions are E. W. Perry and family, consisting of Minnie and baby Julia, Mr. J. F. C. De Vere, the bare-back and hurdle rider, Adler and pupils, horizontal bar performers, and the clowns, Nichols and Frank Stow.

Miscellaneous.

WE REFER managers of troupes and exhibitions to the advertisement of the Union Hall, Johnstown, Pa., which appears to be well adapted to the wants of the profession, with ample seating capacity, etc.

GYMNASTS wanting bars, etc., can get what they want of C. H. Hawkins, who advertises.

ALLISON'S ATHENÆUM, Boston, Mass., is advertised to rent. It has a stage with scenery, green room, dressing rooms, etc.

SAM WELSER'S GIFT ENTERTAINMENT was in Alliance and Millersburg, Ohio, the past week. At Orrville the receipts were nine dollars and the presents given out amounted to fifteen dollars.

PROF. NICHOLS, champion glass blower, advertises that he can be engaged, or he will furnish the Bohemian Troupe of Glass Blowers.

CROSBY'S OPERA HOUSE, Chicago, Ill., is advertised to rent for first class entertainments.

FIRST CLASS MAGICAL APPARATUS can be had cheap of Burnham, who advertises.

MESSRS. HEYWOOD AND CHIRISKI are having panoramic views of the prison in Auburn, N. Y., prepared, to add to their collection.

A MAGICIAN is wanted by W. G. Ware, who advertises.

ASSOCIATION HALL, Albany, N. Y., is advertised to rent for respectable entertainments and lectures.

FARRAR HALL, Erie, Pa., has recently been remodeled and refitted, having been newly frescoed, furnished with new scenery and a new drop curtain. Parties wishing to rent the hall will find the lessee's address in another column.

MISS LILLIAN S. EDGARTON, the anti-Mormon suffrage light, lectured in Peoria, Ill., on May 24th, to a fair house. Our correspondent writes "that she created an immense sensation, and an effort is being made to have her repeat her lecture on 'Woman is Coming.'"

HARRY GUER advertises that he can be engaged for his man fish act, and double trapeze act with Mlle. Bastian.

MARTINO, California illusionist and ventriloquist, advertises that he can be engaged for a few weeks.

THE METROPOLITAN DIVISION, a temperance organization of Washington city, gave an entertainment at their spacious hall a few evenings since and attracted a very large audience. The prominent feature of the entertainment was the *debut* of little Harry Donohue, a child of only four years of age. He appeared in the character of the Happy Old Man, and sang and acted in a remarkable manner. The audience exhibited much surprise to see the little fellow personate the *role* of extreme old age so cleverly. He is the son of T. Harry Donohue, who also appeared at the same performance in his sketch of "Handy Andy."

MACEVOY'S HIBERNICON opened at Maryland Institute on Monday, 23d, in a benefit to the young Catholic Friends' Society, which was largely attended. Jerry Cohan appeared as Barney the Guide, Miss Kate Halpine as vocalist, and Miss Marie Dalton MacEvoy as Nora. Mr. Chas. MacEvoy is the lecturer and pianist. The entertainment remained four evenings, and drew good houses. So says our correspondent, "Don Juan."

BAIN'S "PILGRIM," after a very successful season in Philadelphia, closed at Concert Hall on the 28th of May, and is now making progress in the suburban towns.

CHARLES MELVILLE, agent for Kelly and Leon's Minstrels, was lately the recipient of a handsome cane, presented by J. W. Angus, of Washington.

Mrs. EMMA HARRINGE delivered a lecture on "America," showing conclusively its eminent peril from the Ecumenical Council, to a few people and many chairs, at Pike's Hall, Cincinnati, on the 26th ult.

A YOUNG LADY advertises that she wishes to make her *debut* in New York in dramatic and poetical recitations, and would like to meet with a capitalist to enable her to do so.

THE FORT WAYNE RINK will seat about twelve hundred persons, and can be rented through Sol. D. Bayless, whose address find elsewhere.

MCEVOY'S HIBERNICON, has been at the Olympic, Boston, during the past week.

THE TAYLOR AND NICKLE COMBINATION is traveling through Canada, performing in Owen Sound May 30th and 31st.

MAGIC APPARATUS can be had of Hy. Stone, who advertises.

A GYMNAST advertises that he wants a partner.

HOWARD'S COMBINATION commenced their summer season under canvas, at Dunmore's on May 14, with a company of twenty-one people, and a brass band of twelve instruments, under the leadership of Dick Willis. The orchestra is under the charge of Prof. Louis Gumpert. Tom Clannon, of New Orleans, is acting and stage manager; W. Reid, business manager; Rech and Townsend, advertisers. Business with the party since opening is said to have been good. They were at Olyphant May 15th, Archbald 16th, Carbondale 17th, Wymarth 19th, and Honesdale 21st and 22d, and were billed for Scranton 27th and 28th.

SUSAN B. ANTHONY lectured at East Saginaw, Mich., a short time since, for the benefit of the "Home for the Friendless." She received $200 for her services, and the poor "friendless" received the munificent sum of ten dollars and some cents!

Amateur.

THE CHICAGO AMATEUR DRAMATIC SOCIETY, a new organization, the finest of the kind in that city, gave its initial performance at the West Side Theatre, on May 19th, the programme comprising of "A Bachelor of Arts" and "Turn Him Out." For an opening, the entertainment is said to have been quite good, the members acquitting themselves creditably in their respective *roles*. There was a large audience present. We hope to have opportunities to give more extended notices of the future performances of the association.

AMATEUR TALENT is wanted for a minstrel and pantomime company. See advertisement.

FOREIGN SHOW NEWS.

Dramatic.

THE LONDON THEATRES.—Very little in the way of novelty has been offered at the theatres of the metropolis since our previous advices. Our latest news theatrical is up to May 15th, and can be summed up in brief as follows: Mrs. John Wood reappeared at the St. James Theatre on on May 7th, resuming her *role* of the Princess in "La Belle Sauvage."....."Frou Frou" and "Les Vieux Garcons" have both proved so popular at the Princess' that they have been repeated on alternate evenings. ....."Les Vieux Garcons," produced at the Princess' Theatre by the French company, has proved a success. The outlines of the story can be suggested in a few words. Three young Parisian *messages* are grounded in dogma that are but too common and too well understood. The period of satiety has arrived, and the bachelor friends have put in an appearance. Hand-kissing, the execution of commissions, and other preliminaries to love-making are witnessed, and the husbands, one of whom has a glimmering of sense, begin to see that domestic complications may shortly be expected. The band of robbers intending to ravage the domestic hearth does not really seem formidable. One of the members is fat, phthisical, dropsical and asthmatical; a second is rheumatic, and is more afraid of a shower or a draught than of a pistol bullet; the third, though handsome and adventurous, is middle aged, and almost in the decline of life. But a feminine incomprise, like a climbing plant, seizes on what comes next to hand, and if the oak does not present itself will clasp a gate post. Our husbands determine resistance and are aided by fate. De Mortemer, the only one of the bachelors from whom serious danger is to be dreaded, sees Antoinette, a young girl whose innocence, beauty and purity attract him, so he finds a thought to other women intolerable. Chance gives him an occasion to lure her into his rooms under circumstances very detrimental to his reputation. De Mortemer is not slow to take advantage of the occasion, and commences the task of corruption. But a curious and wholly unexpected result attends his efforts. His unclean suggestions fall from her innocence like water from a duck's back, and he finds himself gradually overmastered. A sense of the value of innocence comes over him, and, ashamed of himself, at length he hurries the girl from the room, bids her go home, and remains to meditate upon the loneliness of a dissipated life, and the advantages of love and ties of family affection. It is not uncommon to find a sinner's first good action attended with unpleasant consequences. The presence in his rooms of Antoinette has become known to her lover, De Nantza, who, judging the worst, challenges him. The challenge is accepted. But, directly afterwards, De Mortemer obtains proof that the youth is his son, the child of an early and almost forgotten liason. Now comes a strong situation. De Nantza's contempt for De Mortemer has been often showed, and is now so manifest that the latter, in whose breast parental instincts have strongly manifested themselves, does not avow the relationship. At the same time he cannot fight his child. With bowed head accordingly and deprecating action, he receives first the sneers, then the miseries, and even the attempted blow of his son. A last act sets matters right. Antoinette's confessions acquit De Mortemer of all blame. De Nantza then apologizes, and learns who is the man he has injured, and a tableaux of general happiness concludes the piece. .....Robertson's comedy of "M. P." is having a run at the Prince of Wales' Theatre, and as it will shortly be presented at one of our city theatres, we herewith give the plot briefly from the *Era* of May 15th:—

The play is in four acts. The dramatic interest is not so strong in "M. P." as in many of Mr. Robertson's previous works, but the dialogue is, if anything, more brilliant. The first two acts of the four are decidedly the best, but all are distinguished for scenes so tender, so human and so witty, that we forget the absence of dramatic interest in our warm admiration of the story teller. The scene of the first and second acts is the sea bordering on the lake of the old mansion of Dunscombe Dunscombe. Mr. Hare is emphatically a "fine old English gentleman, one of the olden time." But evil days have befallen Dunscombe Dunscombe. He is hopelessly insolvent, and his ancestral estate will soon come under the auctioneer's hammer. With this perfect old gentleman, the very incarnation of honor, good breeding and aristocratic refinement, lives his niece, Cecilia Dunscombe, and his son, Chudleigh. As a drowning man catches at straws, Dunscombe hopes to make a match between the two, for Cecilia has money, and every penny of it is as safe in the hands of this fine fellow as it would be in the Bank of England. But Chudleigh does not cotton to that notion. He has lived so long under the same roof as Cecilia that he looks upon her as a sweet sister, and his brain has been turned with private theatricals. Indeed, Ch

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

FOR THEATRICAL, or other Advertisements coming under the head of AMUSEMENTS, *fifteen cents per line* for each and every insertion.
FOR MISCELLANEOUS AND SPORTING Advertisements, *twenty cents per line* for each and every insertion.
FOR NOTICES—to be inconspicuous in our News Departments—such as extracts from other papers, etc., *thirty cents per line*, the same notice not to be inserted more than once.
OUR TERMS ARE CASH. Advertisements to be paid for at the time of insertion.
A LIBERAL DEDUCTION from these rates will be made for Advertisements when paid for three months or longer in *advance*.
ALL BUSINESS LETTERS or communications must be addressed to the undersigned. FRANK QUEEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR NEW YORK CLIPPER,
Nassau Street Centre and Leonard streets, New York.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE BRYANTS ARE COMING.
THE ORIGINAL WORLD-RENOWNED BRYANTS' MINSTRELS,
FROM BRYANTS' OPERA HOUSE, NEW YORK,
THE OLDEST MINSTREL TROUPE IN EXISTENCE.
Organized 1857.
This Excelsior Troupe consists of the following popular artists, UNDER THE PERSONAL SUPERVISION
of the famous comedian,
MR. DAN BRYANT,
who will positively appear at each performance with THOSE GREAT BURLESQUE ARTISTS,
Messrs. UNSWORTH and EUGENE.
DAVE REED, G. W. H. GRIFFIN, J. H. HOWARD.
JAS. G. RUSSELL, the Brilliant Vocal Quintette: S. CROSBY,
JOS. BRANDISI, W. P. GRIER, G. W. ROCKEFELLER.
Messrs. PEEL and BARRY, BURLESQUE DANCERS.
J. H. ROSS' CELEBRATED ORCHESTRA,
and the Wonderful Diminutive LITTLE MAC!
MR. BRYANT respectfully announces to the public that they will appear in the following cities, &c., &c.:—
ARCH STREET THEATRE, Philadelphia, two weeks, commencing Monday, June 6th.
NATIONAL THEATRE, Washington, D.C., one week, commencing Monday, June 20th.
HOLLIDAY STREET THEATRE, Baltimore, one week, commencing Monday, June 27th.
OPERA HOUSE, Pittsburgh, Pa., one week, commencing Monday, July 4th.
OPERA HOUSE, Columbus, O., July 11th.
ACADEMY OF MUSIC, Indianapolis, Ind., July 12th and 13th.
MASONIC TEMPLE, Louisville, Ky., July 14th, 15th and 16th.
PIKE'S MUSIC HALL, Cincinnati, one week, commencing Monday, July 18th.
CROSBY'S OPERA HOUSE, Chicago, two weeks, commencing Monday, July 25th.
OPERA HOUSE, Detroit, August 8th, 9th and 10th.
WHITE'S HALL, Toledo, August 11th.
ACADEMY OF MUSIC, Cleveland (return trip), August 12th and 13th.
ST. JAMES' HALL, Buffalo, August 15th, 16th and 17th.
CORINTHIAN HALL, Rochester, August 18th and 19th.
CASEY'S OPERA HOUSE, Auburn, August 20th.
BARTON'S OPERA HOUSE, Syracuse, August 22d and 23d.
TWEDDLE HALL, Albany, August 24th and 25th.
OPERA HOUSE, Troy, August 26th and 27th.
COLLINGWOOD OPERA HOUSE, Poughkeepsie, August 29th.
MOORE'S OPERA HOUSE, Newburgh, August 30th.
OPERA HOUSE, Newark, August 31st and Sept. 1st.
ROBERTS' OPERA HOUSE, Hartford, Conn., Sept. 2.
MUSIC HALL, New Haven, Sept. 3d, and re-open at BRYANT'S OPERA HOUSE, Sept. 5th, for the season.
6-4f DAN BRYANT.

PARRAVICINI & CORBYN'S
DRAMATIC, MUSICAL, EQUESTRIAN
AND
GENERAL AGENCY,
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Established to facilitate engagements, business arrangements and professional negotiations between managers, artists, authors and composers in Europe, America and the colonies.
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